MADE A CLEAN SWEEP

Republicans Get Everything in Sight in Little Rhode Island.

LIPPITT IS ELECTED GOVERNOR

Democrats Did Not Seem To Take Much Interest in It.

NEITHER SIDE WORKED VERY HARD

Texas Seems To Be About the Only State That the Democrats Have Carried.

A Light Vote Everywhere.

Providence, R. I., April 3.-The democrats of the state were simply snowed under to-day. The returns indicate a general falling off in the democratic vote of about 40 per cent. The vote was exceedingly light, but Lippitt, republican, for governor, is elected by a largely increased majority. ublican state ticket is elect-



GOVERNOR-ELECT LIPPITT.

ure. In two or three towns there was some interest owing to contests on local issues, but apathy was shown in most instances. East Providence and Pawtucket voted license after a hard fight; and Coventry, for the first time in its history, voted

Clean Sweep for Republicans. Newport, R. I., April 3 .- Today's election was entirely onesided, although the extent of the unevenness was much greater than had been estimated by either side. The republicans sweep everything before them, electing every candidate by pluralities unprecedented for many years. These ran on the general ticket as high as 651 for Lippitt for governor, and the assembly ticket rangfrom 856 to 416, the latter being only slightly lower than the highest a year fort to bring out its vote, the especially being apparently entirely without interest in the contest, and the total vote fell off 700 or 800 from last year's figures. The proposition to issue 4 per cent gold bonds for \$100,000, of thiry years, was carried in a total vote of about 2,400 by a ma-

el Charles Warren Lippitt, the republican candidate for governor, was born in Providence October 8, 1846. He was a student at private institutions and at the university grammar school. Entering Brown university in 1862, he was graduated in 1865. After graduation Mr. Lippitt went

on a tour of the west and Europe.

He studied logic, rhetoric and English literature with Brown and Harvard professors in private and made another tour of

His business career was begun in 1868 in the office of his father, the late governor Henry Lippitt. He acquired a knowledge of that manufacturing business in connec-tion with the details of running the big

can Vote

Chicago, Auril 3.—A special from Detroit, Mich. says that practically complete returns from every county in the state indicate that Judge Moore, reputiican, is elected justice of the supreme court by 36,000 plurality and Atterfield and Hackley, regents of the state university, by 36,500 and 28,000 plurality, respectively. The amendnent to the state constitution increasing ment to the state constitution increasing the salaries of state officers was lost by a three-fourths vote. For congress in the third district Milnes, republican, has a majority over Todd, fusionist, of 1,114. In this district Banows received 11,000 plurality last November. In the tenth senatorial district Smith, of Jackson county, to fill a vacandy. Smith, of Jackson county, to fill a vacancy received 1,250 majority. Returns from in-terior counties on the state ticket last night show such a remarkable increase in the republican vote that, if kept up, they will give Moore 60,000 plurality. He is now certain to have over 50,000.

St. Louis, Mo., April 3.—Returns reterday show that the lightest vote in many the last congressional election. At Spring-field the democrats elected geven out of eight candidates for aldermen. At Macon. Lebanon, St. Charles, Boonville, Carthage and St. Joseph the republicans elected their entire ticket. The democrats made a clean sweep at Moberly, Poplar Bluff, Parls and Salem. At Jefferson City, Sedalla and other important cities in the state the successful candidates are evenly divided between republicans and democrats. No election was held at Kansas City. In St. Louis the republicans elected twenty-nine out of thirty-two candidates for city council by an average majority of 10,000 votes.

Dailas, Tex., April 3.—Charter elections were held throughout Texas yesterday. Party lines were drawn in but few cities, and these show democratic victories. Most of the contests were entirely non-partisan. Dallas elected Frank R. Holland mayor and a democratic board of aldermen. The democrats were successful at Fort Worth and

A Straight Republican Ticket.

Denver, Col., April 3.—The official count shows the straight republican municipal ticket, with T. S. McMurray for mayor, elected with majorities ranging from 3,500 to 4,000. Howard, candidate for Mayor on the "tax payers" ticket, was beaten in his own precinct by 70 votes. The vote was unusually light.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 2.—Justice John B. Winslow, democrat, is re-elected to the supreme bench. Returns received up to midmight point to that conclusively. Sixtyone of sixty-eight counties give Winslow 6,160 majority with some democratic strongholds yet to hear from.

THE VOORHEES ELECTION LAW Causes Great Consternation Among

New Jersey Republicans. Newark, N. J., April 3.-Greater consterns tion could not have been created among the republican leaders of Newark than was caused by the discovery that the Voorhees supplement to the election laws had already gone into effect and would affect the spring gone into effect and would affect the spring election. It had been generally supposed that the act would not be operative until July. Taking effect now, it wipes out the county board of registry and elections and possibly the district election officers; takes away from the court of common pleas the power of revising the registry lists for the power of revising the registry lists for the approaching election; makes possibly null and void the registration of yesterday, and may throw doubt on the election of next Tuesday. That was all discovered yesterday The Voorhees bill, signed by the governor became a law on Monday. The clause pro became a law on Monday. The clause providing that it take effect immediately was an amendment. It escaped the vigilance of the Essex county members, all of whom were under the impression that it did not become operative until July, and who watched its progress through the senate and assembly. A conference was held yester-day upon the bill by Judges Dupue, Childs and Kirkpatrick, They scrutinized it to learn whether the court of common pleas was authorized to revise the registry lists. Their conclusion was that under the new law the court had no such authority for revision. Senator Voorhees, author of the election law, signed an opinion tonight which was concurred in by the county polical commit tees, that it was not the purpose of the law to interfere in the spring elections, not with-standing its enacting clause. Judge Dupue will be asked tomorrow to concur in the opinion in order to legalize the forthcon

MARYLAND DEMOCRATS.

They Will Hold the State Convention in Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md., April 3.—The democratic state central committee today decided to hold the state convention in this city on Wednesday, July 31st. A large number of politicians from all parts of the state con gregated in the Carrollton hotel before the meeting was called to order, and lingered long after its adjournment, discussing bernatorial nominations. A majority those present were officeholders. E Washington officials were represented, not-withstanding President Cleveland's orders. Senator Gorman and Senator Gibson were among the early arrivals and with "Free" Rasin and Murray Vandiver, fixed up the resolutions which were later on presented to the committee and adopted.

Favorable to Woman Suffenge. Albany, N. Y., April 3.-The senate judiclary committee will report favorably the woman sufrage bill, submitting a constitutional amendment giving women the right to vote, to the people. A Targe number of women were present this afternoon, but as was no opposition to the bill there was no hearing given. If there is opposition later the bill is to be recommitted for

Dover, Del., April 3.—Another ballot was taken today by the legislature for United States senator and the vote stood: Higgins, republican, 9; Audicks republican, 5; Massey republican, 2; Rudgeley, democrat, 10; Tunnell, democrat, 1; absent, 2.

WATCHING YELLOW JACK.

Inited States Quarantine Officer

Have Their Eyes on Cuba. Washington, April 3.-The authorities charged with the conduct of quarantine matters and general supervision of the matters and general supervision of the public health are keeping a sharp lookout to prevent importation of yellow fever into the United States. The care that is being exercised by all quarantine officials is illustrated by the action of New York officials Sunday in ordering the vessel Portuguese Prince back to quarantine for disinfection because one of her firemet, and died under suspicious circumstances before the vessel touched at Santos—this, too, in the face of a clean bill of health by the quarantine officials of that port and of the unrantine officials of that port and of the United States consul. The regular quarantine season begins May 1st. All quarantine stations are thoroughly equipped and each in charge of a physician of experience and an assisting force that has dealt with fever in the past. The three large quarantine stations are as follows: South Atlantic stations are as follows: stations are as follows: South Atlantic sta tion, at Elackbeards island, Sapello sound, near Aberdeen, Ga.; gulf station, at Ship island, off Biloxi, Miss.; and Key West station, at Dry Tertugas.

for yellow fever ships with the three jus

tion of affairs unpleasant for the health officials to consider. Marine hospital of-ficials declare that the shipment of several thousand new Spanish troops into Cuba at this season of the year, non-acclimated, is bound to precipitate an epidemic of yellow fever, the ill effects of which must, in a degree, more or less severe, be felt in this country. They also fear that Cuban towns, especially Havana, will be overrun with country people seeking to escape the contending forces engaged in continuing or suppressing the insurrection, and that as a consequence, sanitary precautions will be even more neglected than before. Plans are being perfected by Surgeon General Wyman

Rawles Found. the negro, William Rawls, who was taken from guards at Newnansville, Alachua from guards at Newnansville. Alachua county, last night, was found this morning swinging from a limb and riddled with bullets. Rawls was lynched for the murder, March 27th, of H. S. Kaul, a prominent merchant of Newnansville. The murder was for the purpose of robbery. A coroner's jury is now investigating the lynching of Rawls. The negro's father was legally hanged four years are for a similar gally hanged four years ago for a similar

POSTMASTER GENERAL WILSON. He Was Sworn in Yesterday and Is Now in Charge:

Washington, April 2.—Hon, William L. Wilson, of West Virginia, at 11:10 a. m., tday, was sworn in as postmaster general of the United States by Chief Justice Fuller, of the United States supreme ccurt, and immediately assumed the duties of the office. The ceremony was performed in the private office of the postmaster general, the only witnesses being Mrs. Fuller, wife of the chief Justice, and Miss Bessie Wilson, the young daughter of the new postmaster general.

BOODLERS GET IN.

"Buck" McCarthy, a Notorious Republican, Is One of the Aldermen.

THE GANG FARED BADLY AS A RULE

Most of Chicago's Board Are New Men in Politics.

FRANK LAWLER'S MAJORITY IS SMALL

Swift's Plurality Over Wenter Is Nearly 41,000-The Civil Service System Will Be Put in Force.

Chicago, Ill., April 3.-The political landslide of last November in this/city was augmented in yesterday's election. The returns show an almost clean sween for the republicans, George B. Swift, for mayor, was elected by 40,930 plurality over Frank Wentar, democrat, and the other candidates on the republican ticket received substantially the same plurality, with the exception of West, for city at torney, who ran 20,000 behind his ticket. He still has a safe plurality of 19,249, how-

The city of Chicago is divided, for taxing purposes, into seven districts, known as "towns." In all these the republican candidates for assessor, collector, superviser and clerk were elected by unprecedented pluralities. Twenty-two members of the common council were elected. Of these eighteen are republicans or independents of republican tendencies, two are lemocrats and one is an independent democrat. With a few exceptions the members of the boodle gang who were up for re-election, were defeated. There were several surprises in the aldermanic results. In the first ward, Michael Kenna, better known as "Hinky Dink," was defeated by Gleason, republican, a gentleman of almost equal notoriety. In the nineteenth ward, an Frank Lawler, who has sight during the last three years, ran as an independent democrat, and won over the republican and regular democratic candidates by a small plurality. In the lemocratic forces in the council, was defeated by 1.000 plurality. His defeat is the so-called boodle ordinances. twenty-ninth ward returns to the council commissioner who narrowly escaped a penitentiary sentence when VanPelt, Wren and others went to Joliet, and McGarigle made his famous trip to Canada by the bathtub route, eight years ago. McCarthy is a republican. With exceptions noted, most of the successful candidates for the

council are new in politics. It was a bad day for the "gang."

The vote on the proposition to adopt a civil service system applying to all munic the police, was comparatively light, only 160,000 votes being cast on the question The proposition won, however, by a major, ity of 40,000, despite the opposition of the machine politicians of both parties and the ll-concealed enmity of the police. The civil service rules do not go into

operation for ninety days, and although Mr. Swift is on record as favoring the system, it is expected that a number of changes will be made in the various de-partments before the law becomes effec-tive. Ex-Inspector Alexander Ross is ted to succeed Chief of Police Brenna Matt Benner may be Fire Chief Sweeney's successor, and the other higher officers of both departments will probably be reduced ed or dropped altogether. The rank and file will not likely be interferred with.

Actress in Richmond. Richmond, Va., April 3 .- (Special.)-It leaked out late tonight that "Trixie" Hamilton, a variety actress playing at Put-nam's Theater Comique, was quietly mar-ried several nights ago to John G. Baylor, a student of the college of medicine here, and whose father is said to be a sur-geon in the navy. Baylor, who is smart and highly connected, studied at the Uni-versity of Virginia before entering the college of which the eminent surgeon, Dr. Hunter McGuire, is president. Trixie, who when younger, was quite handsome and has a fine figure, says she is a daughter of Dr. John A. Rowe, of Hagerstown, Md., and is divorced. Her handsome young husban and tonight, but Trixie was on the stage at Putnam's.

Into the Penitentiary Job. Nashville, Tenn., April 3 .- (Special.)-Ser ator Whithorne today offered a resplution to stop work on the new penitentiary and no pay Fulcher & Co., or the architects, Smit & Lambert, any more money until other-wise ordered. It was adopted unanimously, and will probably came up in the house

case will come up in the house tomorrow, A. B. Vaughan has been appointed warden at Coal Creek. The senate tabled Mr. Ledger-wood's bill to create a state board of law

Early's bill to authorize counties to estab. lish reformatories was passed.

The bill to prevent saloons from using screens was rejected. The vital statistics

telephones, to \$3 per month and limiting charges for connecting between towns to 15 cents, was passed, A bill was also passed compelling coal companies to pay miners in lawful money as often as every fifteen days

The Committee in South Carolina.

Blackburg, S. C., April 3.—The committee of the Arkwright Club, of Boston, consisting of Mr. William C. Lovering and five other gentlemen, all of whom are largely interested in mills in New England, passed here tonight en route to visit a number of mills in South Carolina. They expect to see the mills of Captain E. A. Smythe, of Pelzer, and of Colonel J. L. Orr, at Piedmont, then return to Spartanburg, where they will visit Captain J. H. Montgomery's mills at Spartanburg and Pacola, and they will visit Captain J. H. Montgomery's milis at Spartanburg and Pacola, and thence to Mr. D. E. Converse's mill, at Clifton and Glendale. The party is being well taken care of by the Southern railway officials who accompany them. The officials are Mr. J. M. Culp, traffic manager; Mr. W. A. Turk, general passenger agent, and Mr. J. H. Drake, general freight agent. Mr. D. A. Tompkins, of Charlotte, is also with the party, as the Massachusetts mill men are making the trip under his general guidance. Mr. Fred Oliver, president of the Charlotte Oil and Fertilizer Copany; Mr. R. H. Edmonds, of the Baltimore Manufacturers' Becord; Mr. Glover and Mr. Turner, of the

Seaboard Air-Line, are also guests on the train. Mr. E. St. John, vice president of the Seaboard Air-Line, turned the party over to me Southern railway people in good

THE CONFERENCE ADJOURNED, But It Created a Semation by Refusing a Vote of Thanks.

ing a Vote of Thanks.

Washington, April 2.—The one hundred and eleventh annual session of the Baltimore conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, closed at noon today with the announcement of the assignment of pastors for the ensuing year.

The report of the statistical secretary was present at the session today. There are 44,873 church members in this conference, an increase of 1,194 over last year. The

44,87 church members in this conference, an increase of 1,194 over last year. The number of local preachers is 125, being nine more than the year before. Washington district heads the list, with a membership of 7,904, and twenty preachers.

In the proceedings today came a sequel to an incident of last week, when Rev. Dr. Tongue, objected to the conference celling.

Tongue objected to the conference calling upon President Clevel ad, a full account of which appeared in all of the local pa-

of which appeared in all of the local papers at the time.

It has been customary in the past history of the conference, it was stated, to thank those institutions and people whom they felt has bentified the organization. Dr. Stanton was granted the floor and he made the motion that the city postoffice officials and the newspapers that had been faithfully reporting the sessions be extended a vote of thanks.

Half a dozen clergymen at once demanded a division of the resolution and the passage of the first half only. This was agreed to, whereupon Dr. Stanton renewed his motion with regard to the press, in the face of violent opposition on the part of Rev. Dr. R. Smithson, presiding elder of the Washington district, who could see nothing good in the objects of the press in reporting the conference.

reporting the conference.

A number of clergymen debated the prop osition with some zeal, but Bishop Gran-berry cut short the flow of eloquence by putting the question. A vociferous majori-

ty tabled the motion.

Rev. W. F. Hamner arose and with a kindly expression announced that the conference had "made a wholesale slaughter of the reporters" and, though some inaccura-cies in reports had been noticed, he moved the passage of a "resolution of thanks to those papers that had made accurate re-

ports of the conference."

Dr. Hyde, of the Valley Female college, gave the motion a hearty second. A voice suggested that each paper would consider itself one of the sheets referred to and that the scheme would be a failure. The bishop entered a timely suggestion that the conference was but making news now for

A rising vote was called for and Dr. Hamner's resolution was lost by a vote of 74 to 51.

A DOUBLE MURDER.

Newton Walters, Who Did the Killing, Lynched or Snicided.

Galena, Kas., April 2.—A double murde and attempted criminal assault occurre four miles northwest of this city yesterday. James Walters and Samuel Cox live on adjoining farms. Cox is a widower and

old, keeps house for him. He had two sons, George and James, as a mineteen and twelve, respectively, living at home. Newton Walters, about nineteen years old, and son of James Walters, was infatuated with Dolly Cox, but the latter did not care for

Yesterday morning young Walters went to the Cox place and wanted the two boys to go to the river with him after ducks The two Cox boys and Walters started out, taking a gun with them. Mr. Cox was absect on business and the girl was left at the house alone. About noon young Walters returned to the house alone and attempted to assault the girl, who escaped however, and ran to one of the neighbors' and a party went in search of the Con boys, who were still missing. The body of the older boy was found in a sitting posture against a tree, with a bullet hole in the back of his head. He was alive, but unconscious. He regained consciousnes long enough to tell that young Walters had shot him. Near where the older boy was found were traces where the younger boy had been shot, and his body dragged to the river and thrown in. The body has not been recovered. Walters was found hanging to a tree near Boston Mills, two miles from the scene of his crime. Whether nmitted suicide or was lynched is not

THE IRON QUEEN BURNED.

Mrs. Mosely Jumped Into the River and Was Drowned. Pittsburg, Pa., April 3.—The Pittsburg and Cincinnati Packet Company's steamer Iron Queen was burned this morning at Racine, O., in the Ohlo river. She was lying at the wharf taking on freight when the fire broke out in the engine room. Captain Thomas P. Calhoun ordered that the passengers be roused. All were gotten off the boat in safety with the exception of the chambermaid, Mrs. Martha Mosely. of Cincinnati, who became frightened and jumped off the rail into the water and was drowned. Her body has not yet been re-covered. In three minutes from the time of the first alarm the boat was in flames from bow to stern and in about fifteen minutes was a total ruin. The vessel burn-ed to the water line, the bow swinging into shore and the stern resting in thirty feet of water, in which position the boat now lies.
There were on the steamer fifteen Pittsburg passengers and a crew of seventy
people. Clerk McCollough stated that he
lost all his personal property to save Mrs.

Lovell, a Pittsburg passenger, who insisted on going back to her stateroom after her hat, and on this account lost also the greater part of the steamer's books. The portage and freight books were saved, everything else destroyed. The Iron Queen left Cincinnati Tueslay. At the time of the disaster she had a large miscellaneous cargo. cargo.

A new boat to take the place of the Iron
Queen will be built at once. The boat was
valued at about \$60,000 and insured for \$30.-

London, April 3.-Mr. Arthur J. Balfour M. P., in an address before the bimetallic league, at the Mansion house today, said that the time was not far distant when men of all parties would agree to introduce into international transactions, some

medium of exchange less hurtful to in

dustry than the present absurd system. Berlin, April 3.—In the upper house of the landtag today, paron von Manteuffe moved to refer to a special committee Count von Meirbach's proposal to accelerate the settlement of the currency situation by means of an international agreement. The motion was carried without about a set of the currency situation by means of an international agreement.

An English View.

London, April 3.—The Daily News w publish a leader tomorrow explaining it Chicago city election. It will say: "The clean sweeping of the most corrupt gover ment in the world is ascribable to Job Burns's plain speaking and Mr. Stead's apeals, which touched patriotic pride or streed the public conscience."

His Defense Is Enough to Prove Queensbury's Charges True.

WILDE DENIES THAT HE IS IMMORAL

The Evidence, Though, Makes Him Out Thoroughly Debased.

HIS LETTER TO LORD DOUGLASS

The Apostle of Estheticism Says That He Rarely Believes What He Writes. He Poses as a Smart Witness.

London, April 3 .- The central crimina court in Old Bailey was densely packed with people long before the hour of open ing court at 10:30 o'clock this morning, the Oscar Wilde against the marquis of Queens

Justice Collins took his seat on the bench promptly at 10:30 and the case was

The prosecution was conducted by Sir Ed ward Clarke, Q. C., M. P., and marquis of Queensberry, defendant, by Edward A. Carson, Q. C., M. P. Lawyer Besley watched the proceedings on behalf of Lord Alfred Douglas, of Warwick.

Wilde Appears Indifferent.

Oscar Wilde, wearing a light blue over coat, entered the courtroom in company with his solicitor, Mr. Humphreys. He resolutely maintained an air of ur concern, despite the fact that everybody was staring at him, and took a seat in

front of Sir Edward Clarke. The marquis of Queensberry entered the dock and, in answer to the usual questions, pleaded not guilty, adding that the so-called libel was true and had been made known in the interest of public

Sir Edward Clark, in opening the case reviewed the evidence taken in police court dwelling upon the writing on the card which constituted the libel complained of. This writing alleged that Wilde had been posing immorally.

It had been noticed, he said, that it was not charged that there was any actual of-fense, but the gravity of the case consisted in the fact that the libels complained of had extended over a long period of time. Almost a Fight.

The marquis of Queensberry, Sir Edward said, had also accused Wilde of having solicited a number of gentlemen to engage with him in a series of grave oftenses. Several of these gentlemen would be called to deny whatever the marquis might say on cross-examin

At this point the marquis, who, with clenched fists, sat glaring at Wilde, made movement as though he intended to attack him and he undoubtedly would have done so had it not been for the persons be

tween them. Brought Back His own Letter.

Sir Edward, continuing, said that Mr Wilde had been a close friend of the Queensberry family until 1893, when he learned of the offensive statements being made against him by a man named Wood who had either stolen or found some let ters written by Mr. Wilde to Lord Alfred Douglas. He offered to return these letters for money and afterwards, at Wood's earnest entreaty, Mr. Wilde paid his fare that two men named Kneblin and Aller pretended to have in their possession compromising letters, but Mr. Wilde refused to purchase them. Mr. Wilde, he said, admitted having written in 1893 a most extravagant letter to Lord Alfred Douglas in answer to a poem the latter had written espite the sentiments expressed in this letter the jury must take into consideration the artistic circle in which Mr. Wilde moved. Mr. Wilde himself described this

letter as a "prose sonnet."
Slim, Guilt Souls. In 1893 Sir Edward said, the marquis o Queensberry openly libeled Mr. Wilde in the latter's own house and was shown the door in the presence of servants and refused further admittance. The annoyance was aggravated by the behavior of the marquis of Queensterry on the first night of the production of many of Mr. Wilde's palys. The letter which Mr. Wilde had written to Lord Alfred Douglas was read,

"My Dear Boy-Your sonnet is quite Qovely. Your roseleaf lips seem made no less for the music of song than for the madness of kisses. Your slim, gilt soul walks between poetry and passion. I kno that Hyacinthus, who was loved by Apollo that Hyacinthus, who was loved by Apollo, was you in the Greek days. Why are you alone in London and when do you go to Swisburne? Do you sleep in the gray twilight of Gothic things? Come here whenever you like, but go to Salisbury first." The marquis, Sir Edward Elarke said, now attacked Mr. Wilde respecting his "Dorian Grey" and his articles in The Chameleon. Grey" and his articles in The Chameleon, which, it is alleged, that he published in the interests and for the furtherance of immoral practices.

Oscar on the Stand. Mr. Wilde was then called to the stand and detailed his relations with the family

The Chameleon and strongly disapprove of the article entitled "Acolyte and Priest of the article entitled "Acolyte and Priest which had been published therein. As regarded "Dorian Grey" Mr. Wilde said it had first appeared as a serial in Lippincott's Magazine, but had been altered when published in book form.

Cross-examined by Mr. Carson, Mr. Wilde said he was aware that Lord Alfred had written articles in The Chameleon.

Wilde said he was aware that Lord Alfred had written articles in The Chameleon. One of them, entitled "Two Loves," he did not regard as improper, though the "Loves" were boys. He regarded portions of "Priest and Acolyte" as disgusting, but did not think it blasphemous. He knew that The Chameleon had a circulation among the students of Oxford university. Referring to his publication, "Philosophy for the Young," Mr. Carson asked Mr. Wilde if he believed what he had written. Mr. Wilde answered: "I rarely write what I believe is true."

I believe is true."

Continuing Mr. Wilde said he believed that the realization of self was the prime end of life. Wilde said that the man "Allen," when endeavoring to obtain money for the copy of the letter in his possession, had remarked that it might bear a curious meaning. To this Mr. Wilde testified that he repiled: "Art is rarely intelligible to the criminal classes."

A Vile College Paper.

Pressed to say whether the articles in

Pressed to say whether the articles in The Chameleon were not immoral, Mr. Wilde replied: "They were worse; they were badly written."
Wilde denied generally and specifically all of the charges of immorality brought against him by the marquis of Queens-

fib because Lord Alfred Douglas had asked him to assist Wood. He admitted that he thought the matter was blackmall, yet he gave the man fb besides his dinner the next day and saw him off for America. Throughout his testimony Mr. Wilde maintained perfect composure. He frequently ran his fingers through his half—a habit which is peculiar to him. Several times he propounded paradoxes to Mr. Carson and in the course of the questioning contended that the letter addressed to Lord Douglas, which was read in court, was beautiful, but that it could not be judged as a letter, apart from art. He denied beautiful, but that it could not be judged as a letter, apart from art. He denied that he had madly adored "a man twenty years his junior;" he did not adore any one except himself, nor did he believe that any book affected the conduct of its reader."

INSURGENT CHIEFS MEET.

Protection to Persons and Property of Non-Combatants Pledged. New York, April 3.—A Herald special ca-

ble from Kingston, Jamaica, says:
"The British steamer Ethelred, which
cleared March 27th from Boston, Mass., for Port Antonio, Jamaica, when off Cape Maysi, Cuba, was fired upon by a Spanish gunboat. The Ethelred stopped and was boarded and examined by officers of the attraction being the trial of the action of gunboat, after which she proceeded on her

A special cable dispatch to The Herald

from Nassau, says:
"Word has been received from Sentiago
de Cuba that a convention of revolutionary sub-chiefs and delegates represerting the sections in which Helquin, Manzanillo, coa are situated met on March 28th near Anoyo Blanco. General Bartolome Masso was chosen provisional commander in chief of the Cuban revolutionary forces in the province of Santiago pending the arrival of General Gomez. General Masso has issued a proclamation, in which he repudiates all acts of brigandage as foreign to the programme of the revolution ists. He pledges that the revolutionary forces will protect persons and property of non-combatant Spanish residents on the island and will respect the wives and chil dren of their enemies in the field. General Masso and his lieutenants in that province as cavalry, but they lack arms and ammu Private advices from Port-au-Hayti, indicate that President Hippolite is lending active support to the Cuban insurgents. Jose Martis's agents are reported to be negotiating for the jur-chase of a vessel now used by the Haytian government as a transport, naving a speed

of eight knots an hour.
"The removal of Lieutenant Ybara from the command of the Spanish gunbeat Conde de Venadito, which fired upon the American steamer Allianca, is regarded in Santiago de Cuba as not being in any way due to the Allianea offair. Lieutenar Ybara was only temporarily in command of the Conde de Venadito, her captain having stopped in Teneriffe because he had been taken suddenly ill on the voyage from Spain. It is understood in Santiego de Cuba that the Spanish a iniralty has warmly congratulated Lieutenant Thanfor his action off Cape Maysi.

But the Insurgents Were Landed on Cuban Soil.

Havana, April 3.-The governor of Santiago province reports that the gunboat Yndia, while cruising along the coast, came upon a foreign fishing smack stranded on beach at Duaba, a short distance west of Baracoa. The captain of the smack was dead. Two sallors were captured and taken aboard the Yndia, who reported they bad landed twenty-two insurgents. The and been trouble, they said, between the insurgents and the captain because he had refused to land them at the point designated by them. When the captain refused to yield to their threats they killed him and threw his 'sty overboard. After landing, the insurgents met a small

tured in hiding an hour after the skirmish but the rest are in the mountains. prisoner would give little information is said to have admitted, however, that Maceo and Combert, the insurgent leaders, one men, but had not got within shooting distance of them at the time of the gover-nor's dispatch. Apart from these events, the district around Baracoa is quiet. Colonel Saliedo, who is in charge of th military operations round Holquin, reports that he attacked and dispersed a party of insurgents at Martillo, near San Andres. The arrival of reinforcements for the regutroops in Santiago has restored confi-

He Hoisted the British Flag. Kingston, Jamaica, April 3.—The British steamship Ethelred from Boston has ar-rived at Port Antonion, Jamaica. Captain Hopkins, who commands her, says that when she was off Cape Maysi a Spanish gunboat bore down upon her. He hoisted the British fiag and the gunboat fired shot across the Ethelred's bows. She hove to, and the gunboat steamed around without exchanging signals. She then stuamed way and the Ethelred proceeded on her

Washington, April 3.—Commissioner Chamberlain, of the treasury bureau of navigation, says that the Ethelred, reported as having been fired upon, halted and searched by a Spanish cruiser off Cape Maysi, Cuba, though she files the British ensign, is practically an American vessel. She is engaged in the fruit trade and piles between Boston and Cuban ports. The between Boston and Cuban ports. The vessel was built in England, but is owned in Boston. As the vessel was built abroad, by our laws, she could not sail under the American flag, though owned here. No report of the incident has been received,

London, April 3.—The Morning Post is informed from an authoritative source that William Gully, liberal member of purliaent for Carlisle, will be nominated for the speakership of the house of commons on April 10th, with the approval of the govern-ment. If he should not get a majority the unionists will propose the name of a con-servative. Sir Matthew Ridley, Lord Tweed-mouth's brother-in-law.

The Daily News learns that the ministers lecided at today's meeting to support Mr.

London, April 3.—A Central News dispatch from Shimonoseki says that Li Hung Chang is steadily improving and that peace nego-tiations, which were broken off when the assault was made upon the Chinese envey,

ragus Canal.

Washington, April 3.—The president has selected under a provision of the sundry civil appropriation bill the following persons as a board to investigate and report upon the feasibility, permanency and expense of the Nizaragua canal over the route preferred by the construction company.

TOOK \$50,000 IN CASH

Fred Griffin, an Assistant Cashier, Helped Himself from the Yault,

ANOTHER EMPLOYE SUSPECTED HIM

Griffin Was Short and Hoped To Hide His Defalcation.

HE THINKS HE CAN LIVE IT DOWN

The Bank Will Not Be Very Hard on Him, as He Did Not Get Away with the Pile.

Chicago, Ill., April 3.-Assistant Cashier Frederick W. Griffin, of the Northwestern National bank, walked into the vault where the money was kept Saturday morning and took therefrom a package containing \$50,000 in currency. Another employe saw him come out and noticed he was ill at ease. After thinking the matter over all night he went to Vice President Dummer's residence Sunday morning and related what he had seen. On being questioned about the occurrence, Griffin made a sil confession, although there was at that time not the slightest particle of evidence against him, beyond the suspicions of his fellow clerk, Bank Examiner McKeef was at once called in and an investigation showed the books had been tampered with so as to cover the amount missing, the peculations extending

over a period of six months. Griffin took the money in a vain endeavor to conceal his crime from the bank officials. He secured a draft from another Chicago bank with the \$50,000 abstracted and placed the draft to the credit of the United States National Bank of Omaha. This bank was the Omaha correspondent of the Northwestern and had originally \$80,000 to its credit in the Chicago institution. Comencing his stealings with the accounts of other banks, Griffin finally mulcted this one alone. His system was to put in false tickets for telegraphic transfers of money. When the Omaha bank at last called for a settlement he saw the case was hopeless and required a desperate remedy, of getting that while his plan made the Omaha account all straight it left the Chicago institution's cash account short to the amount taken. Unfortunate speculation in stocks was

he cause of his downfall. Aside from this the life he led was an exemplary one. He had the entire confidence of the officials and did not even give bond when he took the posi tion. He is thirty-six years old, has a wife and two children and had been in the employ of the bank ever since he was six teen years of age. He was arrested last night and has been in the custody of the marshal ever since. At 3 o'clock this afternoon he was brought before United States Commissioner Humphries, who continued the case in a \$1,000 bond until tolnorrow. No bond will be given until after the hear-

ing, when there will be no trouble in Griffin recently resigned the presidency of the Ashkand Club. He was prominent in Northside society circles and declares that he will live down his disgrace. The bank officials will be as lenient with him as possible. His father lives in Florida

MARTIN WAS HER NAME And the Mystery of Her Murder Is

Cleared Up. New York, April 3.-The mystery of the murdered negro woman found on Sixth William Caesar. She had abandoned her husband and had been living with Casar for several months. In a quarrel on Friday night he killed her by choking. He left her lying on the floor and went to bed in the next room and slept soundly. Next day he was at his usual work all day, as a porter in a hat store. At night he borrowed a cleaver from a butcher, cut the woman's legs of, madé the remains up into a convenient bundle—she weighed only 100 pounds -and took them to a sixth avenue car with the intention of carrying them to the river. The car he rode on went no farther than Waverly Place. He then took up his bundle and while considering what to do next he rested ft on the iron ralling in front of the New York Bank Note Company's building, Either he did not hold it fast or was only too anxious to let it fall anywhere. At any rate, it over balanced, according to the story of the detectives, and fell into the space between the railing and the building. Ceasar dared not attract attention by climbing after it, so he walked away fro spot, returning home. This was at 3 o'clock Saturday evening. The bundle was not no-ticed until 6 o'clock next morning. Acquintances of the woman who knew of her quarrels with Ceasar, suspected what had happened when the discovery of the body was made public identified the

the morgue and the rest was easy enough.
After his arrest, Caesar told the whole

was made public, identified the remains at

KILLED HIS WIFE. St. John Claims That It Was an Ac-

Oklahoma City, Okla, April 3.—Harry St. John, son of ex-Governor St. John, of Kansas, and a member of the last Oklahoma legislature, shot and killed his wife this afternoon about two miles from this city. He became possessed of a letter addressed to her. This afternoon he hired a biggy and drove out to his place. Getting his gun, he confronted his wife with the letter, threatening to kill her if she did not disclose its author. She refused and, as he close its author. She refused and, as he claims, the gun was discharged accidentally, shooting her through the breast. She died without uttering a word.

Mrs. St. John was a Miss Mary Felbon, Her father, William B. Felbon, was formerly county judge of Saquache county, Colorado, and here warden of the Colorado.

Colorado, and later warden of the Colorado penitentiary. She leaves two small children. She was twenty-eight years of age and her husband is thirty-five and a law-

Lindholm Not Guilty.

Lansing, Mich., April 3.—The jury in the case of August W. Lindholm, ex-assistant, secretary of state, charged with embezzlement, rendered a verdict of not guilty this afternoon. Lindholm was charged with embezzling \$1,500 of the state's money from the office of the secretary of state. He fied the country, but was located in Sweden last fall and extradited. His embezzlament was detected while the examinazlement was detected while the exation was being made in the secre office for evidence of the salary steal.

Coney Island, N. Y., April 3.—The fight tenight between Joe Walcott, the Boston negro, and Mick Dunn, of Australia, was won by Walcott. He had Dunn all but out at the end of the eight round, when the police stopped the fight. The referee declared Walcott the winner.

GETS OUT OF JAIL,

Carr, the Banker from Tuscumbia, Is to Be Released Today.

80 DECIDED BY THE SUPREME COURT

He Received Money After He Knew His Bank Was Insolvent, but He Cannot Be Punished for It in Alabama.

Montgomery, Ala., April 3 .- (Special.)-The supreme court of Alabama, by a decision, released today Hinton E: Carr, the Tuscumbia banker. He was convicted of embezzling funds of his bank amounting to many thousands of dollars and was sen

torrow he will walk out of his cell in the Tuscumbia jail a free man, Carr's offense was that he received deposits at his bank after he became aware that it was in a failing condition. Under the Alabama law this was construed to be embezzlement. The supreme court, however, decides that this act was in conflict with article 1, section 21 of the constitution, which provides that no man shall be imprisoned for debt, and thereupon ordered the defendant dis-

George Brewer Appointed Judge. Governor Oates has announced the appointment of George E. Brewer, of Talla-dega, to fill the vacancy created by the death of the late Judge Box, of the seventh circuit. Judge Brewer is thirty-three years old and a fine young lawyer.

BIRMINGHAM'S BUDGET.

Kline & Co. Sue Insurance Companies

To Recover Damages by Fire. mingham, Ala., April 3 .- (Special.)-H. A Kline & Co. have filed suit in the city court against ten insurance companies as follows: Royal Insurance Company, \$1,500; Hanover Insurance Company, \$1,000; North Britiish and Mercantile, \$2,000; Greenwich Insurance Company, \$2,000; Phoenix, \$2,000; Norwich Union, \$1,500; Scottish Union, \$2,000; Home Insurance Company, \$2,000; Georgia Home, \$2,000; American, New York, \$500.

The plaintiffs keep a dry goods and clothing store at 1911 Second avenue. Last December the store was burned. Kline & Co. claimed instrance as above and sue on the

The declaration of incorporation of the West Alabama Land Company was filed West Alabama Land Company was filed today. The incorporators are E. W. Ruckor, of Birmingham; William A. Hendley, of Roanoke; Thomas B. Lyons, of Virginia, and Lenena D. Murphy, of New York. The capital stock is \$50,000.

The jury in the case of John L. Barker vs. the Southern Express Company, suit for \$25,000 damages, which started last Wednesday failed to agree and were discharged last night.

charged last night.

The Birmingham representatives to the Alabama, Grand Army of the Republic, which meets in Montgomery tomorrow, will leave here on the early southbound train on the Louisville and Nashville road. The following will accommod the control of t lowing will go down: Assistant Adjutant General E. D. Bacon, Past Department Commanders W. H. Hunter and W. S. Commanders W. H. Hunter and W. S. Snyder, F. G. Shepherd and J. Clyde Miller, Past Post Commander Henry Chairsell, Post Commander A. P. Stone, Delegates William C. Miles and John McKenzle, Messrs, A. J. Brown and H. M. Austin, The College of the Charles will be the Charles and College and the Charles and Charles and

Messrs, A. J. Brown and H. M. Austin, The Culman delegation will join the Birmingham crowd on their way down.

W. C. Hanlon, of Avondale, has been appointed a United States commissioner for the southern division of the northern district of Alabama. He was appointed by Judge Bruce, of the district and circuit court, a few days ago, and Mr. Hanlon yesterday, morning qualified to the office. His terday morning qualified to the office. His office will be in Cullman. He will have a good territory in which to work, as a large number of arrests are made in that neigh-borhood. Mr. Hanlon is chairman of the county republican executive committee. He will probably remove to Cullman.

A report gained circulation this merning that the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company had given notice to their miners at Pratt City, notifying them of a raise of 2½ cents per ton. A reporter went to the office of the Tennessee company on Morris avenue to verify the rumor, but no one was in who could deny or verify it President John G. Smith, of the min-

authenticity he was unable to youch Birmingham tolling mills, after two idleness are in blast again. The men went back to work this morning and in a few days nothing will be heard of the tem-porary shut down. The full complement of employes started to work at an early hour

A LAWYER INDICTED.

He Is Charged with Obtaining Money Under False Pretences.

Butler, Ga., April 3.—(Special.)—The grand jury of Taylor county today indicted B. W. Brand, a local attorney at this bar, for the offense of cheating and swindling. Brand represented himself as being an authorized represented himself as being an authorized agent for a long loan company, purporting to advance money on land. He jobtained a commission from several farmers in this section upon the promise that he would secure them a loan from his ficticious company. Upon his failure to prduce the money as agreed, the defrauded parties began to grow suspicious of his actions. They instituted an investigation of the matter, which developed the fact that Brand had made false representations to them and that his long loan company was a myth. His case will stand for trial at this term of the court. The criminal docket will be taken up at noon tomorrow and continued until up at noon tomorrow and continued until

The cold wave struck this place some time last night and it is still quite cold.

TATTNALL'S COURT BUSY.

Two Murder Cases Tried in One Day and Other Business Dispatched.

and Other Business Dispatched.
Reidsville, Ga., April 3-(Special.)—Court convened this morning at 8:30 o'clock, Judge E. H. Callaway presiding. On account of the large number of prisoners in jail, the civil docket was laid over for the term and the criminal docket was taken up. The first case called was that of the state against W. W. Wrye, charged with murder. Considerable interest is manifested in this case. The case was assigned for Thursday morning, the defense not being ready.

The following cases were disposed of: The state against Irwin Borch, colored, murder; verdict of gullty with recommendation. The state against Itowis Jackson, oulored, obstructing railroad; acquitted. The state against Jesse Jones, colored, charged with horse stealing; acquitted. The state against William Joiner, colored, simple larceny; acquitted.

A SHORT LINE TO THE SEA.

Knoxville is interested in Getting Another Owilet for Coal.

Knoxville, Tenn., Apris 3.—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held here today in the interest of a railroad from the East Tennessee coal fields to the south Atlantic seaboard at either Charleston or Port Royal. Representatives were present from Kentucky, Tannessee, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgis.

In the forenoon there was an informal reception and conference at the Imperial hotel, attended by one hundred and fifty leading business men of Knoxville, besides representatives from the states mentioned. The afternoon meeting, was held at the

public half of the courthouse, which was packed, and hundreds could not get seats or standing room. Judge S. T. Logan, of Knoxville, presided and speeches mere made by F. K. McCully of Anderson, Major Whitner, Major Lee and L. W. Perrin of Greenwood, J. H. Harrison of Walhalla and others, G. W. Waggoner of Charleston was present and participated.

Resolutions were adopted approving a scheme of Colonel A. E. Boone of Zanesville, O., under which he proposes to build the read. Enthusiasm rups high and many believe that the completion of the great line is about to become a fixed fact."

MRS. PARAN STEVENS IS DEAD. Pneumonia Carries Off the Well-

Known Woman Rather Suddenly. New York, April 3.—Mrs. Paran Stevens, one of the leaders of New York's four hundred, died this afternoon of pneumonia. She had an attack of grip which developed into an acute case of pneumonia.

She had an attack of grip which developed into an acute case of pneumonia.

Mrs. Paran Stevens was one of the most prominent women in New York. She was written of constantly in the newspapers and her name was familiar to millions of people who never saw her. Mrs. Stevens was the match maker in the recent Gould-Castellane wedding. She did almost as much to capture the count as the bride did herself. Mrs. Stevens lived in a handsome mansion at Fifth avenue and Fifty-seventh street, just opposite the Vanderbilt place, William Whitney and C. P. Huntington occupying the other two corners.

She was a very pretty servant girl in Boston when Mr. Stevens married her. He was rich and left her a large fortune. By her wit, nerve, beauty and wealth she made her way up into the most exclusive circles of New York society.

Mrs. Paran Stevens was a masterly woman and, therefore, quite able to attend to her own business, which she did with clockwork regularity. She took the deepest interest in all the vital questions of the day, both at home and abroad. A woman of fashion, she was also a woman of brains and an ardent admirer of clever and progressive people. The small interests of those persons who live for fashion and for fashion only seemed picayune, indeed, to her, compared to the great questions of the age, with which her frequent visits to Europe and her contact with distinguished people at home rendered her strikingly familiar. It was her aim for years to infuse into the languid veins of modish society some of the charm which "presentable" people with ideas are certain to impart. So cleverly was this done that her salon remained fashionable to a degree without a trace of eccentricity.

In short, she did not hunt "the lion," and yet contrived to attract people who are at

was this done that her salon remained fashlomable to a degree without a trace of eccentricity.

In short, she did not hunt "the lion," and yet contrived to attract people who are at once witty and "of the world."

When Mrs. Paran Stevens decided to abandon her comfortable house in what is now lower Fifth avenue—contiguous to Delmonico's and Madison square—in favor of a mansion up-town, she broke away from many associations for the memorable "brownstone front" between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth streets had been linked with the social history of the metropolis for over a quarter of a century.

The Sunday evening reunions for which it was justly famed, and which continued throughout the winter in the salon established at Marietta Villa, during the Newport season, had served as the introduction to New York society of the fine fleur of the European aristocracy of accredited art and letters as well as of birth and fortune, and more closely resembled a modern London drawing room, such as is presided over by the great English hostpsses, than the colorless and stereotyped after dinner assemblages of fashion unenlightened by Intelligence and wit. In short these were the first series of Sunday evenings that were at once exclusive and amusing. As in Newport, not only those who dined at the house, but people who had been dining out elsewhere came on to enjoy conversation and possibly un peu de musique, it was in this house that Mrs. Stevens's daughter, now Mrs. Arthur Paget, long resident in London, religned as a belle; here also her son, the late Harry Stevens was a great entertainer at both Newport and her New York veridence.

days.

Mrs. Stevens was a great entertainer at both Newport and her New York residence, and this explains in part how she came to be written of so much in the newspapers.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Cartersville, Ga., Auril 3.—(Special.)—The remains of Mr. C. R. Bilbro, who died in Rome Monday, were brought here yesterday morning and interred in Oak Hill ceme-tery. Mr. Bilbro was a son-in-law of Colo-nel R. H. Jones, of this city. He at one time was a resident of Atlanta, but came originally from Tuskeegee, Ala. He leaves a wife and four children.

Mrs. Nancy King Griffin, the aged mother of Deputy Sheriff R. L. Griffin, died a few days ago and was buried at Euhariee.

Euhariee.
Ringgold, Ga., April 3.—(Special.)—The Ringgold, Ga., April 3—(Special,)—The sudden death of Captain A. J. Bankston Tuesday afternoon was a shock to this city. He leaves a wife and six children. W. Trox Bankston, editor of The Ringgold New South, and F. M. Bankston, of the Knoxle Transfer Company; Mrs. G. H. Whittaker, of Knoxville; Mrs. Andy Tipton, of Salem, Ga; Miss Vipla and James M. Bankston, of Ringgold. Captain Bankston was buried this afternoon. Every business house and industry in Ringgold was closed in his honor and school was dismissed. The deceased was sixty-two years old.

BRUNSWICK NOTES.

Railroad Men Making a Tour of Inspection-The Oglethorpe Is Open. Brunswick, Ga., April 3.—(Special.)—General Superintendent Dunham end Superintendent Haines, of the Plant system, arrived in their private ear today en a tour of inspection. Superintendent Dunham says his system contemplates several improvements on property owned here, and will arrange schedules into Brunswick for the

summer to draw crowds.

An error was made in announcing the Oglethorpe hotel as closed. The Oglethorpe will be run all the year round and has not been closed. Manager Leland simply gave up his management for the winter season today. J. H. Stillwell, who has been with will continue to manage it with the same assistants.

TEACHERS AND PUPILS BURIED.

Wind Wrecks a Building and Seriously Injures Eighteen Children. Jeffersonville Ga., April 3. (Special.)-About 3 o'clock this afternoon a very severe About 3 o'clock this afternoon a very severe windstorm passed over this place, leveling fences, blowing down giant trees and completely, wrecking the negro Baptist church, in which there were forty-two school children and the teacher.

About eighteen of the pupils were injured. Several were severely injured, but no deaths have been reported up to this time.

time.

The greatest force of the storm seemed to be north of this place.

IT IS THE KIND PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE.

Is in Atlanta.

And Has a Lot of Pretty Jewels and Other Things-He Pleases, the Ladies. News and Gossip of Society.

Some dozen years ago Oscar Wilde came to deliver the household from hair work, wax flowers, pine cone frames and horse

Today arises another disciple of beauty, one Edmund Russell by name, who is going to free us from the household ghastliness of lace curtains, cheap brocades and fili-

Oscar Wilde has grown much clevered since those days of sunflowers and sicker ing greens, but even with his very English ideals of art, which were often interpre ted queerly by a grotesque genius, he did teach us a great deal-at least he set the world of women on the path that led from



RUSSELL IN "THE WHITE COWL." that domestic chamber of horrors-the old-fashioned conventional, middle-class

Edmund Russell has developed the march of artistic progress much further than this. In his reform methods he gives us no false and silly household gods to wership, but instead an artistic standard in all things pertaining to the home that must for all time remain admirable.

The fact that he arrived in the city, yes terday afternoon makes all that I am going to say of him of particular interest here. He came through Atlanta on his way to New Orleans and Mexico and it is possible that he may give a series of parlor talks and recitals before leaving here. I must frankly declare that I trust a pleasure is in store for the wo of Atlanta, for he has much to say the will charm and instruct them.

He is very unique in the first place, and nothing succeeds in this world like into-esting uniqueness. His methods, and, in-deed, the entire conception of the enter-tainments which have made him celebrated, are absolutely original. So good, sincere and sensible are all these methods, too, that one simply wonders, as in reading some new thought in a novel, why some body had not originated the same thing

long before.

Mr. Russell is, in short, a teacher of art applied to every detail of life. Odd isn't it, that such a teacher should be unique in a civilized world that sends out from its schools every year hordes of young women who go through all the textbooks and draw well, or are good musicians, perhaps, and all to what end? Why for nothing and all to wast end? Why for nothing better than to live all their lives in offen-sively decorated homes, to dress their dark-skinned bables in moss green, their blonde ones in palest blue and wear black up close to their faces when they them-selves grow old and wrinkled. It was to keep the future mothers of our country from making chromos of their daily lives, as he expresses it, that Mr. Russell began these lectures. Of course, I don't mean he is a perfectly unselfish philanthropist, for s money out of his work, just as

any clever man deserves to do.
"It all came about," he told he yester-day, "through a little chat on art that I gave to some people in a friend's house one evening. This led to my being asked to give another for a public charity, and so I made such a success of the work that I made it a specialty. I had studied art at the league in New York, then in Europe, and I was impressed always with the greatness and perfection of a life influenced in every way by's reversing and design of the success. enced in every way by a reverence and de sire for the attainment of beauty. The first of my series of talks is on personal culture—the art of the body, which treats of the attainment of perfect beauty of form and movement; the art of dress, which tells what to wear and how to wear it,

and the art of the home, which expounds the house beautiful in every detail." The first talk, Mr. Russell went on te explain, is illustrated by poses and Del-sarte movements. The art of dress is a practical lesson in the value of colors and fabrics and their appropriateness or inappropriateness under certain conditions, an the chat on house decoration is illustrated by the use of beautiful textile labrics and by the use of beautifil textile fabrics and rich ornamentations. Besides these talks there are in his repertoire many other charming ones. Three art criticism talks treat of "The Art of Life," with readings from Swinburne; "The Art of Art," with readings from Rosetti, and "The Art of Decoration," with selections from William Morris. Another aft lesson treats of the wearing of jewels and the Mr. Bruss." wearing of jewels, and this Mr. Russ-li illustrates by a display of his collection of magnificent oriental gems and ornaments, which is said to be one of the rares: and

most interesting ever owned by an individ-His London reminiscences are simply charming, for he has a store of knowledge concerning the prominent people in literature and art in Great Britain. He literature and art in Great Britain. He lived his life there among poets and artists, and with a nature so beauty loving and receptive as his own his existence there must, indeed, have been a beautiful one. The costume recital, in which he personates the Prince Siddartha, in Edwin Arnold's "Light of Asia," is a unique creation. In this he wears the sumptuous robes and jewels of an oriental prince. "The White Cowl," by James Lane Allen, is the other costume recital which has won him glowing recognition from press and people. won him glowing recognition from press and people. It is well worth the while of the women of Atlanta interested in the cultivation of mind and body to call upon this gifted artist at the Aragon this morning at 10 clock, when he will show them his collection of oriental fabrics and jewols. The board of women managers and the members of their committees will call at this hour.

bers of their committees will call at this hour.

One of the happiest marriages of the season was solemnized at the Third Baptist church last night, the Rev. Dr. J. D. Winchester officiating. The contracting parties were Rev. L. T. Reid, of Rock-wood, Tenn., and Miss Katle Steele, of Atlanta. Mr. Reid is an atlantian and was reared in this city. Five months ago he was ordained as a minister of the Baptist church and went to Rockwood, where he has a large charge. Before he left the city his wedding with Miss Steele was arranged and for some time the intimate friends and relatives of the two have been awaiting the event. The marriage ceremony was witnessed by a large-congregation of the friends of the bride and groom, both of whom were well known amons the membership of the Third Baptist church. Mr. and Mrs. Reid are now at the home of his mother on Courtland avenue, where they will leave for Tennessee, where they will seave for the seav

TALKS OF BRAUTY. GENERAL COGSWELL BEHOLD, THEY COME

Is in the City.

MAN WHO TALKS OF ART HE IS A WARM FRIEND TO ATLANTA

He Was Provost Marshal Here and Greetly Helped the Exposition—Ex-Con-gressman Stevens with Him. When he left Atlanta in 1865 the town

was in ashes. He returns to find it a city to be proud of, and in the general pride he joins most heartily. For from the day he left his post as provost marshal of Atlanta General Cogswell, of Massachusetts, has felt a personal

interest in the fate and the welfare of this

The great aid which General Cogswell rendered the exposition when the question of government recognition was before congress is very recent history. Genera Cogswell is a leading republican congress man and had served for several terms upon the house committee on appropria-



GENERAL COGSWELL

tions. The fact that he has always been fearless in opposing the wrong and has always been fair in his treatment of all questions made him a man of power in the committee and in the house, and his influence for the exposition was a very valuable aid.

General Cogswell is at the Aragon. He came yesterday from Jacksonville, and is accompanied by Mrs. Cogswell, Hon. M. T. Stevens, a fellow congressman from Massachusetts and a close friend, and by Mrs. Stevens. The general is not in good health. He was compelled to leave congress before the end of the session, and on the advice of his physician he went to Jamaica, He and Mrs. Cogswell were there for six weeks, and after a stay at Tampa, St. Augustine, Thomasville and Jacksonville they are working their way home by easy stages. At Tampa they were joined by Mr. and Mrs. Stevens.
General Cogswell was unable to see any-body yesterday or last evening. He will go for a drive out to Fort Walker this morning, and this afternoon will probably start for Washington.

A Democrat from Massachusetts.

General Cogswell is a stanch republican, but his companion, Mr. Stevens, is a dyed-in-the-wool democrat.

"Unique? Well, it would seem so from the last election," laughed Mr. Stevens in response to his comment on his politics.

"You see it was born and bred in me. My other was a Lecksonian democrat and father was a Jacksonian democrat, and for forty-nine years I have voted the dem ocratic ticket." Mr. Stevens was a member of the last

two congresses, but refused to stand for re-election in the last contest. He succeeded Governor Greenhalge in the house, defeating that popular republican in a strong republican district. He is a wealthy woolen goods manufacturer of North

"When a committee came to me to urge me to accept the nomination," said he, "I laughed at them. They kept after me, however, and finally assured me that I had very remote chances for success. Greenhalge had carried the district by 3,500. finally agreed to let them use my name as there was no chance of being elected and when the votes were counted I had about 500 majority. It was one result of the democratic wave that swept over th country. Two years later the district had been changed so as to be better fighting ground and I got 1.700 majority. But I concluded I had enough and got out in time to save myself from the landslide of the last election.

"Massachusetts is nominally republican by 30,000 to 40,000," continued Mr. Stevens "William E. Russell is the only democrat who was ever able to carry the state, an that was because of his personal magnet-ism and individual strength. John Russell republican.

"Financial Question" Paramount.

"What about presidential preferences up your way?"
"The republicans are for Reed. All Nev "The republicans are for Reco. All New England will be for him. I doubt very much, however, whether either Reed or McKinley will win. The next election is going to depend on the financial question. Whichever candidate leans farthest to the silver side will win. Of course we don't know yet which party that will be, as both parties are badly divided, "How are the democrats of Massachu-

setts?"
"Oh, they're what you would call gold bugs. The division in both parties is going to be sectional—the west and the south against the east. That's why I think the silver candidate will win."

General Cogswell's Career.

Mr. Stevens told some interesting facts concerning General Cogswell's career.

He went to Dartmouth college, but left before completing his course there, and for three years cruised before the mast, making a tour of the world. When the war broke out he had just graduated from the Harvard law school. He was captain, lieutenant colonel and colonel of the Second Massachusetts, and in 1934 was brevetted brigadier general. He was assigned by special order to the command of a brigade of the Twentieth army corps. He was with Sherman's army and was in charge here as provost marshal after Sherman left.

He was for a number of years a member of the Massachusetts house of replesentatives and the senate, and since 1886 has been a member of congress. General Cogswell's Career.

A NEW THROUGH TRAIN, SOUTHERN BAILWAY.

Morning Train to Brunswick, Waycross and Jacksonville from Atlanta and Macon.

On Sunday, April 7, 1895, train No. 35 of
the western system, Southern railway,
which now leaves Atlanta at 7.45 a. m.,
will be changed to leave Atlanta at 7 a. m.,
and run through to Brunswick without
change via Macon and Jesup as a day train,
arriving at brunswick at 5.55 p. m.

This will afford a splendid day schedule
from Atlanta to Waycross, via Jesup, reaching Waycross at 5.55 p. m. This schedule
is in addition to the other through train
of the Southern railway, which leaves Atlants at 11.45 p. m., arriving Waycross 10:25

This excellent train service, of course,
makes the Southern railway, via Jesup, the
most desirable route for the delegates and
visitors to the forthcoming Georgia Baptist
convention at Wayoross.

A. A. VERNOY, Passenger Agent,

Corner Kimball House,

Edmund Russell, the Apostle of Delsarte, The Distingushed Member of Congress | Bridegrooms, of Brooklyn, in Atlanta for Three Days.

HEADED BY CHEERY DAVE FOUTZ

They Are Going Pennant Hunting This Year, and Want to Get a Pennant

The cold snap and the absence of a com petitor worthy their mettle kept the Atlantas away from the baseball park yesterday But there will be a game there today an t will be a game worth seeing.

The Brooklyns, the team managed by Dave Foutz, he of scissors fame, will reach the city early this morning and will camp at the Kimball for three days. This after noon they will go out to the ball park to meet the Atlantas and the chances are that the Bridegrooms will get the worst of it. The Atlantas are now in good shape and there is no reason why they should no put up a good game against the Brooklyn

The last few games the Atlantas have played have not been winners, but there are many reasons why they should not have been. The team has been up against some of the best clubs in the national league. and if the men Knowles has with him could knock them out every time he and his team would not be here, but would be found planted in some of the big league cities. The game with the Baltimores day before yesterday was one of the best games that has been seen on the grounds this season notwithstanding the fact that the Atlantas lost. It was a game full of snap and ginger and the Baltimores were kept guessin from the time the game began until it ended. There was no time in the game when the Atlantas might not have pulled out in front, but it so happened that all of the luck of the game was with the Baltimores and the Atlantas lost.

The Brooklyns are among the best players of the league and put up some of the prettiest ball ever seen. They are not the favorites of the watchers of the league and have not been for years, and yet they occasionally do some of the most phenomenal ball playing ever seen, and the team is just as liable to do some of that kind of work here as not. Atlanta lovers of the game will not lose anything by turning out to see the team work.

Unless it is too cold there will be a game sure, and the weather man is kind enough to indicate that there will be a moderation that will bring with it sunshine enough to kill all the charley horse the languid patrons of the game may have contracted. That the game will be one well worth seeing there is no doubt, and if the lovers of the game don't turn out they will miss some-

thing they will regret.

The teams all over the league have been working hard and all of them are now in good shape for the opening of the season. In Nashville Stallings and his men have been working hard from the start, while in Evansville Ollie Beard has had his men at it night and day since they have re-ported. Little Rock, the city which is said to have the strongest team in the associa-tion, is in fine shape for the first day's work with Memphis, and there are many who have seen that team play who are of the opinion the Little Rock people will cause the pennant winners lots of trouble if they don't actually win out in the race.

Since Goodenough put on an Atlanta uni-form there has been some doubt about his wearing it through the season, as Milwaukee was laying claim to him. But all that has been settled and Goodenough will play the season through with the Atlantas. The Atlanta management yesterday was notified that Milwaukee waived all claim to Goode-nough, realizing that he had the right to sign with Atlanta when he did. Gooder had a personal contract with Milwaukee under the terms of which he would not be reserved for this year unless his salary was a certain figure. When Manager Twichell sent to Goodenough at Savannah a contract to be signed, it was found that the terms of this personal contract had not been lived up to and as Goodenough preferred to play in the south he offered his services to Atlanta. The Atlanta management jumped at the chance of securing a man who was a star both in the southern league and the western league, and signed him Manager Twichell has been making every effort to secure the man and a few days ago the papers were sent on to President Young at the same time'a letter was written to the Milwaukee people, explaining the situation, and they, seeing they had no claim to the man, waived the formality of a hearing be

man, waived the formality of a hearing be-fore President Young.

President Nichlin has announced his decis-lon in the Delehanty case and he is to remain in Atlanta. It will be remembered that Montgomery made a strong claim for Delehanty, but after the facts were submitted to the president, he wrote at once leciding in Atlanta's favor.

Manager Foutz has announced his batting order and the team for tomorrow The teams will be:

Position. Brooklyn Atlanta.pitcher.. Daub Green. ... McDade. , 3d base. , Shindle Smith. , short stop. , Corcoran Friel. , left field. , Burns Goodenough. ...center field. Griffin Fisher. ...right field.Tredway Among the players there are quite a number of faces familiar to the people of number of faces familiar to the people of the south. Dauh was once a pitcher in the south, and it was he who pitched the Chattanoogas into a good place before the season closed the year Gus Schmelz had charge of that team. LaChance was once a member of the New Orleans team and made quite a showing the year he was in the Crescent City. Tredway was with Memphis for a short time two years ago and did good work, so good that he was pulled into the National League, going to Baltimore, where he did some of the best Baltimore, where he did some of the bes

A Chill

is serious at any season of the year. At the first symptom of stiffness in any part of the body apply an

Allcock's **Porous Plaster** and thus ward off what may

prove a very dangerous cold, resulting in bronchitis, pneumonia or consumption. Every One of the so-called porous plasters as imitation of ALLCOCK's. Accept no other.

Allcock's Corn Shields, Allcock's Bunion Shields, Have no equal as a relief and cure for coms and bunions.

Brandreth's Pills overcome that most prevalent of all diseases, constipation. work done in the National League that

Phillies at Petershurs

Petersburg, Va., April 3.—The ball season of 1895 in Petersburg opened this afternoon with an exciting game between
the Philadelphia club, of the National
League, and the Petersburg team. The
"cranks" were out in full force, bcote:

R. H. E.

THE

ONLY

CURE

FOR

PIM

PLES

RED

ROUGH

Philadelphia. 0 1 0 0 7 0 0 0 8 8 6 3
Petersburg. . . 2 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 0 - 6 8 3
Batterles-Baldwin and Grady; Foreman,
Thomas, Packard and Hayden.
Brouthers Makes a Great Hit,

Raleigh, N. C., April 3.—The Baltimores started the day's game with five carned runs in the first inning and kept bitting the ball throughout the game. A hone run by Brouthers in the first was the lorgest hit ever made on the local grains. Daniel led the batting for the bollage team with a two-bagger and a three-bagger. The fielding of the home team was poor. Score:

ore.. Baltimore. R. 20 H. 21 E. 2 Raleigh. R. 3 H. 6 E. 7 Batteries Hemming, Horner, Clark and Robinson; Wynne and Honeycum.

The Pittsburgs Win Again Charleston, S. C., April 3,-(Special.)-The Senators and the Pirates played a great senators and the Printes payed a great game of ball here today in the presence of a very large crowd. The game opened with a short and sweet inning. The feature of the game, locally speaking, was the ap-pearance on the Pittsburg team of Tom Colcolough and Joe Sugden, both Charles-ton boys in the old Southern League, and, of course they get a rousing reception. of course, they got a rousing reception.

There was some fine fielding by both teams and the pattery work was also good

all round.

all round.

Pittsburg made a star double play in the sixth, Clingman catching a high fly and fielding it to third in time to put out both the runner and the batter. Up to the seventh inning the score was tied.

In the eighth the Pirates went in to win. One or two awfully hot, grounders did the business and before the Senators had recovered from the shock two of the Pirates had crossed the plate and won the fight, the Senators, in their half of the inning failing to get a man further than first. to get a man further than first.

Manager Mack, of the Pittsburgs, is very much pleased with the work of Colcolough. He says his speed is as great as Rusie's and predicts a great record for the Charleston battery before the season closes. Follow-

cer, Malarkey and McGuire. Brilliant Came in Augusta. Augusta, Ga., April 3.—The last ball game etween the Brooklyn league teams drew a fair-sized crowd to the park. The game

was marked by brilliant fielding and some hard hitting. The teams leave tomorrow morning for Affanta, where they will play three games—Thursday, Friday and Saturday-with the Atlanta club. The score nedy and Grim.

The Citizens Are Taking Up the Subject of an Exhibit. Marietta, Ga., April 3.—(Special.)—Cobb county is awakening to the importance of making a good exhibit at the Atlanta exposition.

A meeting was held here today for this

COBB TO HAVE A DISPLAY.

purpose. In the absence of Colonel R. N. Holland, who is president of the county organization, Mr. A. J. Harrison filled the chair and Mr. A. B. Goodman was secretary. Colonel R. T. Nesbitt, the state commissioner of agriculture, made a pointed address, urging a full exhibit and explaining the premium list. A commit-tee on exhibits and for soliciting was appointed from each militia district Hon. Tinney Rucker, assistant United States afterney, paid our city a flying visit

business during the week.

Mr. Toomey, New York correspondent for The Boston Globe, is here on a vacation and rest and will perhaps remain till May. He has formed quite a liking for Marictta and is rapidly regaining his

WEATHER SYNOPSIS AND FORECAST

Considerable anxiety was felt by the farmers of north Georgia yesterday as to whether there would be a frost this morning. The temperature at 7 o'clock b. m. was 46 degrees, and as it was still falling, accompanied by a light wind and a clear sky, it is altoget frosts occurred in exposed pla morning. But there is little likelihood that a damaging frost occurred this morning in any part of Georgia. Cool, fall-like weather prevailed over the east and northeastern sections of the country. The isothermal line of 50 degrees ran south of Atlanta and thence northwestward to Wisconsin. In Georgia the temperature was unseasonably

low. The mean temperature for the day in Atlanta was only 46 degrees, which was Il degrees below the normal, but warmer weather is in sight, and, judging from the high temperatures reported in the extreme west, there will soon be a gradual and lasting change to warmer in Georgia and all other parts of the south. Very little rain occurred yesterday and generally clear weather prevailed almost everywhere. The only cities of any importance reporting rain were Wilmington, N. C., New York city and Norfolk, Va.

For Georgia today: Fair, slowly rising temperature. low. The mean temperature for the day

Local Report for April 3, 1895. Mean daily temperature Extra Session Called

Jefferson City, Mo., April 3.—Governor Stone today issued the call for an extra ses-sion of the Missouri legislature on April 23d, to consider, first, the fellow servant bill; second, a pure election, third, antilobby legislation.

The feature of the message is the chief executive's scathing arraignment of the lobby.

Where to Find Him

wor studyin' this mornin' 'Bout a i cem thet I read In Th' 'Tianta Constitution
An' the chap ez rote it sed:
"We hev ginerals, colonels, majors, Jest the best you ever see. But the private in the front rank Tell me wher, oh, whar is he?

Now I know whar thar's a private,
But he's gittin' kinder old
I'm jest bettin' ef they send him word
He'll hev his name enrolled:
An' he'll march with 'em ter Cuba
Er ter Hados if need be, Fur his name is Billy Rogan An' he hails frum Tennessee. I'm a gamblin' he'll be ready
When ther kurnel yells, "Fall in!"
An' your poet kin quit wonderin'
Which an' how an' whar he's bin;
Ef he's all alone, no matter,
Jest ez preud ez proud kin be,
He'll be boastin' up the honor
Uv thet town in Tennessee.

I kin see Bill Rogan marchin'.
But perhaps a little slow.
Fur ole time with frosty fingers bent
Hez thatched his head with snow;
Sence he fit fur causes thet war lost,
Fur victory not ter be,
An' wor nothin' but a private
In ther ranks uv Tennessee.

He's the only private that I met
In all my travelin' round.
But I know ex he'll be comin'
Et he only hears th' sound
Uv the bugle notes that called him
Onct before from fancy free.
Where Billy tramped an' bled an'
fought
Fur dear ole Tahnatan'

fought Fur dear sie Tennessel ARTHUR BENNETT.

SOAP

only preventive of inflammation and clogging of the porus, the cause of pimples, blackbeads, red, rough hands, oily, mothy skin, dry, thin and falling hair, and simple haby bismisbes.

Potter Drug & Chemical Corp.

BRUNSWICK'S BID

To Become the Great Commercial Port City of Georgia.

THE CITY'S EXPORTS FULLY RESTORED

And Her Business Men Fully Alive to the Situation.

MR. DOWNING, OF THE BOARD OF TRADE

And President Reed, of the Young Men' Business League, Tell of the Renewed Energy of the City.

Brunswick, Ga., April 3 .- (Staff Correspondence of The Constitution.)-A careful investigation of the conditions of Bruns wick shows that the business of the city has been firmly re-established, and that the movement of the future will be in the

To those who remember the sweeping character of the epidemic of 1893, accompanied as it was by the failure of the banks and the destruction of property values consequent upon the attempt to make things fit in with the gold squeeze of John Sherman, it will be a revelation to know that in one short year the city should have so far recovered as scarcely to have a trace of its evil days to mar the prospect of the

In 1892, just preceding the epidemic, Brunswick had attained high water mark in her exports, the total for the year reaching \$11,602,515. A look at the items of exports will be valuable as showing the char acter of productions from the surrounding country. There were shipped 164,983 bale of cotton, 187,066 barrels of rosin, 43,744 barrels of turpentine, 213,172 feet of lumber, 1,054,077 crossties, \$28,939 worth of shingles staves, cedar and hickory logs and cases 22,536 tons of phosphate, \$29,238 worth of cotton seed oil and whale oil, 10,822 bales of yarn and wool, and \$54,456 worth of oysters. etc. Almost all these articles are the local productions of the counties around Brunswick. The shipments for 1893 were so seriously interrupted as not to be a test, the total only counting up to a little over \$5,000,000. In 1894, however, business resumed, but, handicapped by the demoralization of the year just closed, old business connections had to be renewed, and traffic which had been diverted toward Savannah and New Orleans had to be turned back into its old channels. This took time, and it may be fairly counted that in this preliminary work of recuperation she lost the equivalent of two months' business. Notwithstanding that, the total exports ran up to \$9,940,453, or within \$1,662,062 of the figure of 1892. Almost all the difference is made up out of the fall of cotton to 4 cents, together with 8,000 bales less in total receipts; the fall in the price of turpentine, amounting to a loss of \$120,000; the falling off in the shipments of lumber, representing \$200,-000 loss; the loss of over \$100,000 worth of railroad tie business; the falling off in wool receipts, etc. There are other items, however, which indicate the development of new lines of business. Rosin has eased; shingles, staves, and so on have grown in one year from \$28,939 to \$53, sphate shows an increase in ship ts from 22,536 tons to 72,414; cotton seed and whale oil have increased about 40 cent. Taken all in all, and allowing financial differences which do not affect the volume of the products, and the loss of time in the beginning of the year, Bruns-wick has got on the other side of the shore

of doubt, and is now standing upon solid President Downing's Views.

President Downing, of the board of trade, says of the business of the year: "It is to me a source of congratulation that during the two years of panics, bank failures, epidemic and universal depression in all lines of business, Brunswick has

maintained her position so well.

"The financial condition of the city is better than it has been for five years. Our banks are solid and in healthy condi-tion, and, with the lessons of 1893 fixed in cur memory, I do not believe the present generation will see another bank failure in this city. Our business men have charged off their losses and started afresh. There have been no failures since 1893. What Brunswick needs more than anything else is more factories, and a movement is now on foot to induce some of the New Engand cotton factories that are drifting to the south to be near the cotton fields to come to Brunswick, and I hope before an-other year shall have passed we may see two or more large factories in operation. A young men's business league, composed the enterprising elements of our young business population, has been organized, and has taken this matter in charge."

A Talk with President Reed. Mr. H. W. Reed, president of the First National bank, is the president of this young men's league, in which he is ably assisted by Mayor Dunwoody and Mr. Ed

"When I came to Brunswick," said he "the city was laboring under the terrible depressions of which the public are aware. This did not prevent me from seeing the advantages which the city possessed, and I invested my money right here as an earnest of the faith that I had in my judgment. The advantages of our harbor especially impressed me. From having only eighteen feet draught we now have twenty-three, which is greater than that possessed by either Savannah or Jacksonville. One ship went over our bar with 6,000 tons displacement, the largest that ever went out of a southern port ex-cept New Orleans. If Colonel Goodyear succeeds in making the twenty five feet draught, the largest ocean steamers can come right up to our docks. difference which this will make in freight rates will be so large that we will easily distance all competition.

"However, our most pressing work just now is the attraction to our midst of factories. In company with a committee, I recently visited the cotton mill men of New England. While they disclaimed that they were going to move their plants south, yet I secured the best of evidence that the desire to come south was general, and was shared by even those mill men who are doing well. In order to convince them that Brisnswick had inducements which claimed attention I had to study the matter out, so as to put it in a way that they would understand. I am sure that The Constitution would do; not only Brunswick, but the entire state, a service by aying these views before the public. "I told them Bruhswick was situated on a peninsula, surrounded by salt water, within eight miles of the Atiantic ocean. The mean temperature in the six winter months—January, February, March, October, November and December, 1894, was 59. The remaining six months, or summer months, 1894, it was 77. The lowest mean was in January, 47. The highest was in August, 82. The temperature rarely exceeds 90, and is seldom lower than 30. The hottest day was on August 17h, 96, and the coldest day, December 29th, 12. The mean humidity throughout the year exceeds 74, and at no time is it necessary to produce an artificial humidity for the working of the cotton spinning machines in our factory. In 1894

spinning machines in our factory. In 1894 there were 59 rainy days, 117 cloudy days and 189 perfectly clear days. "In 1894 the death rate was as follows; Deaths from all causes-white, 66; black, 130; total, 196.
"From these may be deducted for still-born and accidental: White, 15; black, 105.

The number of deaths per 1,000 population was: White, 11.33; black, 19.90; average for whole, 15.6.

"A splendid sewerage system has just been completed under the direction of completed under the direction of e E. Waring, Jr., the eminent engineer, and the city and surrounding country are completely drained. The United States government maintains a rigid system of quarantine. Therefore there is lit-

tle danger of epidemic diseases, either from within or without. The water supply is from artesian wells of purest water, the purity and abundance of which guarantees city in the south can present a better general health record.

"Brunswick is reached by two important lines of railroad—the Plant system and the Southern, connecting with all points, north, south and west. The South Brunswick Terminal Company has a line of railroad connecting with the Plant system and the Florida Central and Peninsular railroad, and the latter road passes only a few miles from the city. The Mallory line of steamers operate direct between New York and this port. The Georgia and Florida Steambaat Company connects with the Florida boat Company connects with the Florida Central and Peninsular railroad at Fernandina, Fla., and the Brunswick Termi-nal Company operates the only direct line of steamers from any south Atlantic port to Europe. Local steamer lines ply be-tween Brunswick and points on the Satilla and Altamaha rivers. Brunswick has thirty-eight miles of water front, a depth of water of twenty-three feet on the oute bar, which is being constantly increase

by Colonel Goodyear's method. country in places of similar size. As an example note some of the following prices Rice, 4 to 5 cents per pound; grits, \$1.25 per sack; flour, \$3 to \$3.50 per barrel; sugar, 4 to 4½ cents per pound; meal, \$1.10 per sack; hams, 10 to 12 cents per pound; bacon, 6 to 7 cents per pound; coffee, 17 to 19 cents per pound; oysters, 85 cents per gallon; fish, 5 to 6 cents per pound; beef,

Freights, Building, Etc. "Freights between interior points and Brunswick are as low as to any other southern seaport. In this particular a sea port will always have an advantage over interior points, as local rates in the inte rior are always higher and liable to change while the only change possible to the sea-port will be in the direction of gradually reducing the schedule. Rates on cotton factory products to New York are from 18 to 20 cents per 100 pounds. The same class of cotton which costs the interior mills \$5.30 per 100 pounds costs, delivered at Brunswick, \$5.51. The cost of the finished product to Brunswick from interior points in Georgia is, from Macon 34 cents per 100 pounds, and from Dalton 41 cents, thus showing a direct gain to a located at Brunswick of from 13 to 20 cent

"The principal building materials may be "The principal building materials may bought in Brunswick at the following prices: Brick, \$5.25 to \$5.75 per thousand; good merchantable lumber, rought, 10 per thousand; good merchantable ceiling and flooring, \$10 per thousand; common gradicelling and flooring, \$9 per thousand; com mon grade framing, \$7 per thousand; shin No. 1. pine, \$2 per thousand; shingles, 1 cypress, \$3.50 per thousand; shingles, No. 2 cypress, \$1.75 per thousanu; No. 2 cypress, \$1.50 per thousand; plaster laths, \$1.75 per thousand; best Portland cement, per barrel, \$2.25 to \$4.50; best Alabama lime per barrel, 40 cents-to 75 cents; coal, best steaming, \$2.80 to \$2.90 per ton;

Comparative Advantages.

"As compared with points in northwest Georgia the heart of the short cotton territory, Brunswick presents the following

"Climate—More uniform, milder, mills require heating only three weeks of the year, as against twelve weeks in northern Geor-"Health-Unsurpassed.
"Water-Abundant, pure, cheap, never

fails, even in dryest times. "Humidity—Higher than any interior point where artificial humidity has to be maintained. Natural humidity here is always ample and cotton spins nowhere bet-ter in the world. Interior mills run their spindles about 6,000 to 8,000 revolutions per minutes, while in Brunswick they are run from 11,000 to 12,000, and the cotton works with wonderful uniformity, giving the workmen very little trouble.

"Building—Can be done here as cheaply as anywhere in this country. "Freight Rates—Are decidedly in favor of Brunswick. Interior points are often dis-turbed and always handicapped by rates, while coast cities are assured always of the very lowest rates. We are sufficiently near cotton field to insure a uniformly low

"It requires less fuel to heat a mill, and although coal rates are comparatively high-er now than to some points nearer the coal fields, we have competitive lines directly from the coal fields of Alabama and Tenthe prices will be lower. It requires two

tons of coal per day to operate a 3,000 spin-dle mill here now. "Labor-Is probably somewhat higher here now owing to the small size of our mill, but there is an abundance of labor (white) in southeast Georgia that will render willing, efficient, intelligent and eco-nomic service with the requisite training. The cost of manufacturing yarns No. 20, for labor alone is 2 2-3 cents per pound. This, with a mill of this size, we think will not compare unfavorably with other points. Upon a close investigation the superintend ent of the mill here states that he can increase his capacity 200 per cent at an increase in labor of 50 per cent.

"Brunswick Offers-Free sites of ample dimensions directly in the city and on the railroads: exemption from taxation for a period of ten years, which will be satisfac-torily guaranteed, and the right hand of fellowship and co-operation by her citi-zens."

fellowship and co-operation by her citizens."

Here, in a short space, is condensed the claims upon which Brunswick appeals to the world and challenges her business. With such a mayor as H. L. Dunwoody, such business men as Reed and Downing; such thorough newspaper men as C. W. Deming and H. A. Wrench; such citizens as Sol Beach, C. P. Goodyear, W. E. Kay, John Lehman, Ed Brohston and scores of others. Brunswick cannot fail to make an impression and become a city of wealth and influence.

P. J. MORAN.

#Pond's Extract

THE WORLD-RENOWNED REMEDY

For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Colds, Catarrh and ALL PAIN.

POND'S EXTRACT is highly recommended by physicians as an ANTISEPTIC; being non-poisonous, it can be used as freely as desired. CENUINE CURES. IMITATIONS DO NOT.

A MILITARY MUDDLE

Two Elections Held in One Macon Company | Two Young People Marry, but Do Not for the Same Offices.

AN APPEAL MADE TO THE GOVERNOR

One Man Who Was Elected the First Time and Deleated the Second Wants the Commission.

Macon, Ga., April 3 .- (Special.)-There is cmething of a stir in Macon growing out of recent elections held by the Hussars and the Volunteers, two of the crack com panies of this city. Some time ago Captain Owen T. Kenan, of the Hussars, resigned, Colonel C. M. Wiley, of the Second Geor gia regiment, ordered an election to fill the vacancy. First Lieutenant P. G. R. Bell was promoted to the captaincy without opposition. Second Lieutenant B. A. White did not care for the first lieutenancy and Sergeants' Curran, Ellis and George Snowden contested for first lieutenant. Ellis won by a vote of 21 to 13.

The resit of the election was forwarded to the state adjutant general's office, and the election was declared null and void because it had been called before the department had accepted the resignation of Captain Kenan. A second election was ordered, First Lieutenant Bell was again elected captain (and Second Lieutenant White, having concluded that he would like promotion, was unanimously chosen first lieutenant. Sergeants Curran, Ellis and George Snowden contested for second lieutenant and Snowden won by a vote of 22 to 20, though in the previous election he had been defeated eight votes by Ellis for first lieutenant. Ellis has now written to Governor Atkinson laying the entire mait ter before him, and asking the governor to issue to him a commission for first lieutenant in accordance with the result of the first election. Ellis holds that the first election was legal, and that it was held according to the custom and practice that have obtained in military elections. not only in Macon, but elsewhere in Geor

A somewhat similar state of affairs exists in the Macon Volunteers. First Lieuten ant J. E. P. Stevens was promoted to battalion adjutant. An election was or-dered to fill the vacancy. Second Lieu-tenant Sam Hunter was elected first lieutenant and Sergeant Granville C. Conner was chosen second lieutenant. The result of the election was forwarded to Atlanta and it was declared null and void because it had been called prior to the acceptance of the resignation of First Lieutenant Stevens, and a second election was ordered by Colonel Wiley, but he revoked it, as Messrs. Hunter and Conner desired to write the governor and ask him to issue them commissions and not have a second election, because if a second election is held they would be junior to any other lieutenants who may have been elected since Hunter and Conner were, or that may be elected, before the Volunteers could hold a second election. A point of nterest to the entire military of the state

has been raised.

A Matter of Millions. The city tax assesors have footed up their ooks so far as real estate is concerne and they find the taxable property to be \$3,916,630, which is \$556,497 less than for last year. These figures are subject to some changes which may be made after the assessors have listened to the complaints of the taxpayers. The footings of the assessment on personal property have not yet been made. Personal property assess ment last year was \$4,957,444. Assessor Duncan thinks the assessment on this class of property will reach \$5,000,000 this year, because more persons have made returns of personal property this year than usual. But Assessor Heitz believes that the assessment of personal property this year will fall a half million dollars short of what it was last year. If Assessor Duncan's es-timate is correct, the total assessment of real and personal property in the city of Macon for the year 1895 will be, in round numbers, \$14,000,000. But if Assessor Heitz is right, the total will be, in round numbers, \$13,375,000. The total for 1894 was \$14,400,571.

Pearson and Duncan Mr. Charles D. Pearson officially an-nounces today that he is a candidate for alderman from the first ward to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Alderman Julian. This is the only an-nouncement so far. Mr. Pearson is a brother of ex-Alderman Sam Pearson, de-

ceased.

It is understood that Captain George
W. Duncan will announce himself 'tomorrow as a candidate for county commissioner. This will open up a lively fight between him and Colonel W. R. Phillips, whose announcement has already been mentioned in The Constitution. Duncan is one of the best known men in the county. The election for commission alderman will occur on the same

April 24th. Other Atlanta Committees.

In addition to the entertainment commit tee mentioned in The Constitution today the following other committees have been appointed to assist in getting up an exhibit from Bibb county for the Atlanta exnmittee on Colonial Relics—Mesdames

Committee on Colonial Relics—Mesdames Manly Curry, chairman; Morrison Rogers, William Lee Ellis, J. M. Ogden, Mary L. McCaw, W. C. Turpin, T. O. Chestney, C. L. Bartlett, C. B. Willingham, R. H. Plant, Alex Proudfit, Misses Mary Cobb and Ida Holt.

Art and Needlework—Mesdames Charles Bartlett, chairman; M. J. Hatcher, W. H. Felton, Jr., Eugene Harris, Wingfield Nisbet, E. D. Huguenin, John T. Boufeullet, W. S. Payne, D. G. Hughes, J. L. Hardeman, W. C. Turpin, Hugh Willett, Mallary Taylor.

Newsy Notes.

Colonel E. A. Wilson, the secretary of the Macon Fire Insurance Comnany, has gone to Atlanta to attend a meeting of the revising committee of the general tariff of the Southeastern Tariff Association.

The Macon delegates from E. S. Jones post to the annual state emcampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, which convenes in Atlanta tomorrow are Commander W. W. Brown, Vice Commander Harry Burns, and Post Commanders G. B. Pettit and W. W. DeHaven.

Macon friends are in receipt of an invitation to the marriage of Mr. William Prescott and Mrs. Salile Hunnicutt, of Atlanta, Quite a number of Maconites are in attendance on the Georgia chautauqua at Albany.

The ledder auxiliary of the Macon public Newsy Notes.

Albany.

The ladies' auxiliary of the Macon public library will hold an important meeting to-morrow afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Morrison Rogers, the chairman. On the first Tuesday afternoon after Easter, the

first Tuesday afternoon after Easter, the ladies' auxiliary will give an Easter egg hunt on Mrs. S. T. Coleman's lawn, for the benefit of the library.

Miss Harriet Phinizy, of Augusta, arrived in Macon last night from Americus, where she was met by Miss Spence, daughter of President Sam Spencer, of the Southern railway, and the two young ladies went together to Augusta, where Miss Spencer will be the guest of Miss Phinizy.

The total number of registered voters for the paving bond election, to be held on April 11th, is 734, instead of 737, as first counted.

counted.

Rev. J. E. Wray, of Macon, is in Savannah, and will preach every night this week at Trinity church.

Mrs. Ruscell's nose was broken and three teeth were knocked out by the negro who criminally assaulted her on Monday afternoon, Other injuries were also inflicted upon her.

criminally assaulted her on monus; arconoon. Other injuries were also inflicted
upon her.
In the city court today four negroes,
Squire Stevens, Robert Ash, Will Bronson
and Elijah Smith, pleaded guilty to gambiling and each was sentenced for ten
months to the chaingang.
Rev. W. B. Burke, of the Methodist
church, a talented young preacher, who has
been a missionary in China seven or eight
years, expects to revisit Macon, his old
home, next September.

KEPT IT A SECRET.

HER ADMIRERS CONTINUE TO CALL

The Announcement, When It Is Made Creates Great Surprise Among the Young Bride's Friends.

Albany, Ga., April 3,-(Special.)-Dr. James M. Wilkes, a young dentist of Tampa, Fla., passed through this city today en route to Shellman, and his passage brings out an exceedingly interesting romance. On December 28th last, Dr. Wilkes and the beautiful Miss Jessie Payne, the ackwoledged belle of Shellman, and celebrated over this section for her great personal beauty, were quietly married at the home of the bride's mother in Shellman. No one but the imme diate family were witnesses to the cere mony.

For some reason it was proposed to keep the marriage a secret, which was successfully accomplished. After the marriage Dr. Wilkes returned to his Tampa home and during the three months that followed he busied himself with preparing the home-nest for the eventual coming of his bride. He made several trips to Shellman in the meantime in the role of sweetheart, and several times met former rivals, who were still unsuspecting.
Americus, Cuthbert, Smithville, Albany

in fact, nearly every town in this entire sec on furnished one or more devotees. Dr. Wilkes stopped over here long e to give his former rivals notice that he was going after his bride. The news of this marriage was a great surprise to all the couple's friends.

The stockade on the plantation of James Johnson was burned by an incendiary

last night. The exercises of the Georgia chautauqua today were exceedingly brilliant. The morning address by State School Commissioner Glenn on educational topics was a feature. At 3 o'clock p. m. Hon. Wallace Bruce, formerly United States minister to

Scotland, spoke on "Poets and Poetry," At 8 o'clock p. m. Dr. Dowling, of Boston lelivered another of his charming lectures Governor Atkinson is expected to arrive in the city tomorrow evening and with Fleming duBignon will form the attractions for Friday, Governor Atkinson will be the guest of Mr. John D. Pope while here.

COLLEGE BOYS STEAL A SIGN. They Hang It on a Tree and Go Before

the Mayor.

Athens, Ga., April 3.—(Special.)—The Southern Intercollegiate Athletic Association, formed several months ago, is getting in good shape now. Its object, a most lauda-ble one, is to retire professionalism from college athletics and to discountenance and prevent brutality in athletic contests, gamb ling over the results and to remove all the disagreeable features that bring the practice of college athletics into disrepute. Dr. Charles H. Hertz, of the University of Georgia, has just written to each college president in the south in regard to the movement.

Five college boys a few nights ago, in the illarity of youth, stole a sign from the Sly house, on Hancock avenue, and hung it up in the top of a big hickory tree on the campus. Cases were docketed against them in mayor's court, and for a while it looked as if the boys would have to pay for their little fun, but they were discharged. Junior Speakers Selected.

The university faculty here announced the successful contestants for junior speakers' places at next commencement. They are Messrs. J. D. Boyd and J. M. Stephenson, Jr., of the Demosthenian Society, and Messrs. C. H. Holden and Shelby Myrick, of the Phi Kappa Society. An Old Bill.

Mr L. D Sledge, in going through some old papers belonging to his family, found a very old piece of money. It was issued by congress in 1176. The bill reads as follows; "No. 903. This bill entitles the bearer to twenty-five pounds currency by resolution of congress, March 6. 1776." It is signed by Roger Smith and Thomas Savage. It is a rare and interesting

relic of independence year.

Newsy Notes. On Tuesday, April 9th, Lucy Cobb institute will manage the large dry goods house of Davison & Lowe for the benefit of the Lucy Cobb exhibit at the Atlanta exposition. Mr. N. W. Coleman, of South Carolina, is in the city for the purpose of purchasing the

Polar ice works.

The Athens presbytery meets here on the 12th instant, and will be called to order by the moderator, Rev. E. L. Telford.

At the synagogue this evening at 8 o'clock occurred the marriage of Miss Minnie Morris, of this city, to Dr. I. M. Schwab, of Savannah, Rabbi Rubenstein officiating. The ceremonies were beautiful and the synagogue crowded with friends of the contracting parties. An elegant entertainment was given complimentary to the bride and groom by Miss S. Kalvannisky, aunt of the bride. Polar ice works. Miss Louise Dubose has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in Colum-

The Old Board Re-Elected Madison, Ga., April 3.—(Special.)—Madison's municipal election today resulted in the re-election of the old board, viz: W. R. Mustin, mayor; M. L. Richter, L. M. Thompson, M. F. Atkinson and John B. Swords, aldermen, by handsome majori-ties. The day passed off quietly.

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PILLS WILL CURE OBESITY An agreeable and perfectly harmless treatment, invented by the well-known chemist, RICHARD HUDNUT, of Broadway, N. Y. REDUCTION 3 to 5 Pounds per Week, Ask for 40-PAGE PAMPHLET, FREE.

A Bad State of Affairs.

The people of the south are being deceived in the purchase of imitation medicines. Be sure to get the right medicine. Don't risk your health in trying any of the many Liver Medicines which have sprung up in the south to be sold in place of Simmons Liver Regulator, put up by J. H. Zeilin & Co., with the Red Z on every package. Have nothing to do with anything else, or any druggist or dealer, who would persuade you, that the many imitations under different names are just as good. It's not true. The people who buy them heap up their miseries. Beware!

YOU NEED HELP ____

If sick, and the best medical help available is none too good. Why not consult specialists of established reputation and unquestioned reliability, such as Dr. Hathaway & Co.? Whatever opinion is given by these leading specialists you can depend upon as being true. There is no trickery or humbuggery in their practice. They are true, genuine specialists in all diseases peculiar to men and women.



Syphilis, Strictures. Nervous Debility, Psoriasis, Pimples, Piles, Catarrh and

Nervous and Sexual Diseases,
Spermatorrhoea, seminal weakness, losses
with dreams, impotency, lost manhood and
the dreaded effects of early vice in young
and middle-aged men, causing premature
decay, nervous debility and physical and
mental weakness, unfitting patients for
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Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, and Gleet,
And all diseases affecting the genito-urinary
system are treated by scientific and successful methods.

All special diseases are cured by methods used at the famous Hot Springs and
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used in Dr. Hathaway & Co.'s treatment,
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out of the blood so that a return is impossible.

Blood and Skin Diseases, Blood and Skin Diseases,

Blood and skin Diseases, Old ulcers, old sore legs, eczema, causing unbearable burning and itching of the skin, pimples and blotches on the face, sore scalp, causing falling hair. Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Causing pain in back, scalding urine, fre-quent mixturition, brick dust and other

quent mixturition, brick dust and other sediment in the urine.

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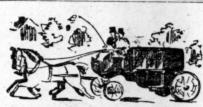
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ocal Department-Notice to Insurers. The contract heretofore existing with Mr. A. L. Waldo as manager of the local

THE ATLANTA HOME INSUR-ANCE COMPANY

expired on April 1st.

The local business will be continued at the same place, corner of Broad and Alabama streets, under Mr. J. S. Daniell, formerly in our general office. merly in our general office.

We also represent THE AETNA INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD and THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, and have ample facilities for writing any lines offered. The Phenix of Brooklyn, the Queen Insurance Company of America and the Pennsylvania are no longer represented in the Atlanta Home agency. Patrons holding policies in these companies, issued by our former local manager, Mr. A. L. Waldo, are requested to call for renewals or for additional msurance, when needed, in other companies now associated.

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New York. ANTWERP
Noordl'd, Ap. 3. Il am Rhynland, May 29, m
Waesl'd, Ap. 10. 5 pm Westernl'd, June 5, m
Friesland, Ap. 17, m Noordland, June 12, m
Rhynl'd, Ap. 24, 4 pm Waesland, June 19, m
West'nl'd, May 1, m Friesland, June 26, m
Noordland, May 8, m Rhynland, July 3, m
Waesland, May 15, m Westn'l'd, July 10, m
Friesland, May 22, m Noordl'd, July 10, m
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The rooms lately occupied by the Exposition Company. Will arrange to suit tenants: Apply Business Office Constitu-Phone 203. No. 8 Loyd St, tion,

Confederate Veterans

Houston, Texas, May 20 The Atlanta and West Point railroad, Atlanta and Houston short line via Mont. gomery, Mobile (along the beautiful guif coast) and New Orleans, will sell tickets at very low rates to confederate veterans and their friends from Atlanta to Houston. Tex. This is absolutely the short line and recognized route between Atlanta and Houston. Through cars will be run. Only one night out by this line. Tickets will be sold May 17th and 18th. If you contemplate going, please send your name to GEORGE W. ALLEN: Trav. Pass. Agent, 12 Kimball house, FRED D. BUSH, D. P. A., L. and N. R. R. 38 Wall St., Gen'l. Pass. Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

Low Rates to Dallas, Texas, Account General Assembly Presbyterian Church.

The Atlanta and West Point railroad (Unit ed States mail route) will sell tickets for the above occasion at one fåre for the round trip (324.90) from Atlanta. Tickets on sale May the 13th, 14th and 15th. Good to return until June 3d. This is the through line, via Montgomery.
Mobile (along the beautiful gulf coast) and
New Orleans.
The rate is open to everybody. This is
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tion. NINE WEEKS' TOUR TO EUROPE. SUMMER 1895. An independent excursion through Europe is being organized to leave the latter part of June and visit England, Holland, Germany, the Austrian Tyrol, Italy, Switzerland, the Rhine, Belgium and France.

The party will be composed of a limited number of gentlemen and persorfally conducted by Professor W. R. Cathcart, Ph. D., (Heidelberg), of the College of Charleston. Parties wishing to join should apply for further particulars to CHARLES O. DUE, Security Savings Bank, Charleston, S. C.

CEORCIA FULTON COUNTY, Ordina-GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1885. Della McDermott, administratrix of Timothy McDermott, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in May, next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust,

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

· feb 7-3m. thur. GEORGIA, FULITON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, February 6, 1895.—Francis F. Appling, administrator of George T. Appling, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in May, next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, feb 7-3m. thur.

feb 7-3m, thur feb 7-3m. thur.

GEORGIA, FULITON, COUNTY-Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1895—Theodore A, Hammond, Jr., administrator of Israel Putnam, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause if any they can, on or before the first Monday in June next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

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Published Daily, Sunday, Weekly.

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ATLANTA, GA., April 4, 1895.

A Spunky Georgia Colonel.

We present elsewhere on this page a clipping from The Chicago Record containing an interview, by Mr. W. E. Curtis, staff correspondent of that paper, with Hon. S. G. McLendon, of Thomasville, a well-known Georgian, and an honest man if there ever lived

Coenel McLendon is a goldbug. The great difference between Colonel Mc-Lendon and other well-known goldbugs is that he is honest in his convictions and is entirely consistent in his intimation that the democratic party may not expect his support unless it revokes and reverses its policy of a century in favor of the use of both gold and silver as standard money metals.

Colonel McLendon has the manhood and the courage to come out from under the brush and make a bold declaration of policy that will raise him in the esteem of all who know him, because people everywhere admire the courage of a dauntless charge whether or not they approve the judgment of the charger.

"A few years ago," says Colonel Mc-Lendon, "the most important issue in the south was negro domination," but now since that danger has passed, the genial young colonel from the wiregrass is of the opinion that the people are becoming more enlightened, "and are beginning to find good points in the republican policy and platform that were not apparent to them before, and" -mark this, from an earnest believer in Mr. Cleveland's financial policy-"they are willing to admit, too, that a recent experiment has demonstrated that the democratic party is not competent to govern this country.'

Since the constitution 'of 1877 there has been no fear whatever of negro domination in Georgia, and since that time the democratic party of this state, in convention after convention, has declared unreservedly for the free and unlimited coinage of silver, though, to do justice to Colonel McLendon, it is but fair to say that for the past eight or ten years he has not hesitated to take issue with the proposition.

Colonel McLendon's honesty should be an example for such of the goldbugs in Georgia as have attached themselves as barnacles to the democratic party, and who are endeavoring to wrech the party in this state just as the party, as a national organization, has been wrecked by the goldbug policy of the Old Man of the Sea, who, as president, has been riding the party to destruction for the past two years.

Colonel McLendon has the courage to admit his willingness to allow the democratic party to pursue its traditional policy, without acting the part of a out-throat and on scuttler, and endeavoring to destroy the party while, at the same time, professing allegiance to it.

There are goldbugs in Georgia-mostly those of the patronage class-who are fighting the party from within, and who are aiming at its very vitals under the pretension of allegiance.

If they are courageous and bonest in their convictions they will do as Colonel McLendon has done and no longer act the part of republicans, and democratic enemies, under the cover of a partisan

If the goldbugs in Georgia were a honest as Colonel McLendon has shown himself to be, the issue would become simplified in the twinkling of an evethe democratic party would at once be come united, determined, active, vigorous and successful-it would wipe out the blot of Clevelandism, return to the honest paths of the past, vindicate the nt of the founders of the federal tution, overthrow tory rule, reestablish the American policy, restore the currency of the country to the double standard which gave us the most prosperous times in the history of the and rescue democracy from dis-

grace and despair.

But this cannot be done so long as les are in control and the Jonahs of party are fighting it from the rear. in get out—let them go to the ins, where they belong, and let the party which they have

wrecked, to once more turn to the work of rescue and reparation, without the embarrassment and humiliation of being forced to fight traitors from within, at the time their united attention should be devoted to the enemies from without We glory in Colonel McLendon's spunk!

The Hotel Venable. The definite announcement by Messrs.

Venable Bros. that they will at once commence the erection of a ten-story granite hotel on the old capitol site will be the pleasantest sort of news to the people of Atlanta.

Two much cannot be said in praise of the enterprise of these gentlemen. The undertaking seems a stupendous one for a single firm to essay, but the men who have this in hand haven't even the remotest acquaintance with the meaning of the word "fail" and they are sure to carry this enterprise through to a successful ending.

While it is gratifying that such an important step toward solving the exposition problem should have been taken, that is a mere incident. The erection of such a building will add very much, while the addition of such a hotel will mean even more, in the upbuilding of the city.

The further announcement that the new hotel will be in the hands of the Lelands is all the guarantee necessary of its quality; and with its Aragon and Kimball and Venable, not to mention the smaller but hardly less important houses, Atlanta will soon have the reputation of being a city of magnificent hotels-which, of itself, is of great value to any city.

Atlanta is growing and there is nothing mushroom about her growth. She is just entering upon her greatest era of prosperity. There is room for the Hotel Venable, and the gentlemen whose name it will bear have given another evidence of their excellent judgment in this undertaking

And Atlanta does move!

The Result of Clevelandism.

The result of the elections that have een held recently lead to but one conclusion-that the people everywhere and in all the states are keen and eager to put on record their protest against Clevelandism. Since the extra session of congress, when the administration repudiated the democratic platform, the people have made it a point to defeat almost every candidate on whom a suspicion of Clevelandism could be fastened.

These candidates called themselves democrats, and, through them, the party has been defeated; but the defeat of the party has been more apparent than real. Clevelandism is not democracy, nor anything like it. The democratic party is not now and never has been favor of the demonetization of silver. The democratic paris not now and never has been in favor of perpetuating the single gold standard by the issue of bonds The democratic party is not now and never has been in favor of permitting Great Britain and other foreign pow-

ers to dictate its financial policy. These things constitute the sum and substance of Clevelandism and whenever the democratic party leaders or any part of them undertake to commit the party to such a programme as that which has been carried out by Cleveland, the organization will disappear as suddenly as if it had been swept away by a cy-

The place for those who believe a single gold standard, or in bond issue to sustain that standard, or in making the United States dependent on the Eu ropean monarchies, is in the republican party, and the people will finally force them there. The single gold standard and bond issues, and a patient waiting for Europe to settle our financial difficulties, are all republican schemes and Mr. Cleveland is not powerful enough to

force them on the democratic party. Some of the ardent Clevelandites are already beginning to see that they can not carry the democratic party with them. Consequently they are now publishing to the world their purpose to desert the party if it declares for the unlimited and independent coinage of silver. This is honest, to say the least, No goldbug has any business outside of the republican party.

The Negro at Our Exposition.

After a generation of freedom, the negroes of the south and of the entire country will have an opportunity to show at our coming exposition what pro gress they have made in education, business and industry. I. Garland Penn, the chief commissioner for the colored exhibit, is assisted by able state commissions composed of his race, and the managers of the exposition, the white people of the United States, and of all civilized nations, are taking an active interest in this attractive and important feature of Atlanta's great en-

We take pleasure in commending the speeches made last Tuesday night at the colored exposition meeting held at the Big Bethel church in this city. The intelligent and progressive negroes who spoke on that occassion hit the nail on the head when they declared that the exposition had nothing to do with jimcrow cars and certain other things complained of by a few kickers and agita tors who are trying to make the colored people dissatisfied with their proposed eparate exhibit.

Chief Commissioner Penn, his associates and thousands of leading men of their race feel that the exposition will give them the best chance they have ever had to call the attention of the civilized world to what they have done in the past thirty years for themselves with their brains and hands. The big mistake of the Chicago world's fair in making no provision for an independent exhibit of this character will now be ectified by the liberal and broad-minded south, which is anxious to see the colored people make a showing that will be worthy of them. It is to be rewill be worthy of them. It is to be regretted that a few designing men are endeavoring to prejudice the negroes against this exhibit, but there will always be demagogues and agitators among the blacks, as well as among the whites, who for their own selfah purposes will try to create discord and discontent. The evil influence of this class has been widely felt in our politics, but it is plain to every fair-minded observed that here in the south, where there is no pernicious outside interference, the two races dwell side by side in perfect harmany, each profiting by the other's prosperity, and quietly adjusting itself to the conditions of its environment. The southern whites will never forget the devoted loyalty of the blacks luring the war.

This is the view of The Colored American, a leading negro newspaper published in Washington city. In the last ssue of this enterprising weekly considerable space is devoted to our exposition, with pictures of the chief commissioner and the Virginia commissioners and the building for the negro exhibit.

We learn from this journal and from other sources that there is a growing interest all over the land in the exposition's negro department, and with a little active work on the part of local committees we fell assured that the exhibit will be worthy of a race which in thirty years has accumulated \$240,000,-000 worth of taxable property and made such remarkable strides in intellectual and material progress.

The agitators who attempt to divert attention from the exposition to some alleged grievances of the negroes should be promptly discouraged. The negroes should see to it that they do their whole duty in this matter, and then if there any disappointment the whites will be responsible for it. But it will never do for the colored people to hold aloof, and then claim that the exposition did not give them a fair opportunity to show what they could do. They should do their level best at our big show and their white friends will stand by them.

An Extraordinary Man.

A man may be unscrupulous, unreliable and even contemptible in some of his methods and traits of character, but if he is masterful, with a strong personality, he may still hold his own and wield a wonderful influence.

Li Hung Chang is a case in point. He is partly responsible for China's humiliation, because he made money out of army contracts in which inferior arms were purchased; he is hated by the court party at Peking and detested by the Japanese, and yet he is the only man who is thought capable of conducting China's negotiations for peace, and the assault upon him probably caused Japan to consent to an armistice.

It seems that ability is at such premium in China that the government is willing to run the risk of employing a brainy rascal in preference to an honest man of ordinary talent. Li Hung Chang appears to be a second Talleyrand -a statesman with no conscience-a man of such ready resources that all parties desire his services, knowing at the same time that he must be closely watched to prevent him from trading with the enemy. Such a trickster may escane nunishment during his lifetime but he will fare badly when posterity makes up its verdict,

Still this selfish schemer may do his best to outwit the Japanese diplomat, Count Ito, and make a good bargain for China, as a mere matter of intellectual pride. Sometimes bad men render great services to their country.

An Absurd Fake.

The press dispatch stating that the legation at Washington has received letters from ex-confederates in the south tendering their services to aid in putting down the Cuban rebellion is, of course, a ridiculous story manufactured out of the whole cloth.

From the first insurrection in Cubs down to the present time the people of the south has always sympathized with the islanders in their efforts to throw off the oppressive yoke of Spain, and time and again southerners in considerable numbers have joined the revolutionists. In the last notable revolu the ex-confederate general, Jordan, ac cepted a high position in the Cuban army, and many ex-confederates joined

American sentiment is overwhelming y for the annexation of Cuba, or in favor of its independence, and nowhere is this feeling stronger than in the south, and especially among the old confeder-

The Washington story comes from a Spanish source, and this fact alone should discredit it. Until within the past few days the Spanish authorities have denied that there was a war in progress in Cuba, and the growing strength of the insurgents has been carefully concealed, so far as the Spanjards have been able to do it.

It is now a settled fact that the Co bans are pretty well organized, with a large army in the field, and the indicaions are that their uprising is a formidable one, and that Spain will not be able to suppress it, if the revolutionists receive material from their sympathiz-

ers in this country. One thing is certain-there are no ex confederates who feel like drawing their words against a brave people fighting for their independence, but there are many who would gladly take up arms against Spain to punish her for her repeated outrages upon American citizens, and they would eagerly engage in any movement that would result in the annexation of Cuba. But if Spain desires American recruits she must look for them among the tories. They cannot be found in this part of the country, except in the scattered tory element.

A Beautiful Life, dispatch from Richmond, Va. printed in vesterday's Constitution announces the death of Mrs. R. T. Powell, at the home of her son-in-law, Hon. John Randolph Tucker, in Lexington. Mrs. Powell died at the ripe old age of

eighty-eight, leaving ten children. The death of this remarkable woman must suggest to thoughtful minds a comparison between her career as a wife and mother, and that of some of the more "advanced" women of our time who are seeking in a restless and an anxious way to enter the political arena. The Virginian wife and mother is a type and representative of the women who, in the old days, when life

seems to be, were happy and contented in their homes and appreciated to the fullest extent the responsibilities that rested upon them as the mothers of the rising generations. They were not disconcerted by these large responsibilities, but went about meeting them with the ease, the grace and the courage that were theirs by inheritance as well as by education and training.

They had time for their social duties, which were as pressing as they were pleasant, and they had time also to take a keen interest in the political questions that claimed the attention of their husbands and their fothers But they found their chief pleasure in molding the characters of their children and imparting to the minds of these charges those principles that are the basis of all that is worth living for in this world.

They found in their family circles a large and an important field for the exercise of their ambition to govern In that field they framed just and temperate laws and administered them with tact and skill. They knew that the household was as important as the republic itself, and they found therein full scope for the exercise of every womanly ambition and opportunities enough to satisfy every womanly desire. They were not afraid to childdren nor careless enough to delegate to others the duty of caring for them.

Times have changed somewhat, and not by any means for the better. New ideas have found lodgement in strange places. We hear great talk of "progress" and "advancement." There seems to be a great hubbub and a con fused chattering where formerly all was peace and quiet. Before we accept new ideas, let us be sure that correct principles are behind. The newer the idea the greater the necessity for regarding is with suspicion. A great deal of deviltry has been carried on in the name of progress.

Let us be sure, before we accept a new idea, that it is not a device to create trouble. Let us be sure that it is sound and sensible. In making a compact with progress let us be sure that it is not going to lead us away from the sanity and sweetness and simplicity that made life beautiful for those who have passed away, and that still make it beautiful for those who accept as a legacy the example of the men and women whose ambition never outran their duties.

Let us be old-fashioned a little while longer. There is no reason why the home and household should be sacrificed to new-fangled ideas about the "advancement" of women. There is no woman more truly advanced than she who is the queen of a happy home-a home made fruitful by love-and who, in her old age, finds herself reposing tenderly on the affections of those who know her as mother or grandmother. Of such a woman it may be truly said that the memory of her devotion "smells sweet and blossoms in the dust."

Spring turned back to give winter one more embrace yesterday. Evidently she would just as soon have paper violets in her hair as the genuine article.

Did McKinley come into Georgia to find ut how many administration goldbugs would join the republicans when the democratic party declared for the unlimited and independent coinage of silver? Editor Godkin, of The New York Even-

ing Post, no doubt believes that "Coin's Financial School" is a "brute" book on a "brutish" subject. Editor Godkin will have to be quarantined again.

The tide will not turn in favor of the democrats until the people are sure the party is ready to repudiate Clevelandism,

The democrats will never succeed in a national election again until they get rid of the goldbugs and nominate a man who stands on democratic principles and represents the people.

EBITORIAL COMMENT.

Eugene Field has the following interest ing item in his column of gossip in The

Chicago Record: "Joel Chandler Harris, whose home is in Atlanta, Ga., is said to be the best natured literary man in the world. He makes his boast that he has never refused an application for his autographic signature, and as he is now advanced in years and in infirm health, it is probable that autograph collectors know the value of a manuscript line or two signed and dated by him. One of Mr. Harris's illuminate pages of manuscript recently sold in Ne York for the considerable sum of \$55."

J. E. B. Stuart Camp of Confederate Veterans, of Clarke county, Virginia, unanimously adopted a resolution pronouncing against countenancing the proposition to make a national park of Appomattox battlefield. Still more such national parks are needed. Some of the old battlefields aroun Atlanta should have been preserved this way.

A curious feature of the situation in Cuba is the fact that the revolutionists are waiting, not with fear, but with eager hope, for the outbreak on the island of great yellow fever epidemic. That there will be such an outbreak is made more certain every time a ship loaded with royal troops arrives from Spain. Wholly unacclimated, these men are doomed, un-less they receive care which the authorities are not likely to give them, while the insurgent forces, composed in great part of native Cubans, can view with little or no apprehension the possible appearance their ranks of a disease with which they are familiar. The fever will be for them a grim and terrible ally. For this condition of affairs Spain has only herself to blame. For years Havana has been a plague spot simply because its rulers have neglected those ordinary say itary precautions whose adoption in the English, French, Danish and Dutch pos sessions in the West Indies has made these islands almost as safe from yellow fever as New York and considerably safer than New Orleans. This fact makes the downfall of Spanish rule in Cuba a matter of direct interest to the whole United States. A continuance of the present gov ernment means that in the future, as i the past, every northern port will find it-self in danger as often as summer comes around and will be forced to adopt quarantine regulations that interfere with travel and commerce.

In reply to a correspondent who spoke of Editor Dana as a learned man, Editor Godkin, of The New York Evening Post, says: "Mr. Dana is not a "learned man." At all events no one knows whether he is or not. He has published nothing indicative of knowledge or culture. His little articles in The Sun show nothing of that kind. The only evidence he has given of capacity for continuous thought on any acity for continuous thought on any ject is two addresses to undergraduates lefense of his peculiar style of journalJUST FROM GEORGIA.

Keep Up Heart, Believers! Keep up heart, believers-Never mind the weather! Road is rough, But smooth enough

When we go together! Little while-it's over! Soon will end the race:

If you don't strike Grover. You'll get along to grace ! Keep up heart, believers-Never mind the weather ! Night is long, But full of song

As we go together ! Little while-it's over! Soon you'll reach the place: If you don't strike Grover, You'll get along to grace!

Never mind the weather! Roses bloom In all the gloom When we march together! Little while-it's over! All the odds we'll face: If you don't strike Grover, You'll get along to grace!

Keep up heart, believers-

Keep up heart, believers-Never mind the weather! Woods are stirred With many a bird As we go together ! Little while-it's over ! Bound to win the race:

We'll all thank God for grace ! -F. L. S. Private Bennett and Colonel Dickinso of The Cincinnati Enquirer, are in the city, and will probably remain here for a week or more. They are right welcome to Georgia, where both are well and fa-

If you don't strike Grover,

vorably known. They are two of the bright est newspaper men in the country. Beware! Beware! Far off we hear the rolling Of the biting blizzard's drums: Beware, ye April violets!

> Frost King

Comes ! Far off we hear the whistling Of the weather that benumbs: Beware, To April poetlings! The Frost

King Comes

A western exchange has a good word for "the blue skies of Georgia." Yes; we have them here every spring, and when spring is a trifle invariably strike them about the middle of July.

The Tables Turned.

"I caught a burglar in my room last night," said the editor, "Indeed?

"Yes; but I only got \$6 out of the poor fellow !

We must congratulate, most heartily, the rising young artist of The Thomasville Advertiser. If anything were needed to prove that he is a howling success his reent Pullman-car-opera-house etching in the above named paper would supply it. There is genius and labor in his work and a refreshing originality, which is and a refreshing originality, which is something to be thankful for in this imitative age.

One Way or the Other. Northern Visitor-Any race riots in this Old Inhabitant-No; but most o' the nig-

gers die a-gittin' religion ! March went out like a lion, and April ame in with winds enough to wreck every olossom on the trees.

Fall in Line. However this glorious country goes, Go with it and never mind it In spite of the weather, the good Lord There's a winter garden that gleams and

glows
With the red and white of a splendid rose, For every one who will find it!

SOME GEORGIA STORIES

The "Gossip Man" of The Augusta Evening Herald has the following story of the champion snorer of the age: ing Heraid has the following story of the champion snorer of the age:

"Talk agout snoring,' said a gentleman today, 'I can point you to the greatest in that accomplishment—if accomplishment you want to call it—in the world.
"I mean Mr. S. A. Hemphill. He is an artist in that line, sure I was on the sleeper coming from Macon to Camak once, Mr. Hemphill was at that time superintendent of the Georgia road. He was "raising sand," as the small boys say. Snoring! Egad, I never heard such a noise. It drowned the sound of a passing locomotive. Everybody in the car was awake, No one could sleep. Finally a gentleman called out to the porter: "For God's sake touch that man or turn him on his side. What's the use of hiring a berth when that noise is on?" "Can't call him down, boss," said the porter. "He's the superintendent of this road." "I don't care a d—n if he's the president, wake him." About this time the snorer heard the conversation and awoke. "It's all right, fellows," he said. "Go to sleep and I'll remain awake two or three hours." He did so and all enjoyed much needed rest. But, gracious, how he does snore!"

A correspondent of The Sandersville Her

ald, writing to that paper from Dwight, Ga., says:

"Beulah has been a place for divine worship for more than 100 years, having been constituted in the year 1791. In its inception it bore the name of Island's Mill, but was subsequently changed to Beulah, its present name. Many of the colored folks in that neighborhood are without food or employment, owing to the destructive African move last summer and fall. Many of them sold out and gave away what they had in order to take the first train for Liberia, and I am told that even now, when a cow gets on the track, and the whistle is blown for quite a time, many of them make for the railroad. Thus it is they have nothing to eat, and no work to do, and I expect will remain so until Uncle Sam gives them a job somewhere."

Fourth Asssistant Postmaster Genera Maxwell has notified the postmaster at Ros-well that the department desires the name of Roswell postoffice changed, and he has asked Postmaster Paden to confer with the patrons of the office and select a suitable name in lieu of Roswell. The rea-son assigned for this request is because some confusion has occurred in the trans-mission of the mail between the office of Roswell and a little postofice in Walker county called Rossville. Commenting on the proposed change, The Roswell Banner

"We say the request is unreasonable from the fact that Roswell is one of the oldest towns in Georgia, having been incorporated in 1837, and is a town of greater magnitude than Rossville can ever hope to attain. Roswell represents a manufacturing interest of half a million dollars and has been a manufacturing town for nearly sixty years. It has a population of about 1,500, while Rossville has, probably, fifty. Roswell has ten miles of railroad known as the Roswell railroad. Reswell does an immense mercantile business, is a large cotton market and is an old established town of importance. It is an objectionable request, because the factories here have an established trade of years, and to change the name of the postoffice would create untold content of the recovery of the postoffice would areate untold contents.

SPARTY LIVES STACK "

Break-Up in the South Comfng "Democrats at Variance with Their

From The Chicago Record. Thomasville, Ga., March 27.—'I do not know what we will do or what will become of us." said Colonel S. G. McLendon, an several years a member of the legislature an ex-mayor of Thom-



asville and now gen eral solicitor of the Plant system of rail roads, "except that we will not support, and will do every thing to defeat, any candidate for presi dent or any other office who advocates or

S. G. M'LENDON. which we believe detive to the prosperity of this country, and particularly to our own section. I have not left the democratic party and I am not going to leave it, unless I am driven out. But I shall support the candidate who rep-

American industries.

"How many democrats in Georgia think as I do? A great many. A very large proportion of the business men of the state, and those who are engaged in the development of the second ment of its resources and the extension of ment of its resources and the extension of its industries—generally speaking, all those who have something at stake. Party alle-giance was never at such a low ebb in the south as it is today. A few years ago the most important issue was negro domina-tion. Then the white people were almost a unit. Now that the negro is practically out of politics, and under our constitution can never be the source of apprehension again, the democrats of Georgia are dis-cussing political questions in a broader light and are beginning to find good points in the republican policy and platform not apparent to them before. They are willing to admit, too, that a recent experi-ment has demonstrated that the democratic party is not competent to govern this coun-

"I do not say that we are going to turn republicans, or that we will vote the republican ticket at the next election. I am not so hasty as that; but I am willing to assert in the most positive language that should the democrats nominate coinage candidate for president in 1896 he will not receive the votes of a very large and respectable minority of their party in

"We are split wide open. The breach is too great to be healed, and there is no use in trying to get the party together on any kind of compromise platform. We have got to meet these questions of financial and industrial policy sooner or later, and we had meet them now. The struggle has already been postponed too long. There has got to be two parties in Georgia, just as there are two ideas upon those question and it matters very little to me what names they are called by, but we are going to stand and vote with that class of peo-ple of the north who think as we do."

IN GEORGIA SANCTUMS.

The editor of The Statesboro Star makes this announcement:

"We present to our readers this week an eight-page paper instead of a four-page. An increased amount of both advertising and subscription patronage has enabled us to do this. We are determined to use every means in our power to publish a paper that will give to the public full value for their money, and in doing so we hope to secure the continued support of our friends."

The Augusta Evening Herald is getting up a very interesting gossip column. The fine Gaelic hand of Tom Murphy is every-

Here is a suggestive paragraph from The Augusta Evening Herald:
"Let capitalists start in the newspaper business. The money than will get into the hands of the people and out of those of the capitalists."

The Populist Sentinel is the name of a new paper at Canton, Cherokee county. Great preparations are being made for the woman's edition of The Augusta Chron-

icle. It bids fair to be a big affair. It is evident, from the following, that the editor of The Vienna Progress has a hard job on hand. He says:

"We are at work this week on the west"We are at work this week on the western hemisphere, using a pond for the lantic ocean. We are going to dig aro the southern, western and northern po of North and South America to form other three oceans."

Here is a bit of human nature from The Vienna Progress:

"A little Vienna boy, about five years of age, recently addressed his father thus: 'Papa, when I get a big man like you, I'm going to work and make a heap of money.' If you do,' replied the father, 'you will do a d—n sight more'n your dad ever did!"

THE SILVER MOVEMENT. Butler Herald: Prior and down to 1873 the government mints were open to both metals—gold and silver, and to that time, and especially from the close of the war up to 1873, the country has never known an era of greater prosperity than that which it enjoyed during that period. It was during this period that our greatest enterprises were inaugurated and carried on; the people built more and, better dwellings, and more miles of railway were constructed than ever before in the history of the country for the same length of time. All this when our mints were open to the free and unlimited coinage from the establishment of our government down to 1873 and silver did not drive out gold to any great extent, but it is a fact that under the single gold standard more gold has been sent out of the country than in all the previous history of our government. This is a fact. We see, therefore, that fact, experience is against the goldbugs—that it proves that with our mints open to silver as well as gold the country as a rule has been prosperous, and for a portion of the time highly prosperous. On the other hand, experience shows that from the year that silver was demonetized the welfare of the country began to decline and for the past twenty years the downward course has been gradual but steady and irreversible. And since the full and absolute demonetization of silver—since the fall of 1833—the decline has been so fearful and rapid in the business world that the wreek and ruin which are left in a community when it is swept over by a cyclone are not greater, and if life is left untouched the suffering is not so great. Butler Herald: Prior and down to 1873 the

so great. Augusta Chronicie: Chicago wants a visit from President and Mrs. Cleveland. It is to be boomed as a "sound" margin. Augusta Chronicle: Chresco wants a visit from President and Mrs. Cleveland. It is to be boomed as a "sound" money demonstration. Everybody wants "sound" money, but there is a very wide difference among people as to what constitutes it. If the Chicago people mean gold money, and nothing but the gold standard for the future, let them have the frankness and nerve to say so. Don't let us masquerade under glittering generalities. If we are in favor of both gold and silver, let us say so. If we favor only gold, or only silver, as the money standard, let us declare it. Don't talk about honest money and sound money, and such other terms as are usually employed to cover what is actually meant.

ployed to cover what is actually meant.

Albany Heraid: The goldbugs and government bond scalpers, after having drawn the line between the single gold standard and honest bimetallism, are now afraid of the issue, and the politicisms and cuckoo organs are busying themselves with a concerted effort to divert public attention from the aspect which they themselves have given to the currency question. Nobody seems to be hankering after the democratic nomination for the presidency in 1896, since all realize that Cleveland has put the party where its nomination will not be worth having until it has had time to live down the effects of his administration, but it is to be noticed that the aspirants for the republican nomination are all trying to look both ways on the financial pirants for the republican nomination are all trying to look both ways on the financial question.

Queer.

from The LaGrange, Ga., If you pick a man's pocket you are a thier and will be sent to the penitentiary. If you engineer the people out of eight million dollars by a bond issue you are a patriot and have saved the national credit. TALK OF THE TOWN.

Dr. H. C. White, who delivered the oration at the Atlanta Medical college com nent Tuesday night, sustained thoroughly the splendid reputation he has won by his eloquence as an orator and his brilliance as a lecturer. His speech was frequently spoken of during the terday and always in terms of highest

He was unanimously selected as the rator of the occasion. It is needless to say that greater care was exercised than ever before in the history of the college, as the



class was a larger one and one which was acknowledged to be superior to the classes that have preceded it.

Dr. White had a most difficult task before him. His address was directed to a class of graduates in a certain profession and was not a matter of speaking upon a certain subject. In his address, Dr. White was able and interesting. He wove earned utterances into the most eloquent of phrases and delved deep into science, vet divulging in a clear and concise man-

ner the truths that he discovered. There is a charm in Dr. White's manner when he speaks. He is earnest and speaks from the heart and soul as well as from the mind. There is nothing of the stilted in his expressions, but there is a fine feeling which is in perfect harmony with the speaker's style. Every sentiment he uttered Tuesday night was one that carried conviction with it. When Dr. White spoke of the duties of the physician, he laid bare to the large audience the splendor of the medical profession. He blazed, too, the way for the young graduates, and pointed out to them, falteringly and eloquently, their duty to-

wards each other and to mankind. A portion of Dr. White's address was devoted to professional etiquette-the ethics of doctors. He declared the dig-nity of professional ethics and bespoke an acceptance of them by the graduates in a forceful fashion. Dr. White was at his best when he referred to the scope of medicine as a science. He arranged, with wonderful precision, a symmetrical picture of the relationship of the different sciences. All of them were made contributors to the science of medicine. There was nothing strained in the comparisons, but the logical sequence was made plainly apparent,

bustling, bright looking girls who always appear so confident of themselves, and everybody looked at She was one of those active, energetic,

her in admiration as she bounced into the vestibuled train, Atlanta bound, had some She ideas of her own as

to how her baggage should be placed and after the porter had carefully fixed it down

"That's Nellie Bly," some one whis-

There was a New York newspaper man on the train and he, of course, was sup posed to know the wonderful Nellie. yes; that's Nellie," said he, taking a look at her. Everybody agreed that she was a One of the ladies said she thought Nellie was unbearable. The gentlemen all watched eagerly for an excuse to open a conversation with her were just dying to show some attention

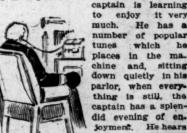
to the real live possessor of the name they had heard of so much. Meantime the fair young typewritress had settled down to read "Princess Aline,"

and was reflecting upon the monotony and tediousness of the trip. At last one brave man broke the ice. The young lady made room for him to sit down beside her. One by one the others drifted up. The alleged Nellie Bly was in her element. She entertained as of them as could gather around her. dinner was announced there was a scram-ble as to who should carry her in. She ordered wines with splendid grace.

bill was \$10. After dinner some one suggested cards. She was willing. They had a game, betting just a little to make it interesting. The supposed Nellie won a good sum. She told good stories, laughed in her rippling, joyous fashion and completely captured

ishe's a wonder—that girl, Nellie Bly, said an old gentleman. "No wonder she's such a fine newspaper woman. I would have known her anywhere." At the depot here the young lady bade friends goodby, stopped off and said she would spend a week here writing up

the city. Captain Jim English has a phonograph at his residence, and it affords him infinite amount of amusement. It is a present from a friend and the



to enjoy much. He has a number of popular tunes which places in the machine and, sitting down quietly in his parlor, when everything is still, the did evening of enjoyment. a tune that happens to strike his fancy

and he writes for it, enclosing of course, the catalogued price. He has nearly all the favorite airs of today. "It's a great source of pleasure to me," says the captain. "Sometimes everything gets very quiet and I feel like having a little music of my own. Then I go in, sit down in front of the machine, put in my favorite tune and start her to going.

my ravorite tune and start her to going.
All I've to do is to sit there and listen.
The machine does the rest."
While the police board row was on and going at its highest and fiercest, Captain English quietly observed to some one standing near:

"If I only had my phonograph here, it would be a great treat."

If the phonograph had only been there to record what occurred, Captain English could now sit down at his home and listen to the lively row whenever he chooses to do so.

IN THE LOCAL FIELD.

Minor Happenings of the Day in Court, Criminal, Social, Political, and Educational Circles in Atlanta.

WEATHER-Cool and fair. EVENTS-State medical examining board meets at state capitol, 9 a, m. Ladies's Memorial Association meets

state capitol, 11 a. m. Colonial committee will meet at Mrs. W. L. Peel's 3 p. m.

Aldermanic board, 3 p. m. AMUSEMENTS: Baseball-Brooklyn vs Atlanta, Athletic park, 3:30 p. m. COURTS—Superior court, civil branch, Judge J. H. Lumpkin, 9 a. m.; city court, civil branch, Judge Epps, 9 a. m.; city court,

criminal docket, Judge Westmoreland, 9 a.

m ; United States court, Judge W. T. New

man, 10 a. m.

-Mr. L. D. Thomas, who has been b Virginia visiting his mother, who has been quite ill, returned from Charlottesville yesterday, and is again at his desk in the Richmond and Danville office. Mr. Thomas left his mother much improved and comes home with every assurance that she will

—The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Johnson died yesterday afternoon at the family home on Martin street, near Woodward avenue. The child was only a few months of age, but it had endeared it-self to the hearts of the parents, and its death will cause much sorrow. The remains will be taken to Fairburn tomorrow for interment in the Johnson burying

-All of the military companies are working every night to get in good shape for Memorial Day. The indications are that the military display this year will be the finest that has been seen in Atlanta on Memorial Day for years.

-Mrs. Inomas P. Ivy, who is now in the east, has called a meeting of the local Massachusetts colonial committee of the exposition to meet in the Parker house, Boston, today. Mr. and Mrs. Governor Greenhalge will be present and Governor Greenhalge has promised to ask the leg-islature for an appropriation for the woman's department of the exposition

There will be a meeting of the chariand hospital committee immediately after the adjournment of the Ladies' Hospi tal Aid Society tomorrow morning. The meetings will be held in the Young Men's Christian Association hall.

-Captain Wylie Burnett, the silver tongued orator of Athens, and Mr. Rufus Reaves came over from the Classic City last evening, and are at the Kimball.

-The railway conductors of the Atlanta tors are making great preparations for the nvention of the grand division to be held here in the near future.

-Several of the graduates of the Atlanta Medical college will locate in Atlanta to pursue their chosen profession.

-There will be several delegates from Atlanta to the convention of the American Train Dispatchers' Association, to be held in Minneapolis in June. Mr. Charles Daniels, of this city, is corresponding secreta

Lewis will regret to learn of her critical illness at her residence No. 133 Richardso street.

-Mr. Roland Ellis, of Macon, was in the city yesterday, attending to legal business He has many friends in this city who are always glad to welcome him here.

Judge Turner, principal keeper of the Georgia penitentiary, will begin his tour of inspection of all the camps next month. He says the penitentiary camps are in a most desirable condition just at present, both in the matter of discipline and of sanitation

A resident of Chattanooga who was in difficulty the commissioners of the Chickamauga national military park have at las located the spot whereon fell the gallant Peyton H. Colquitt, of Georgia, who was of the eight commanders of brigade killed at that battle. A handsome monu-ment has been placed on the spot by the

-West Russell is a young negro who several weeks ago threw a rock at another coon and struck Mr. J. C. Kerlin a sting-ing blow on the head. He left Atlanta, but was arrested yesterday, and when he before the recorder was sent to the stockade for a long term.

-For two weeks a negro who repre sented himself to the people who came from the carshed as a hotel porter has been doing work on Wall street. He is thought to have stolen a number of satchels and Officer Mewburn arrested yesterday and arraigned him before the recorder, who found him guilty of loiter-ing and ordered him to the stockade.

-The police department since reorganization is doing work smoothly and ener-getically. The men are exerting them-selves under the changed conditions and everything about the department seems to have taken on new life.

—Measures are being taken for the summer uniforms of the patrolmen. The contract was awarded by the board of commissioners in session yesterday to Wanamaker & Brown, of Philadelphia, who bid \$12.50 a suit.

-The state exposition board was in sescouple of hours yesterday and most of its work was routine. It was de cided to offer premiums for county exhib-its in the agricultural branch of the state board at first decided that there should be no county exhibits, or rather there should be no premiums for them, but after a thorough consideration of the situation they have determined to offer these premiums as well as individual pre-miums. The premium list is not yet out, nor have the details yet been decided upon, but they will be very shortly:

-Services at the First Christian church continue with increased interest, the audience increases in numbers and the earnest sermons each hight by the pastor, C. P. Williamson, are greatly enjoyed. There have been several additions to the church this week. The subject of the sermon tonight is "The Good Father." Services com-mence at 7:45 o'clock p. m. Seats free.

Congregational singing. Evecutive Clerk Conyers has made a discovery of value to the state. In rumag ing through the old volumes at the executive department he found a volume containing the military record of Georgians in the Florida and Creek wars. It was supposed that this volume had been destroyed with others, during the war, and as about the only chance which Georgians have of securing pensions is based on the information contained in this volume its value can be realized.

The governor has appointed Judge James, of the Tallapoosa circuit, to act as a justice of the supreme court in some cases in which Judge Simmons is disquali-

THE BOARD WILL NOT ACT.

The Appropriation for Cutting the Trees on Pryor Street.

Trees on Pryor Street.

The board of aldermen will meet this afternoon, but there will be very little business of importance before the body.

The ordinance authorizing the construction of sewers on Williams and Martin streets and the award of the contract for the paving of Butler street in front of the Grady hospital will be considered.

The destruction of the shade trees on Pryor street will not be brought up, as the money for that work is to be taken out of the money already appropriated to the work on Pryor street, an action in which the council has already concurred.

THE PASSING THRONG.

"I see that telegraphic dispatches indi

cate that the defeat of Blee for mayor of Cleveland means a rebuke to Senator Brice," said Mr. James F. Anderson, of Cincinnati. "That is pretty far fetched. Cleveland is normally a republican city and this is a republican year. Those tw facts have a great deal more to do with the republican victory than Senator Brice had to do with the democratic defeat. It's true, however, that Brice is pretty dead in Ohio. I don't think that if the democrats had the legislature he would come anywhere near being re-elected. Who would be? Well, that's a pretty hard question. 1 think, perhaps, if the democrats did have the legislature-which, by the way, is very much of an impossible condition for several years to come—that John R. McLean, of The Cincinnati Enquirer, would be the man chosen. McLean's fight for silver is un-questionably getting pretty close to the people. The politicians try to make it ap-pear that the people up our way are not discussing the financial question, but a bigger mistake couldn't be made. The people are thinking and talking finance very much more than they are talking about the tariff. While the friends of silver are undoubtedly increasing rapidly, still I don't
think that the state could be carried for
free silver yet awhile. The fact of the matter is, the Germans about hold the palance
of power in Ohio and the Germans believe
that anything John Sherman says is gosthat anything John Sherman says is gos The only times the democratic party been able to carry the state in recent years has been when the Germans were with the democrats, but as long as Sherman lives they will never be with them on free silver. Yes, I think the delegates from Ohio to the next national convention will strong silver men. I can't see it any

"I should like very much indeed," said Mr. Elbert Beavers, of East Point, who is a well known citizen of this county, "to find some of the men who were in my com pany during the war. I volunteered at the outbreak of the war in Company F, of the Forty-eighth regiment of Alabama Volun teers, which was organized at Blountsville Ala,, and was commanded at the time by Captain Ellis. If any of my old comrade will send me word, either in care of The Constitution, or at my home at East Point I will be greatly obliged. By the way," h continued, 'I expect I was one of the last Georgians to get home from the army on a furlough. I came on one of the last furoughs which General Lee granted, and i ook a special kind of record to sec The only people eligible were heads of fam ilies who had been prompt and good sol-diers and had never been home before. My furlough was granted in February, and in April came the surrender. I was at home

"Everything is quiet in North Georgia," said ex-Judge Matt Henry, of Rome, who came down yesterday to attend to some business in the federal court. "We may be as you say, a little shy on news up our way, but I tell you we're right in the heart of the best part of the south. I honestly believe that there is no place which has quite the advantage that Rome has, and ir the development of this section, which is sure to come, I feel certain that Rome will profit largely. Yes, I think that development is coming soon. Whatever may hap pen politically, it is practically certain that the next few years will show a return of prosperity and the south is going to have the benefit of it. As the manufacturers of New England study the situation down here they re bound to see how largely i will be to their advantage to either estab-lish large branches or to bring their cotton mills bodily to this section. The most enthis way, for we are certain that our natural advantages are such that when they once look they are sure to investigate on lines of practical business sense, and that means that they will come, and Rome is going to hold her own in this forward

"The soldiers of Georgia are being rapid ly put upon a real military basis," said Col-enel Usher Thomason, who is a member of the state military advisory board, and who acted as secretary for the meeting held here on Tuesday. "Yes," he continued; "the looseness which characterized the methods about all disappeared. A few companies are still negligent, but they are rapidly being brought into shape, and it means something now to be connected with the milita to the very efficient work done by Lieuten ant Satterlee, United States Army, as assistant adjutant general and assistant in spector general of the state troops. would certainly have been hard to have found a man more thoroughly suited for this work than Lieutenant Satterlee has been, and everybody connected with the military is glad to give him credit for the

movement. You can count on that."

"I have just noticed," said a gentleman who was at the capitol yesterday, there are in the executive parlors the pictures of all of the governors since the war with a single exception, and that is Governor Smith. Certainly his picture ought to be there, and I feel sure that when the fact I have mentioned is brought to the notice of the people of Columbus, some steps will be taken by them toward having a portrait of their distinguished fellow citizen, who was one of the foremost men of his day, placed in its proper position at the office of the governor in the capitol.'

"You can announce." said Mr. Whit Collier, "that this year the Wigwain at Indian Spring will be operated by Collier Bros., lessees. George, my brother B. A., and myself have just completed a deal by which the property will be operated by us and not by the company, as heretofore. We believe the outlook for a good summer business is bright, and that the Wigwam will get its share is certain.

"The people of the tenth district," said Hon, Patrick Walsh, who was on his way to New Orleans, where he goes on business, "are really not anxious for the excitement of another election at this time, and we think that it is better for the people, irre the election should not be held until fall To have it now simply means strife at a time when the people would rather forget politics for awhile. There is no immediate necessity for an election, and under all circumstances it's better, in my opinion, that it should not be fixed for an early

Mr. Albert Phenis, of The New York Times, is in the city for the purpose of sending to that paper an exposition story. Mr. J. J. Dickinson, staff correspondent of The Cincinnati Enquirer, came in last evening for the same purpose.

Colonel O. S. Hayes, manager of the Ohio colony at Stratham, Jackson county, is at the Kimball. "Our colony is no longer an experiment," said he last night. "We have had eleven Ohio families already this year, and they have bought homes. There are more coming. This is a sort of a Grand Army of the Republic settlement, and as our plan is for everybody to live in the town, going out to the farms, which are immediately adjoining, the people are all Eghly satisfied. The development company owns the town and the farms adjoining it, and our plan is to sell, to people who come to make their homes there, at rockbottom prices. "We have many inquiries and many more colonists are coming."

Colonel Peter Reilly, who so long represented Chatham in the house and who is one of the important factors in Georgia military circles. Is at the Markham.

Venable Bros. Will Build a Granite Hotel on Old Capitol Site.

And Work Will Be Commenced on the Site This Week

QUARRYMEN COMMENCED YESTERDAY

The Hotel Will Be Built on an Elegant Plan.

TO HAVE ALL LATEST IMPROVEMENTS

Architect Norrmann Goes To Brunswick To Show the Plans To Manager Leland, Who Is Interested in the Building.

A ten-story, fire-proof hotel-The Hotel Venable-is already virtually under way. At the great Stone mountain quarries work was begun yesterday morning to prepare for the taking out of the immense quanity of granite which will be used in the construction of the magnificent hostelry.

On Tuesday the Messrs. Venable purchased the two-ninths interest of James D. Collins in the old capitol property and last



W. H. VENABLE.

night the plans, prepared by Architec Normann were in his charge and on the way to Brunswick, where they will be shown to Mr. Leland, who will manage the hotel.

It is to be a permanent hotel and wi be ready in time for the accommodation of nearly 1,000 guests by the time of th exposition opening. This is the intention of all parties concerned and the work-will be pushed with the most unflagging of energy until this design is accomplished

The completion of the Hotel Venable before the exposition opening will make it a double enterprise. It would have been an enterprise, commendable and praise inspiring, simply in the building, but to accomplish the building in the limited time now before the projectors will demonstrate that it was an enterprising intention 'successfully and wonderfully wel carried out.

The plans as they now stand are splendid. They will probably be accepted with but a few changes which the Lelands may be able to point out, as they have had the most extensive experience in the line of

Thus the hotel building will be almost perfect, having sprung from the hands of an eminent architect and modified, or in tensified, by the advice of an experienced

The Hotel Venable will be built of grante-Georgia granite. The granite will b taken from the bosom of Stone mountain and fresh from the abiding place of years will be freighted to Atlanta and put into place. When the stone blocks reach here they will be ready to be put into position. Through a building that will stand as monument to them, the Venable Brothers will demonstrate the practicability o

The Main Entrance.

As the plans now stand the main en trance will be directly in front of the Grady monument. It will be a magnificent and stately piece of architecture. The de sign, it is said, is surpassingly beautiful and is in fine harmony with the great building which it is destined to adorn. It will be artistic and yet not too light for the big building. The main entrance is put, most appropriately, opposite the Grady monument, and it is safe to say that in the respect of location, the main entrance will remain there.

The ladies' entrance is designed to be on and easily approachable. In one of the first plans submitted the main entrance was put at the corner of Marietta and Forsyth streets, but in this later plan it has been changed as stated. This change to Marietta street for the main entranc gives the ladies' entrance more conventence. Both entrances will be similar, though that for the ladies will be

Four Elevators Will Be Run. There will be four elevators in the hotel Two of these will be devoted to the usual passenger travel on hotel elevators, one will be for the lady gueste alone and the fourth will be for baggage and freight of any sort. The elevators will be of the latest and most improved kind and will make a room on the tenth floor as comfortable and as accessible as one usually is on the fifth floor of a hotel building. Nothing will be spared to make them al-

most as luxurious as a palace car. To Be Fireproof. In addition to being ten stories high the notel will be fireproof throughout. The appointments will be elegant in every way detail will be looked after with

the closest care. The furnishings of the tel will equal any in the world in mag ficence and throughout the monster structure there will not be the slighter arrangement which would lay it open to criticism. Faulfless is the only word that aptly and completely describes what the hotel will be

The Lelands Will Manage It. The Lelands, the famous hotel people are interested as members of the company and will lend all of their splendid exerience in such matters towards making the hotel one of the foremost in America The Lelands have hotels in San Francisco New York, Chicago and Brunswick. All of these hotels are well known for the elegance and completeness of everything about them. Thus the indications are that naught will be lacking in the new hotel

lowering above all the other big buildings of the city, the new hotel will be mon strous yet artistic. It will vie in heigh with the Auditorium, the Waldorf, the Pfister and the Southern and will equal elegance the Ponce de Leon, the Tamp Bay hotel, the Cordova and the Royal Poinciana. It will be, in fact, one of the foremost hotels of the south and first mong America's foremost. The plans are now on their way to Brunswick, where Mr. George Leland will pass upon them As they now stand the plans show a magnificent affair. Negotiations That Fell Through.

During the latter part of February of this year negotiations were begun by Venable Brothers for a building to be erected on their lot upon which the old capitol

county to erect a joint building for the use of the city and the county. It was to be a courthouse, a city hall and to have a large hall for public affairs. There was also to be an armory for all the local mili-

This proposition was not formally made ed a suggestion from certain councilmen that such a move would be a splendic one. Committees were appointed and there was a meeting of a committee from the council and the county commissioners. After discussing the plan, which was Councilman Campbell's by adoption, the county commissioners decided that they would take no part in such a building.

For a Magnificent Hotel. A correspondence then began between Venable Brothers and the Lelands, of hotel fame. Propositions were made by both sides, but no satisfactory arrangements were made.

Before all negotiations were declared off, however, Mr. George Leland had come to Atlanta and had a long talk with the Messrs. Venable. They could not arrive at the same basis of trade, however, and after the interchange of a few more letters the matter dropped by common consent. In the meantime Architect Normann had

prepared a couple of plans and had submitted them to the Messrs. Venable and the Lelands, but they were not just what was wanted. There was much talk of the hotel at the time, but none of it was confirmed. To Sell Out Entirely

The Mutual Life, of New York, through an agent, began negotiations for the pur-chase of the old capitol site. It was understood at the time that the insurance com pany intended to erect a magnificent build-

This disposition of the property appeared probable for several days, but again the terms could not be agreed upon by all parties concerned. These negotiations were then called off. This was about two weeks ago

From the results that are now apparent he negotiations between the Lelands and Venable Brothers were begun again and Architect Normann went to work on new plans for a ten-story hotel. During this, however, Venable Brothers did not own all of the old capitol site. James D. Colns, ex-county c ninths interest. This interest was purchased Tuesday and left the Messrs. Venable in complete control.

To Be Built by a Company. It is understood that a company, which Venable Brothers are the principal stockholders, along with the Lelands, has been formed in Atlanta. Just what gentlemen besides those named are interested has not been given out.

If the plans of Architect Normann are accepted by Mr. Leland work will be commenced in less than a week on the actual site. In the meantime the quarries are be ginning to yield their store of granite for the Hotel Venable.

In the Earlier Days. The building known as the "old capitol was burned in December of last year to was in the latter part of the sixtles that a building to be used as a Masons' hall and an opera house was begun

The work went along slowly and soo stopped before the building was completed. It was about this time that the agitation as to the change of the capital came up. It was decided to move it to Atlanta.

This was done and Mr. H. I. Kimbal completed the building. Governor Bulloc was governor at the time and the old capitol was completed in 1871. In the early part of last year the old state capitol a and less than a year later the old capito in Atlanta caught fire.

The Sale of the Old Capitol. The old capitol was sold when the new capitol was built and it was purchased by Messrs. Venable and Collins. They wer to work with characteristic energy and remodeled it entirely, making a handsome structure of it.

Comfortable offices were arranged and the building was made safe in every respect as far as possible. The enterprising firm was just beginning to receive an in-come from the building when it caught fire the morning in the early part of December. The night was a cold one and the wind was high. By heroic work and tireless struggles Chief Joyner and his men succeeded in saving the building. Only one wing was damaged.

The building was water-scaled. The fire broke out about 3:30 o'clock in

ever, and the water froze in the bricks. When the thaw came the bricks began to cramble and the building became danger.

Then Followed Wrangies.
The board of building inspectors examined it and gave it as their opinion that at least the north half should be taken down. This report was supplemented by a report which ordered Venable Brothers to tear down all of the building to the second story, but that the second story walls could remain only on the south end.

The insurance men thereupon began to protest and instructed the Venables that the claims would not be paid if they tore Then Followed Wrangles.

protest and instructed the Venables that the claims would not be paid if they tore the building down without first giving them an opportunity to have their arbitrators examine into the building. Finally, however, all differences were settled and a certain per cent of the insurance money paid. Work on the building was begun and now every bit of the debris has been removed and the way is clear for the asw hotel.

WHAT IS THERE IN IT?

Big Rumor, and Evidently Something in It. Much comment has been aroused by the presence of President McCurdy, of the Mutual Life; Vice President Granniss, Traveling Auditor Elliott, of New York; Genera agent Willcox, of Alabama, and Genera Agent Hyatt, of South Carolina, and Messrs. Bussey and Kraus, of Savannah at the office of General Agent Shedden. It is said on the street, although the rumor is strenuously denied, that a vast project has been under consideration con emplating the establishment of a tributary district to be called the province of

The states of North and South Carolina Florida, Alabama and Georgia, are to contribute, so it is claimed, to this provin the headquarters of which shall be at Atlanta. Among other things it is said that the subsidiary agencies in the respective states shall report their business and collections to their respective general agents, and these latter shall make consolidated returns to the provincial general manager at Atlanta. All correspondence for the said province with the head office shall pass through the provincial office.

So soon as may be practicable the con pany proposes to proceed to make loans on real estate to residents of the province desirous to erect dwellings or business structures approved by the company, provided, nevertheless, that upon each edifice so erected there shall be affixed in some suitable place an inscription in the following words: "Erected for the owner by the Mutual Life Insurance Company, of New York." All investments in state, municipal and

ocal securities within said province shall be made through the provincial office. So soon as the collections of premiur and interest on loans shall justify the same a national bank shall be established in Atlanta, a majority of the stock of which shall be owned by the Mutual Life Insurance Company, of New York, and this same shall be conducted as a commercial, agricultural and industrial bank of discount and deposit. A suitable building shall be erected for said bank and for

office renting purposes, into which the headquarters of the provincial agency of the Mutual Life Insurance Company shall be transferred and thereafter maintained It is said that the foregoing skeleton was submitted by F. H. Hvatt, general agent of South Carolina; J. S. Willcox, general agent of Alabama; R. F. Shedden, general agent of Georgia; W. W. Bussey and David Kraus, of Savannah; endorsed by J. C. Elliott, the company's traveling auditor; recommended by Robert A. Granniss, vice president, and approved by Richard A. McCurdy, president.

General Agent Shedden, however, denies that any such plan was considered, and the other gentlemen named are equally emphatic.

A BRILLIANT LECTURE.

Ex-Governor Hubbard Will Talk of "Japan and the Orient" Tonight. Hon. Richard B. Hubbard, ex-governor of Texas, will arrive in the city today, and tonight at 8 o'clock he will deliver his fa-

mous lecture at the Grand. His subject tonight is "Japan and the Years of travel and observation in beautiful Japan has given a wealth of material on this subject and his lecture tonight will be highly entertaining and in structive. No man is so well equipped as he to talk of Japan. He was minister a the court of the mikado for a number of years and his experience and observations

in that country are full of interest. Governor Hubbard is a gentleman of fine mind and distinguished presence. is impressive and magnetic. He is a born orator and easily and quickly gains control of his audience. He talks fluently and to the point, without any waste of words. He has repeatedly been called the "typical orator of the south." orator of the south."

The timeliness of the subject he has

chosen, the personality of the speaker, his eloquence and prominence as a statesman all go toward insuring him a full and appreciative house tonight. Governor Hubbard is widely known in Atlanta. He has to this city. His present lecturing tour has been extrmely successful and the press entire country has joined in prais ing his efforts.

An additional feature of interest in connection with Governor Hubbard's lecture is the fact that a very large part of the proceeds of the lecture is to be devoted to the educational committee of the expo sition. This committee, under the leader-ship of Miss Sergeant, is working to erect a model school building at the exposition in which is to be shown a model school in operation. This feature will do much to. ward securing a large house. tickets are 50 cents and the lecture

BERRY WRIGHT IS IN JAIL.

will begin promptly at 8 o'clock

He Was Sent to Prison Yesterday Afternoon for Contempt to Court. Berry Wright, who was ruled to appear before Judge Lumpkin yesterday afternoon, was sent to jail for contempt of court. Frank Drakeford, who was ruled along with Berry, was permitted to remain at lib-erty, although he is the one against whom

the receivership was directed. The suit was brought against Drakeford by the Elder, Dempster & Gaston Company, which is a Liberian emigration company. A receiver, Mr. Percy H. Adams, was appointed, and Drakeford was directed to turn the funds over to him. Drakeford, it appears, was the first secretary of the local organization, and came into the possession of about \$500 of the company's money. He was not under bond, and another treasures was elected. This treasurer gave bond, bu

Drakeford would not give up the money. The receivership followed. Berry Wright told Receiver Adams on Monday that Drakeford had turned the funds over to him, and that he would not give them to the receiver nor anybody else. Wright was then ruled for contempt of court. He appeared before Judge Lumpkin and stated that he would not give up the money. He said that he was under bo word for four years, and would not go back on his people. Wright, who is a desperate-looking negro, was handcuffed and carried

His case has been set for a hearing on next Monday week.



THE SECRET OF BEAUTY of the complexion, hands, and hair, in thousands of instances, is found in the perfect action of the PORES produced by GUTTOURA SOAP. Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U.S. Gov't Report

ABSOLUTELY PURE AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

TALKED TOO MUCH. Is the Charge Against County

Policeman Herrington. There has been a police inves tary department and now there is to be an investigation of a county policeman-Of ficer William Herrington.

This was decided upon at a meeting of the county commissioners yesterday morning and the committee on roads and bridge and the chief of the county police were ap pointed to do the investigating.

From what was said at the board yester day, Herrington was at one time a mem ber of the Atlanta police force.

ner Collier stated at the meet ing that he understood that a member of the county police force had been very denunciatory in his remarks regarding Chief of Police Connolly and Captain James W. English. He also cursed and abused the chief of detectives, so Mr. Collier said he was informed.

"I have been informed," said Chairman Collier, "that this officer was once a mem ber of the Atlanta police force and wa dropped from the city force for drunken-ness. If this is true he should be dis-charged at once. I do not care to name

"I think that his name should be called." said Commissioner Brown. "It is an it tice to the other members not to call it. The officer's name was not mentioned, but Chief Verner, who held the same views that Chairman Collier did, stated that it was Officer William Herrington. No time has been set for the investiga-

As to Feeding Prisoners When the matter of the per diem that the sheriff should receive for feeding the prisoners and looking after them came up, there arose a lengthy argument.
There had been a committee app settle upon the proper amount, but they failed to agree. The matter was discusse thoroughly. Commissioner Adair stated that the per diem last year amounted to 40 cents and he wanted to cut it to 30 cents. Commissioner Adair showed how other counties paid much less and produced figures to show that last year the income

Medium Weight Underwear

It's too warm for your heavy weights and too cool for summer weights. You're uncomfortable with the former, and it's not safe to put on the latter. You need a pleasant medium weight. We've just the thing you want.

A. O. M. GAY & SON.

from the prisoners of the county brought the sherift's office over \$10,000. Commissioner Spalding wanted to cut the per diem to \$2\psi_{\text{ents}}\$ a day and Commissioner Adair wanted 20 cents. Commissioner Foolding moved that his figure be accepted.

Commissioner Adair said that he would compromise on \$2\psi_{\text{ents}}\$ cents. Commissioner Thompson moved as a substitute of the whole that 30 cents be given the sheriff. The substitute of Commissioner Thompson was lost, but that of Commissioner Adair was adopted. This done, Commissioner Thompson moved that the county pay for the blankets of the prisopers. This motion was adopted. rom the prisoners of the county brought he sheriff's office over \$10,000. Commissioner

Preparing for the Carr Case. Solicitor Charles D. Hill was before the

Solicitor Charles D. Hill was before the county commissioners yesterday regarding the approaching trial of Carr for lunacy. He wantel to know if the commissioners would pay for expert testimony.

The solicitor explained that expert testimony was needed by the state to offset that of the defense and that it would require an expenditure by the county. The matter was referred to the finance committee, who were requested to confer with the county attorney.

County Attorney Rosser gave it as his opinion that the witnesses could be called for the state and that the ordinary could approve the bill and that the county would then have the right to pay it.

Another Matter of Food.

Another Matter of Food.

Another Matter of Food.

Ordinary Calhoun was before the county commissioners and asked that they pay the bill for food for the election managers. This bill was refused payment some time ago. Ordinary Calhoun said that it was the custom to pay the bills and suggested that some of the members present would not have been elected if there had been no election managers to be had.

"The men won't serve," said the ordinary. "If there had been any contests there might have been several preclucts thrown out. If you put too strict a construction on the law you'll find trouble managing the county's affairs."

The bill was ordered paid, as was the bill of Stewart & Bowden for carriages for the grand jury. The Stewart & Bowden bill, which is for \$2, was refused payment at the last meeting.

at the last meeting.

Commissioner Brown introduced a resolu-tion directing Superintendent Donaldson to discharge all non-residents of Fulton coun-ty who were working for the county. He supported his resolution very vigorously and said that there were plenty of men in Fulton county without going outside for laborers.

The resolution was voted down.

JEWELERS.

The Largest Stock of Fine DIAMONDS In the South, And the Lowest Prices. 31 Whitehall Street

STILSON -COLLINS JEWELRY CO. 55 Whitehall St.,

Make a specialty of reliable and

standard goods.

GIVING AWAY

With every purchase amounting to five dollars or over we will give to the customer a Patent Nestable Tin Dinner Pail. Practical and convenient. It has three separate compartments. Prevents the dinner from getting mixed or shaken. Closes up, almost flat. Not awkward to carry back home.

For the boys we have several thousand of those grotesque Japanese-conceived faces that are blown into form through a cane whistle. Something entirely new and a great fun-making noyelty. One goes free with every purchase made here in the Boys' Department.....

250 Children's Wash Suits, ages 2 to 10 years, bought at a sacrifice, worth \$3.00; you may take your choice at.........870 300 Boys' Drab Corduroy Trousers, they range in size from 4 to 15 years, would be great value at \$1.00; our price only 50C Boys' Combination Suits, handsome styles in Cheviots, Cassimeres, Tweeds and Homespuns, including an extra pair of Trousers, sizes 4 to 16 years; \$2.50, \$2.75. \$3.25, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50

A grand assortment of Boys' and Children's Fancy Caps at the lowest of low prices. Everything that's jaunty, nobby, picturesque and beautiful.

The Double Ve Combination Boys' Shirt and Underwaist, made with shoulder brace and stocking supporter attachment. Three garments in one. Three rows of buttons supporting from the shoulders, drawers, stockings, pants or kilts, sizes

Don't hesitate to compare our Suitings, Trouserings and Workmanship in the merchant tailoring department with those of 'round town stores. Every time you compare we win a friend...... friend.....

New line Men's Dress Shirts, colored bosoms, white body

EISEMAN BROS.

15 and 17 WHITEHALL STREET.

TO SELL HIGHER.

The Leading Bull Says Cotton Will Sell at Seven Cents

BETWEEN NOW AND OGTOBER FIRST

The Stock Market Irregular and Choppy erday—Tennessee Coal and Iron Very Active and Higher,

New York, April 3.—The stock market was irregular and choppy today. At the opening a weak tone characterized the opening a weak tone characterized the trading owing to the poor March statement of the St. Paul and Rock Island reads and some selling for foreign account. The St. Paul reported a decrease of \$259,559 and the Rock Island \$313,844 for March, which was considerably larger than expected. The less in the prices of the Grangers, however was unimportant and at the close ever, was unimportant, and at the close these issues were very little below yes-terday's final figures. As a rule after the cpening the market became strong, notably for Tennessee Coal and Iron, Kansas and Texas preferred, Tobacco and Chicago Gas. The last named was firm on talk about the dividend and Kansac and Texas preferred moved up a point on foreign buying, Amer-ican Sugar was again a feature, 58,000 shares being traded in. There was quite a struggle in the stock. The price opened at 102%@102, fell to 101%, rose to 102% and receded to 101%, a net loss of % per cent for the day. The room story is that the insiders are not in sympathy with the efforts making to advance the stock, claiming that trade conditions do not warrant any foll moveto advance the stock, claiming that trade conditions do not warrant any bull movement in the shares. It was reported today that a Philadelphia refinery had shut down, and that others will shortly do the same. Low grade refined in the local market is a shade lower. General Electric was heavy, falling from 35¼ to 33¼ on sales of 18,000 shares. Rumors had it that the annual report, now due, will not be favorable, and that the chances of an amicable agreement with the Westinghouse were not as good as a week ago. The heaviness of the stock finally affected the general list, and in the last hour there was an increased pressure to sell, and prices fell ½01½ per cent, New England and the Anthracite Coalers being especially weak. In regard to the latter the usual rumors about the anthracite coal situation were afloat, but nothing of an official character as to the final disposition of the important allotment question came to light. Manhattan rose steadily from 116 to 113½, and closed at the top of the day, the rise being ascribed to covering of a long oustanding short contract. New York and New Haven, which last sold at 196½, brought 201, and closed at that price bid. Metropolitan Traction sold at 83½ for a single hundred shares, against 34 last night. The market closed irregular, but in the main weak. Net changes show losses of 4,622 per cent, General Electric leading, Manhattan rose 2%, Tennessee Coal ½, Distilling ¼ on the day and Tobacco ¼. Total sales were 185,128 shares.

The bond market was irregular.

The sales of listed stocks aggregated 118,000 shares and of unlisted stocks 66,000 shares. conditions do not warrant any bull move-

shares balances: Coin, \$85,986,000; currency, \$66,747,000.

Money on call easy at 2@2½, last loan at 2 closing offered at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4%@5½ per cent.

Bar silver, 66½.

Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.884@4.88½ for sixty days, and 4.884@4.88½; commercial bills, 4.874@4.874.814.874.

posted rates, 4.874.94.874. Covernment bonds firm.

Government bonds firm.

State bonds strong.

Railroad bonds higher.

Silver at the board was sold at 684.

London, April 3.—The latest quotation of silver at 5 o'clock this afternoon was 30%.

American operators selling freely, but market very flat. Paris advices quote 3 per cent rentes 105 francs for the account.

A 105 Vs. funded debt: 59% U.S. 48, registered 1114 do coupon. 112 do cs. 59% Coupon. 112 do cs. 59% Coupon. 114 do common. 114 do c

Early Morning Gossip.

Dow, Jones News Co., by private wire to J. C. Knox, manager: The advance in Teanessee Coal and Iron was on purchases by traders and support which is credited to controlling interests.

Chicago Gas appears to be well supported. The buying was by Wormser and traders, which is said to be based on the Chicago election and the probability of a 5 per cent dividend.

Delaware, Lackawanna and Western is quoted ex-dividend 1% today.

While the meeting of, the Chicago Gas directors may not be held for some days, it is understood that a positive agreement has been reached with regard to the dividend policy. Speculative operations look to the idea that the new dividend would

it is understood that a positive agreement has been reached with regard to the dividend policy. Speculative operations look to the idea that the new dividend would be on the basis of 4 per cent.

A director of Tennessee Coal and Iron said last night: "We have not yet received the annual report, but I understand it shows that even last year, after allowing for the strike, the company earned its charges and ehough to make a dividend on the preferred stock. We can make from at less than \$6 a ton and we are getting a profit on all the iron and coal we sell. I think any one who buys Tennessee Coal and Iron now, pays for it and puts it away will double his money easily in a year or two."

The unfavorable news on Sugar stock was the knowledge that the late falling off in the demand had resulted in the accumulation of stocks, leading to the shutting down of refineries pending the sale of the product. It was rumored last night that there was likely to be a reduction in the price of refined today or tomorrow. The Sugar people were not disposed to give any details beyond admitting that the

give any details beyond admitting that the production has temporarily run-ahead of the consumption and a restriction of the output was necessary in order to maintain a fair basis of profit. It was thought in the Sugar crowd that the stock has been well taken, but the feeling at the close was bearish for a turn.

The buil interest in New England chose to have the price advanced Tuesday, with a resulting gain of 2½ per cent. The persistent strength of the stock makes even official denials of any impending deal disregarded, and the room is quite prepared to listen favorably to the old stories of New Haven control and entrance into New York. Points were current last night that the stock would touch 40 on this advance.

New York. Points were current last night that the stock would touch 40 on this advance.

It is officially announced that the Atchison reorganization plan, which was sent to Lordon, was signed Tuesday by a majority of the London committee and the remaining members of the committee will attach their signatures today.

There was little or no concealment of the fact that Mr. White sold quite a large amount of Sugar, presumably closing out the line accumulated around 95.

Earnings of St. Paul for the fourth week in March: Decrease, \$120,898; decrease for the month, \$229,559.

Wheeling and Lake Erie earnings for the fourth week in March: Decrease, \$33,844.

New York News Bureau; The reason given for the advance in Manhattan is the existence of a local short lifterest which is endeavoring to cover.

Burlington and Quincy books close April 5th and open May 5th for the annual meeting at Chicago May 8th.

Rio Grande and Western net earnings for February \$5,512, an increase of \$5,57.

London sold Louisville and Nashville. The market was inclined to weakness on foreign sales and in sympathy with a selling movement in Sugar.

indefinite period. The refinery has a large stock of sugar on hand. Other refineries remain open and run on full time.

New York, April 3.—New York News Bureau by private wire to J. C. Knox, manager.—The market opened weak and lower with moderate selling for foreign account.

After the early declines in Grangers and Industrials transactions became dull and prices held steady. The Coalers were neglected, except Jersey Central, which lost about 1 per cent, although the anthracite presidents are expected to make considerable progress at the meeting on Friday.

The Industrial list was unpopular. Sugar dropped over 1 per cent and rallied only a trifle, the room gossip being that the Havemeyers were opposed to any immediate bull manipulation.

General Electric was weak on doubts as to the agreement, with the Westinghouse company. Closing Stock Review.

to the agreement with the Westinghouse company.

American Tobacco rose nearly 1 per cent on inside support and Chicago Gas was steadier on the dividend prospects.

Friends of Tennessee Coal and Iron advanced that stock 1 per cent and Kansas and Texas was a strong feature. Metropolitan Traction jumped up nearly 5 per cent on small sales, and efforts to cover shorts caused Manhattan to go up over 2 per cent.

DESCRIPTION	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Today's Closing bids.	Yesterday's Closing bids.
Delaware & Lack	600 000			158	161
Northwestern	9134	92	91%		924
Tenn. Coal & Iron	16%				
Southern Railway	11%				113
New York & N. E	3814	38%	36%	37	385
LakeShore	****		*******	1374	137
Western Union	583/2	883		8834	884
Missouri Pacific Union Pacific	24 11%	24%	23%		244
Dist. & Cattle Feed Co.	1434	15	14%	113%	12
Atchison.	656		6142	636	6%
Reading	1314	13%	12%	1234	13%
Louisville & Nash	51%	61%		51%	52
North. Pacific pref	1736	17%		16%	174
St. Paul	5784	57%			581
Rock Island	6436	841/4		63%	6414
Chicago Gas	73%	723	71%	71%	713
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	7850	73%	731/4	7314	73%
Ame'n Sugar Refinery	1023	1027	1014	101%	102%
Erie	10%	10%	9%	934	10%
Am'n Cotton Oll	26%	26%	26	28	2614
General Electric	85	35%	3314	331/8	35 L

CITY BONDS. Atlanta 44.51023 Augusta7s, L. D. 113 Macon 6s
Augusta7s, L. D.113 Macon 6s111
Augusta7s, L. D.113 Macon 6s111
Columbus 5 102 10
Rome graded 109
Waterworks 5s 100
Rome 55 93
South Car. 448.104 10
Newnan 68 L. D. 102 104
Chattanooga 59
1921 98
Col. S.C.gradd
3s & 4s, 1910 71
Ala., Class A 101 104
D BONDS.
C. C.& A. 1st 51,
1909103
do.,2d 7s, 1910.109
do. con, 6s 82
Aug. & Knox.
18179, 1900101
Atl'nta & Char.
1st 78, 19,7 117

THE COTTON MARKET.

	RECE	IPTS	SHIP	M'TS	STOCKS.		
	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	
Baturday	122	- 4	408	171	8311	4191	
Monday	357	20	101	77	8567	413	
Tuesday	105	: 94	470	320	6202	3908	
Wednesday	51	113	150	500	8193	3521	
Thursday					******	*****	
Friday		*****	3				
Total.,	635	231	1127	968			
Steven		Co.'s	Cot	ton I	etter.		

no great affair today, and the fluctuations were within narrow limits. Liverpool was disoppointing early in the day, and New York prices accordingly receded 3 points, but later, when it was announced that Liverpool had sold 20,000 bales on the spot, and when, moreover, it was seen that there was no particular pressure to sell, the market here recovered the early loss and advanced 1 to 3 points on covering of shorts and a disinclination among the generality of operwhen, moreover, it was seen that there was no particular pressure to sell, the market here recovered the early loss and advanced 1 to 3 points on covering of shorts and a disinclination among the generality of operators to sell short at this juncture, no matter how bearish their convictions may be. There was very little outside business, but a leading local buil came out with a pretty strong statement and this may have influenced some. Certainly the large receipts were ignored, and stress was laid on the big Liverpool seles and colder weather in some parts of the south. The close here was firm with the near months practically the same as at the close yesterday, and July and the later months 1 to 2 points higher, with sales of 35,000. New Orleans declined 2 to 3 points, but regained this and advanced 1 to 2 points. A Waco, Tex., dispatch said: "The late advance assures a large acreage for Texas. The oats and wheat crops were bad and lands are being prepared for cotton. The immigration into Texas during the past winter has been large, and lots of new lands are being put into cultivation, which will all go into cotton. Planting has already begun in this section. A New Orleans dispatch said that the weather was perfect, and that preparations were being actively pushed, and expressed the opinion that the Texas acreage would be increased. Taken as a whole, the season at the south is backward. Silver today declined in London. Galveston exports, 8,779 bales. The semi-weekly interior receipts were 29,000, against 16,000 for the same time in 1895, and shipments, 54,000, against 35,000 in 1895. New Orleans receipts tomorrow are estimated at 4,000 to 5,000 bales, against 2,194 last year. Fall River advices were strong and cloths quiet. Spot cotton here was quiet and unchanged, with sales of 159 for spinning, 301 for exports on the proposition of the same time in 1895. New Orleans receipts to day 9,40 bales, against 1980 and 1,104 bales, against 2,20 bales tomorrow. In Manchester yarns were strong and cloths quiet. Spot cou

York today :						III NOW
MONTHA		Opening	Highest.	Lowest	Today's	Teaterday's Close.
April		6. 6. 6. 6.	28 6.30 66 6.29 27 6.30 28 6.33 29 6.34 13 6.38	6.26 6.25 6.28 6.27 6.28 6.44	6, 26-27 6, 29-80 6, 28-29 6, 29-86 6 31-32 6, 33-34 6, 37-38	
Closed firm: Thefollowing receipts, expor	s and s	200 ba ateme stock s	nt of t	he eo	•	ed net
	RECI	CIPTS	EXP	OBTS.	STO	CKS.
	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894
Baturday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday	18813	7007 8195 8906 5850	20180 1965& 26910 40481	9656 7820 17218 59	882570	762332 757259 747643 751362
Total	91457	20012	94901	44800		-

Hubbard Bros. & Co's. Cotton Letter

Liverpool this morning reported a better demand for goods in Manchester with sales of 15,000 bales on the spot and futures at an advance of 162 points, closing at last night's prices. The local market here failed to show much spirit at the opening, and prices ruled about 2 points below the close of yesterday, During the forenoon the prominent operator whose holdings have attracted so much attention gave publicly his opinion that cotton would sell at 4d in Liverpool and 7c here before the 1st of October, adding that he had not parted with any of his cotton. This stimulated prices slightly, clusting a few who had sold short to cover. There appears to be considerable cotton for sale, and prices move easily in either direction, while actual business is small. The market remained steady during the afternoon and closed at last night's prices.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

New York, April 3.—Cotton fell 2 to 3 points, recovered this and rose 1 to 3 points, then reacted and closed 1 point lower for the day on April, unchanged on May and June, and 1 to 2 points higher for July and the later months, with the tone firm and the sales 33,200 bales. Liverpool was unchanged on the spot with a good business, the sales reaching 30,000 bales. Futures there advanced 1 point, closing quiet and steady at a net rise of half a point. Houston expects 2,500 bales tomorrow; New Orleans, 4,000 to 5,000, against 2,194 last year. Mr. John H. Inman says he has not been selling cottion and predicts considerably higher prices for it. Fall River was strong for cloths, 700,000 pleces being sold within two days, and 2½c. freely bid. In manchester yarns were strong and cloths quiet. Spot cotton here was quiet and unchanged, with sales of 199 for spinning, 301 for export and 100 delivered on contract. The southern spot markets were generally quiet, steady to firm and unchanged. New Orleans sold 2,500. Silver was \(\frac{1}{2} \)d. Giver in London and 1\(\frac{1}{2} \)c. lower here. The New York warehouse stock is now 191,000 bales, against 238,000, 283,000, 283,000, 131,000 and 121,000 in the previous five years. stock is now 191,000 bales, against 228,000, 283,000, 131,000 and 121,000 in the previous five years.

Today's Features—It was largely a waiting market. Some things seemed to be against it early in the day. For instance, futures in Liverpool did not show the strength that some of the bulls had expected and silver was lower. Wall street had a reaction, and there was no particular disposition to buy cotton, either by the professional element or by outsiders. Little was said about the big receipts, but there they were just the same. And yet the decline here was very small, and even that was obliterated and a slight advance established, partly because of the big spot business in Liverpool and partly because Mr. John H. Inman issued a bullish statement. Besides, Manchester and Fail Riverwere cheerful. Some of the local shorts bought. The market, in the estimation of many, still has a firm undertone, and the bears are certainly very conservative in their operations, whatever may be their convictions. The exports from the ports were large, the weather at the south was in many sections cold and raw, and no one denies that the season is very backward, a fact which may have a very decided bearing on the magnitude of the next crop.

The Manchester Market.

The Manchester Market.

Manchester, April 3.—The Guardian in its commercial article says: "The market has been much hampered by a lack of workable business, though a strong and steady tone has generally prevailed. There is a fair eastern mail inquiry, but it is mostly unworkable. Trade through the lesser eastern outlets is moderate. South America has some goods actually required, but prices have checked business. Heavy goods are steady and the movement is moderate. Yarns are strong but business is limited."

New Orleans Crop Statement. New Orleans, La., April 3.—New Orleans cotton exchange statement: Semi-weekly movement at thirteen leading interior towns: Receipts this year, 25,767 bales, against 11,647 last year and 16,484 in 1892, shipments, 54,300 bales, against 18,020 last year and 28,228 in 1892. Stock, 24,041 bales, against 206,173 last year and 315,269 in 1892.

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter. Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, April 3.—(Special.)—The market today gave further evidence of stubborn strength. The Liverpool report was not encouraging and the early trading here was at lower prices, August selling down to 6.27, but the decline was only temporary, and in the afternoon, under a brisk demand, August advanced to 6.33. The close was firm, with August at 6.31@6.32. The receipts continue on an enormous scale, yet the market shows no sigh of yielding. All the confidence seems to be with the bulls and all the timidity with the bears.

The Liverpool and Port Markets,

Liverpool, April 3-4:00 p. m.-Uplands low mid-dling clause April delivery 3 18-64, 3 19-64; April and

New York, April 3—Cotton quiet; sales 600 bales middling uplands 6%; middling gulf 6%; net receipt 640; gross 2,515; stock 221,638. oso, gross 2,315;slock 221,638. Galyeston, April 3 -Cotton ürm; middling 5%; net receipts 3,605 bales; gross 3,605;sales 1,655; stock 8g,514; exports to France 6,256; to continent 2,523. Norfolk, April 3 -Cotton firm; middling 5 15-16; net receipts 833 bales; gross 833; sales 469; stock 52,194; exports coastwise 746. Baltimore, April 3—Cotton nominal; middling 614 net receipts 459 bales; gross 459; sales none; stock 23,526. 23,326.

Boston, April 3—Cotton easy; middling 6 %; net receipts 1,762 bales; gross 3,855; sales none; stock none exports to Great Britain 2.412. Philadelphia, April 3—Cotton firm; middling 6 11-16 net receip.s 72 bales; gross 72; sales none; stock 11,255

Savannab. April 3.—Cotton steady; middling 5%: net receipts 2,419 bales: gross 2,419; sales 25; stock 68,103; exports coastwise 1,125.

New Orleans, April 3.—Cotton quiet; middling 513-16; net receip s 9.321 bales; gross 9,371; sales 2,500; stock 317,109; exports to continent 8,260; coastwise 4,236.

Mobile. April 3.—Cotton quiet; middling 5%; net recents 211 bales gross 2,11 bales gross 2,11 bales 200; stock 317,109; capacity 1,200; stock 31,200; stock 317,200; capacity 1,200; capacity 1, Mobile. April 3—Cotton quiet; middling 5%; net reeps 211 bales; gross 211 sales 300; stock 27,049 xports coastwise 331. 19,608, Charleston, April 3—Cotton firm; middling 5%; net receipts 54 bales; gross 54; sales none; stock 41,933. Houston, April 3—Cotton steady; middling 5%; net receipts 2,188 bales; shipments 2,994; sales 323; stock 36,561.

Pardridge and His Followers Saved the Market from Dullness.

the Market from Dullness.

Chicago, April 3.—The wheat market was singularly firm for three-quarters of today's session, losing all its strength during the last hour and closing within a fraction of the lowest quotation. Commission houses were unanimous in their complaints at the lack of business, and had it not been for the operations of Pardridge and one or two others of the leaders and their following among the local crowd it would have been disgustingly dull. The pit got pretty well loaded up during the morning, and being unable to discern any prospect of assistance, was obliged to part with their holdings, and thence the break near the close. There was encouraging news, but it did not seem to help prices much. The failure of Europe to coincide with the weakness on this side on Monday and the smallness of the total shipments to importing countries lifted the market early, but on the buige there was large offerings from the big scalpers and declines followed in every instance. May wheat opened from 55 to 54%4656c, sold between 56%2 and 54%c, closing at 54%c—46%c lower than Monday. Cash wheat was nominally steady.

Corn offerings were not abundant today and their scarcity led shorts and others to make a pronounced effort to buy. The talk of damage to the Argentine crop by locusts was circulated rather freely and doubtless made the demand more eager. The signal weakness of wheat bad the effect of easing the feeling in some degree and the early advance was all lost on that account.

May corn opened from 46%c, closing at 46%c, sold between 45%4647 and 46%c, closing at 46%c.

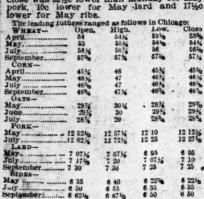
and the early advance was all lost on that account.

May corn opened from 46½ to 46%c, sold between 45%e47 and 46%c, closing at 46½c, a shade lower than on Monday. The cash market was firm and from %@%c per bushel higher.

Oats—The dullness that seems to be a necessary adjunct of the trade in this grain was in evidence as usual today. The strength early and the weakness later were distinctly sympathetic. May closed %@%c lower than Monday. Cash oats were 4c per bushel higher early, but easy later. Provisions—Trading in product until within the last fifteen or thirty minutes was mainly in small lots, the strength and advance of 5c in live hogs exerting a nat-

ural influence. During the closing moments a large commission house made an attack on pork and the other articles yielded through their relation to it. The close was 32½c lower than Monday for May pork, 10c lower for May rlbs.

The leading nutbers ranged as follows in Chicago:



Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

By private wire to J. C. Knox, manager.

Chicago, April 3.—The action of the wheat market today was quite a disappointment to its friends. The news has been nearly all of a bullish nature. The weekly shipments to the United Kingdom and the centinent are about 5,000,000 bushels, which is at least 1,000,000 below the requirements. The exports for three days from the principal Atlantic ports will aggregate over 1,500,000 bushels of wheat and flour. The milling demand for red winter wheat has been quite large, and the general movement from store for domestic and foreign use is very active. Bradstreet's makes the decrease in the world's available supply about 2,300,000. The local traders and scalpers took the bull side at the opening, causing an advance of ½c per bushel, but the trading was not large enough to sustain prices, and when the scalpers attempted to realize the market gave way and declined, closing at the lowest of the day. To offset the bullish news the fact remains that stocks in store here of wheat are large, and we are fast approaching the season of warm, growing weather and the liquidation of May contracts by holders which always has a tendency to depress prices. It looks as if it would require constant buying for foreign account of cash wheat to sustain prices.

Corn started off strong, scalpers taking the bull side when the estimated receipts came in, and, being very light, there was quite liberal buying by floor traders. The market, however, did not respond, but, on the contrary, seemed to give way under the pressure of realizing sales, and the scalpers and floor traders were scalped from ½ 70 realizing sales by speculators and quite liberal offerings from packers, hog product very soon lost—the early advance and became very weak, closing heavy with apparently little demand either for cash products or speculative puts. Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA, GA., April 3 Atlanta, April 3 — Flour, first patent 34.00; second natent 83.40; straight \$3.15; fancy \$3.05; extra family \$2.70. Corn. white 59c; mixed 58c. Oats, rust proof 50c; white 46c; mixed 43c. Rye, Georgia 70c. Barley, Georgia raised \$5c. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales 90c; small bales, 85c; No. 2 timothy, large bales 90c; small bales, 85c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 80c. Meal, plain 56c; bolted 54c. Wheat tann, large-sacks, 90; small saccs 924; Shorts\$1.00. Stock meal \$1.00. Cotton seed meal 90c \$1.00 fts. hulls \$6.00 \$\tilde{g}\$ ton. Peas 90c \$\tilde{g}\$ bin. Grits \$3.26. New York. April 3 — Southern flour dull but steady; good to choice \$2.80c \$3.26 common to fair ex (ra§1.90 \$0.275. Wheat spot iess as five, unchanged and firm; No. 2 red winter in store and elevator 60%; afloat \$1.25 coloning of \$1.25 coloning of \$1.25 coloning of \$1.25 coloning one trained \$1.25 coloning coloning trained train

Ju. 3: agot No. 2:33 agos 3.

St. Louis, April 3.—Flour firmer; patents \$2.70%
2.85: Inner \$2.90%
2.85: Inner \$2.90%
2.85: Inner \$2.90%
2.10 Wheat lower: No. 2: May 4334; July 5-4.

Corn higher; No. 2: May 4334; July 5-4.

Chicago, April 3.—Flour firm; winter patents \$3.25

Chicago, April 3.—Flour firm; winter patents \$3.25

Chicago, April 3.—Flour firm; winter patents \$3.25

St. No. 2: corn 5.5%
45.50; No. 2: Spring -; No. 2: red 5.5%

Chicanati. April 3.—Flour active and firm; winter patents \$3.85%

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Chicanati. April 3.—F

Grocerles.

Atkinta, April 3.—Roasted coffee 22,60 ° 100 n cases. Green—Choice 21c; fair 19½c; prime 18½c. Sigar—Standard granulated 4%c; our granulated 4¾c; New Orleans white 3½c65%c; do. yellow 3½c63%c Syrip—New Orleans open kettle 25@30c; mixed 12½c 620c; sugarhouse 20@35c. Teas—Black 30@65%c; green 20@50c. Rice—Head 6c; choice 5½c. Salt—dairy, sacks, \$1.40; do. bbls, \$2.25; ice cream \$1.00; common 70c. Cheese—Full cream 12½c. Matches—658 50c; 2008 \$1.3004, 175; 3008 \$2.75. Soda—Boxes 6c; kees 3cc. Cinckers—Soda 5½c; cream \$1.0c; fair sacks \$1.20; Down on stack 5½c; fancy 12@12½c, Oysters—F. W. \$1.60; L. W. \$1.20. Powder—kegs \$3.20 Shot—\$1.25.

New York, April 3-Coffee, options closed quiet 10 @20 points up; May 14.75@14.80; July 14.70@14.75; October 14.70; December 14.45; spot Rio quiet 14.75:October 14.70; December 14.45; Spot Rio quiebut firm; No. 7 16%. Sugar. raw fairly active and firm; fair refining 211-16; refined vuiet and strady; off A 3%-63%; mould A 4 3-16604%; standard A 3 15-16604%; cut loaf and crushed 4 9-16604%; granulated 3 15-10604%; cut loaf and crushed 4 9-16604%; nonlinel; New Oreans ficm and in fair demonstrative firm; domestic fair to extra 4 4666; Japan 4 4664%.

Provisions.

Atlants April 3—Clear rib sides, ooxed 7c; fee-curedibellies 8½c. Sugar-cured fiams 10@12½c. California 7½c. Break fast bacon 10½c. Lard—Best quality 8c; second quality 7½c; compound 6c.

8t. Louis, April 3—Pork, standard mess 312.55.
Lard, prime steam 6.85. Dry sait means, shoulders 5.00; long clear 6.87½; clear ribs 6.50; short clear 6.82½. Bacon, boxed shoulders 6.00; long clear 6.75; clear ribs 6.87½; short clear 7.12½.

New York, April 3—Pork dull but steady; old mess 13.50@14.00. Middles easier; short clear 7.00. Lard quiet and weak; western steam 7.20; city steam 6.62½; options, April 7.20; May 7.30.

Chicago, April 3—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork 31.2.12½c@12.25. Lard 6.97½c6.90.

Short ribs loose 6.15@6.25. Dry salt shoulders boxed 6.37½c6.50; short clear sides boxed 6.45@6.50. Lard. Clindinati, April 3—Pork, mess \$12.50. Provisions. Cincinnati, April 3— Pork, mess \$12.50. Lard. team teaf 7.24; kettledried 7.25. Bacon, shoulders 5.50; snort rib sides 6.75; short clear 7.00.

Live Stock Market.

Chicago, April 3—Cattle, slow and about steady; recelpts 11,000; common to extra steers \$4.15@6.50; stockers and feeders \$2.75@4.65; cows and bulls \$1.75 (25.00); common to choice mixed \$4.456.5, 10; choiceassorte \$4.80@4.95; light \$4.60 (24.85; pigs \$4.25@4.60). Sheep active and steady; recepts 12,000; inferior to choice \$3.00@4.90; lambs \$3.75@5.85.

Reverse 12,000, merios to consider a 13,75@6.85.

New York, April 3—Beeves, receipts y, 316; demand moderately active and steers and oxe2 10c higher with cows and buils 10@15c higher than on Moncay; poor to prime nasive steers \$4.00@25. Sheep and lambs — Receipts 5,07c; demand rather slack but price reteady for good to choice; common and medium lambs a fraction lower and 0½ carloads carried over; common to choice sheep sold at \$4.00@5.00; medium to choice lambs \$5.15@6.15. Hogs, receipts \$1.36; market quoted lower at \$6.00@6.20, but choicee heavy hogs would peobably sell at \$5.25.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, April 3—Spirits turpentine firm at 29 for regulars; sales 393 caşks; receipts 472. Rosin upchanged with nothing doing; sales—bbls; A, B and C41.00; D \$1.15; E \$1.30; F \$1.50; G \$1.75; H \$2.00; I \$2.10; K\$2.35; M \$42.85; N \$43.25; windowgiass \$3.50; waterwhite \$3.75.

Wilmington, April 3—Rosin firm; strained \$1 15; good strained \$1.20; turpentine firm at 29; tar steady at 95; crude turpentine quiet and steady; hard \$1.20; soft \$2.00; virgin \$2.50

New York April 3—Rosin dull but steady; strained \$1.20; soft \$2.00; virgin \$2.50 New York April 3—Rost dull but steady; strained common to good \$1.57.561.60; turpentine quiet and steadys 1325633.
Characaua, april 3—Turpentine dull with dothing doing; rosinarm; good strained \$1.15.

Affanta April 3-Appies -5.75 \(\tilde{R} \) bbl. Lemons - Messina \$2.00\(\tilde{Q}_1.75 \); Florida \$1.50\(\tilde{Q}_1.75 \) \$box: Sicily \$1.00\(\tilde{Q}_1.75 \); Florida \$1.50\(\tilde{Q}_1.75 \) \$box: Sicily \$1.00\(\tilde{Q}_1.75 \); Florida \$1.00\(\tilde{Q}_1.50 \). Cocoanuts \$3\(\tilde{Q}_2.75 \); Pineappies - Crates of 2 dos \$2.00\(\tilde{Q}_2.05 \); dozen \$4.00\(\tilde{Q}_1.50 \); Figs \$1.00\(\tilde{Q}_1.50 \); Boxes \$65\(\tilde{Q}_1.50 \); Doxes \$65\(\tilde{Q}_1.50 \); Doxes \$65\(\tilde{Q}_1.50 \); Doxes \$65\(\tilde{Q}_1.50 \); Doxes \$1.50\(\tilde{Q}_1.50 \); Boxes \$65\(\tilde{Q}_1.50 \); Pigs \$1.60\(\tild

Country Produce.

Aflants, April 3 - Eggs 9@10c Butter-Western creamery 18@20c; fancy Tennessee 15@18; choice 12½; Georgia 10@12½c. Live poultry-Turkeys 10@12½b B: hens 55@27½; springchick-ens. large 30@350 medium 12½@15c; ducks 20@22½c. Dressed poultry-Turkeys 12½@15c; ducks 12@145; chickens 10@12½c. Irisn polatoes-Burbank \$2.50@2,75 \$ bbi: 90c@\$1.00 \$bb Tennessee bb. 65@75c. Sweet potatoes 80@ 85c \$ bu, Honey-estained \$@10c; in the comb 10@12½b. Oncompario00@1,25 \$bou; bbis. \$3.00. Cabbage 25@30

Notice to Contractors.

The advertiser will have a large amount of railroad work to sublet in a short timegracing, bridging and crosstles. Address

Sons of St. George. Englishmen, sons and grandsons, are respectfully invited to meet at the Scarratt house at 7 o'clock p. m. Thursday, April 4th, to receive Mr. James R. Angler, supreme secretary of the above order, with a view to organize a lodge in this city.



best selected and cheapest line of Carriages in Atlanta.
Our \$9 Silk Plush, Satin Parasol, our \$9 Silk Plush, Satin Pa Lace Edge Cab is a "Screamer." RHODES,

SNOOK AND HAVERTY FURNITURE CO., 6 Peachtree St. mch 10-1mo-su-tu-th

FOR SALE-Horses, Carriages, Etc. PONY FOR SALE—One pony, cart and harness; cheap; obliged to sell owing to death of owner. Apply Atlanta university, apr-3-3t.

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Set of elegat oak bar fixtures will sell cheap; no use in South Carolina A. H. Schade, Greenville, S. C. apr-3-5t FOR SALE—Butcher's refrigerator box; new; marble slabs, tools, electric motor and fans; will sell cheap. Nelson Morris & Co.

BOARDERS WANTED—Nice room, close in, all conveniences, with good board, to a couple for \$30 per month. Address Cot-tage Home, care Constitution. april 4—it

aprl 4-4t
BOARDERS WANTED-Large front room,
centrally located, with all conveniences
and good substantial table fare very
reasonable at 60 West Harris street.

THE GLENMORE, 42 and 44 Walton street postoffice block, first-class board and rooms; day and transient boarders so-noited. FIRST-CLASS BOARD and rooms can be had at 61 East Ellis, one block from Aragon hotel: northern family.

apri 4-3t

aprl 4-3t
NICE ROOMS and good board can be ob-tained at 131 Spring street, Terms reason-able. apr-3-2t

LOST-A small tan-colored terrier dog, with red collar on; liberal reward if returned to 45 Marietta or 46 Currier street.

J. B. Roberts.

LOST-Yesterday between North Forsyth and corner of Pryor and Garnett streets, lady's hand bag containing spectacles, purse, etc. Return to 94 North Forsyth street.

FOR RENT-Houses, Cottages, Etc. THE BEST residence in West End at a bargain. We have been directed to sell. Call in and make us an offer. J. C. Hendrix & Co. Real Estate-FOR SALE-Real Estate

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE in South FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE in South Kirkwood, handsome, modern 6-room cot-tage, lot 75x300 feet, choice neighborhood, near electric line. Will take vacant lot worth \$1,500 in good city neighborhood in part payment and give long time on bal-ance of purchase money if desired. Z. Q., Constitution. FOR SALE—Three lots at East Lake at a bargain if taken at once for cash. Appl. to owner, 116 Mills street.

to owner, 116 Mills street.

FOR SALE—A 9-room, two-story, frame house, on lot 60x250 feet to another street, with gas and water. In one of best portions of city. Has a mortgage on it of \$4,000. Will exchange equity of redemption for farm, or Atlanta renting property. Price \$7,000. Address through this office, Swap.

FOR SALE—Northild. FOR SALE—Northside home, good house large lot, on electric line, close in. With furniture \$8,000; without furniture \$7,000 Easy terms. P. O. box 698. mch22-1m

For Sale by C. H. Girardeau, S E. Wall St. Kimball.

34.400 will buy 440 acres in Cobb county, twelve miles from Atlanta; has 150 acres cleared, 60 acres river bottom, balance in native timber. There is a 6-room house, barn and gin houses. Now is the time to secure a bargain in a Georgia farm.

Can give inside figures on one of the choicest lots on the Boulevard. A rare opportunity to get the best there is on this popular street.

32.500 for Jackson street lot.

32.500 for Jackson street lot.

33.500, 4-room house, Georgia railroad, opposite Inman Park.

\$1.200, Loyd street lot.

3750, lot 45x135, Fraser.

300, grove lot near Formwalt school.

3400, Martin street lot.

1 can sell a beautiful grove lot on Loyd street and build a house to suit purchaser.

C. H. GIRARDEAU, 8 E. Wall. Wall St., Kimball.

HELP WANTED-Male.

NEW FACES—All about changing the features and renovating blemishes in 150-page book for a stamp. John H. Woodbury, 127 W. 42d street, New York. Inventor of Woodbury's Facial Soap.

SITUATIONS WANTED-Female. AT ONCE—At \$15 a month, young lady, with good references, desires position as stenographer. Address immediately J. E., care Journal.

HELP WANTED-Female. WANTED—Two active, intelligent lady so licitors for Atlanta. Salary paid. Dixi. Baking Powder Company, 116% peachtree thur Tri sat sun

WANTED—Ladies to canvass and sell Singer sewing machines. Good compensation offered, must come well recommended. Apply to Mrs. W. T. Lane, 117 Whitehall street. The Singer Manufacturing Company. pany. apr2*tu-thu-sat-mon LADIES-To do fancy work at home. Del-ray Needlework Co., Delray, Mich.

WANTED Agents.

RELIABLE salesmen to sell a line of oil specialities, side line or exclusively. Exceptionally fine opportunity for the proper parties. Garland Refining Company, Cleveland, O. apri 4-3te od AGENTS WANTED 420 to 320 per day easily made in any locality. We furnish a line of samples free and allow 50 per cent commission for selling. Particulars free, or we will mail a sample of our goods in sterling silver upon receipt of 10 cents in stamps. Standard Silver Ware Cc. Boston, Mass. in stamps. Standard Silver Ware Cc.
Boston, Mass. mars 26t tod

AGENTS WANTED for 1895 wall map of
United States and world, six feet long,
beautifully colored; our hest seller. Send
75c. for sample and terms. No experience needed, sells itself. Rand, McNally
& Co., Chleago. & Co., Chicago.
marl2 3ttues 3thur 2sat 4sun AGENTS WANTED—To handle aluminum novelities; sell at sight; \$25 per week easily made; send 10c for sample; circulars free. Novelty Introduction Company, 209 State atreet, Chicago, Ill. wed-sat AGENTS WANTED, or salesmen desiring side line to take orders by sample; staple seller, easily carried. We pay expenses and salary or commission and furnish namples on application. Address Lock Box 125, New York city. WANTED—Lady agents in every community to handle our toilet preparation for beautifying the skin; new, harmless, excellent, a steady income; send for free sample. Calumet Chemical Company, Box 573, Chicago, mar 25—1.1

Douglas, Thomas & Davison,

In their newly enlarged and improved Sales rooms offer a selection of Merchandise in their thirty-five Departments never before equaled by a Southern house.

Black Crepons.

The most prominent and desirable sorts. Mohair Crepons, Silk and Wool Crepons, all Wool Crepons, all Silk Crepons. An almost endless variety, varying in price Mohair and Wool striped Cre-

pon, 44 inches wide, a very desirable material.\$1.25 yard Bubble Crepon, 46 inches wide,

Mohair finish.....\$2.00 yard

Colored Dress Goods.

choice mixtures \$1.00 yard and black, each\$10.00 Silk and Wool-mixed and Striped Novelty Dress Goods, 48 inches wide\$1.35 yard

New Silk and Wool-mixed Nov-

All Wool Covert Cloth, 54 inches wide; all Wool and should be \$1.00.....50c yard All wool Serge, 36 inches wide,

black and all colors, should be 50c.....25c yard

Silks for Waists.

We have undoubtedly the as sortment of the city, strictly new and desirable things, in Taffeta Plisse, Brocaded Taffetas, Striped and Checked Taffetas, Figured The Crockery Gros de Londre, Satin Duchesse,

Real Kaiki colored wash Silks in bran new effects. Also, full as-sortment of Checks and Plaids, brought out to retail at 50c. On Special Counter at35c

50 pieces Fancy Taffetas, in Stripes, Figures, &c., specially adapted for Waists, values at \$1.00; every piece choice, at 75c yard

Ready=to=Wear Garments.

Suits, separate Skirts, Silk and washable Waists, &c. Wool Cheviot extra Skirts, in

navy only, cut full width and properly made\$3.00 each | shapes......10-piece set for \$5.00

FINANCIAL.

PERSONAL—Lady correspondent wanted by a gentleman of means. All corre-spondence answered. Also will exchange photos. Address Delos Pearl, Atlanta, Ga., general delivery. apr 4-3t thur sat sun WANTED—To buy purchase money notes; long time loans negotiated. Apply to T. W. Baxter & Co., 210 Norcross build-ing. CHECKS and drafts on city and out-of-town banks can be cashed after banking hours and on legal holidays. Apply to J. R. Tolleson, Inman building, South Broad.

CASH PAID for endowment policies in old line companies. Send description. A K. Brocklesby, Box 233, Hartford, Com-mch2-30t

MONEY TO LOAN.

\$10,000, \$7,500, \$6,000, \$4,000, \$3,000, \$2,000, \$1,500 to lend at 7 and 8 per cent; money here in bank; no delay. T. F. Scott, 827 Equitable building. \$2,500 And \$2,100 to lend on Atlanta real estate immediately; money in bank Francis Fontaine, 7 North Forsyth.

OUR OWN MONEY to lend on Atlanta Atlanta Savings Dank, Gould building. Georgia farms 8 per cent. W. C. Davis, attorney. Room 43 Gate City bank building.

MONEY TO LOAN-\$1,000 to \$50,000, Atlanta real estate security; one to five years time. D. H. Livermore, State Savings bank. jan6 lm ON DIAMONDS, ETC.—Responsible, liber-al, confidential. N. Kaiser & Co., 15 De-catur st., Kimball house. Jan17 6m

RILEY-GRANT COMPANY negotiates loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handling large loans. 28 South Broad street. jan12 ly \$50,000-IF YOU want a loan promptly on

real estate, easy monthly plan, call on W. B. Smith. 16 N. Pryor street. jan29 6m ON ALL VALUABLES, diamonds, jewelry, etc.; liberal and confidential. Henry H. Schaul, 56 Decatur street, near Pryor street. feb20 6m LOANS UPON REAL ESTATE in or near

Atlanta promptly negotiated by S. Barnett, Equitable building. oct14 6m WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can bor-

FOR FARM loans within 50 miles of At-lanta come to the Georgia Farm Loan Co., rooms 10 and 12, 37½ Whitehall street. nov2 5m MONEY TO LOAN—\$1,000 to \$50,000, Atlanta real estate security; one to five years time. D. H. Livermore, State Savings bank.

REAL ESTATE LOANS 6, 7 and 8 per cent one to five years, straight or monthly payments. We buy purchase money notes and building and loan stock. R. H. Jones, 45 Marletta street.

LOANS made on good paper, one to twelve months' time; low rates; we buy good notes and loan money on real estate. Moody Loan and Investment Company, 413 Equitable. mar23-3m WE HAVE on hand \$500, \$1,000, \$2,000 and \$2,500 for immediate placing on Atlanta real estate, at 7 and 8 per cent. Call to see us. Weyman & Connors, S25 Equitable.

Address Real Estate, Box 281, apr 3-2t
THE ATLANTA BANKING COMPANY,
10 Wail street, Kimball house, loans
money on Atlanta and suburban real
estate, long or short time, at 8 per
cent, repayable in monthly installments;
purchase money notes bought. J. R.
Nutting, cashler.
mara-sun tues thur

MONEY TO LOAN-From \$1,000 upwards.
No delay; 7 and 8 per cent interest. Loans
on city real estate only. Francis Fontaine, No. 7 N. Forsyth street.
mar 27-6t-wed fri su tu thur sat.

Serge Skirt, in black and navy, all Wool, double Plait back, very full, each

Plain and Figured Brilliantine Skirts, no better material for service and style \$10.00 and \$7.50 each

Fine Crepon Skirts; made right, of right material and extremely low priced for such values

\$15.00 to \$8.50 each A Suit ready to put on, made as it is hard to get Suits made at home, latest styles, best materials

and shapes, to fit everybody...... \$25.00 to \$5.00 each

\$2.00 to 50c each

Ask to see our new Short Coat Style Suit, the nobbiest thing out, elty Dress Goods, in an array of and to be seen here only, in navy

Washable Waists.

We have never seen such a line. We believe such a line has never been seen in this city. Perfect fitting, perfectly made, and of selected colors and materials ...

Spring Capes.

See our leader for the rest of this week. An all Wool Braided Cloth Cape, full Ribbon Neck, a \$5.00 article, each.....\$.200

Store.

Is now on main floor, annexed building. A clean, select stock in all grades of Staple and Fancy China, Bohemian Glass, Granite and Tinware, and general housefurnishings.

See the big Bargain Table. Glass Water Bottles, Rose Bowls, Celery Stands, Decorated Vases, Decorated China Plates, Dishes, and hundreds of useful things, values up to 75c; choice.....25c each

100-piece set of hand-painted. gold edge English Porcelain, worth \$20.00 for\$14.00 set Special tinted Chamber Sets, Gold

stippled, delicate colorings and new

PERSONAL.

LADY CORRESPONDENT wanted by a answered; also will exchange photos. Address Delos Pearl, Atlanta, Ga., general delivery.

OLD GEORGIA land claims investigated and cleared up for contingent fees; 20,000,000 acres claimed by illegal tax sales. Ford Bros., Atlanta and Albany, Ga.

IF YOU NEED information, want a room, want board, call on Atlanta Room Ex-change and Information Bureau, 6 Walton street mch24 6m NOTICE-J. B. Bowen traveling plumbing shop; it saves time and money. Give me a call. 45 East Hunter street, 'phone 521 mch 22-1m CASH paid for old gold and silver. Julius R. Watts & Co., jewelers, 57 Whitehall.

SALESMEN WANTED.

TO SELL AT A SACRIFICE—150 pairs Hess finest hand-welt Cordovan, French calf and Kangaroo shoes; 125 pairs Helser's same style and quality; 100 pairs other fine makes, all good sizes and elegant work; 300 medium weight coats and vests, 150 pair odd pants, all medium to fine goods. These goods were acquired in the purchase of a large bankrupt stock and are to be closed as a job for cash. Nearly all of the shoes cost 44 at factory. Address D. Y. G., this office.

WANTED—To sell a well-established com-

WANTED—To sell a well-established commissary business under a two years' contract with a gilt-edge corporation; checks redeemed in cash every two weeks; rental privilege only 5 per cent, absolutely safe; reason for selling to engage in wholesale line. Terms cash or negotiable paper. Address Commissary, care this paper.

WANTED—Reliable salesman, already traveling, to carry our lubricants as a side line. Manufacturers' il Company. Cleveland. O. sept25-'m WANTED-To sell a well-established com-

FOR RENT-Miscellaneous,

FOR RENT-One-half of a large, pleasant office on first floor of Gate City bank building if business and tenant satisfactory; rent reasonable, L. B. Nelson. apr-3-5t

apr-3-5t

FOR RENT-A desirable store, No. 14

Whitehall street, suitable for any line of
business. Possession will be given on short
notice by applying at the Guarantee Clothing Co.

apr 3-7t WANTED-Miscellaneous. TWO active, intelligent lady solicitors for Atlanta, Salary paid, Dixle Baking Powder Company, 116½ Peachtree street, thur fri sat sun

WANTED—Fifty thousands, pounds dry hides. Write for price to J. G. Hynds Manufacturing Company, Gainesville, Ga. apr2-tu-thu-sat CASH PAID for old gold. A. L. Delkin Co., 69 Whitehall street. jan-23-6m

FOR RENT

Nos. 310 and 312 Auburn avenue, corner Jackson street, double store. Been used successfully as first-class etail grocery store for several

A live man with small capital can ake money at this stand. Call and see me. Respectfully, JOHN J. WOODSIDE,

The Renting Agent,



NO DISCORD HERE NOW

The Board of Police Commissioners in Harmonious Session.

DRIVER JOHN FLYNN WAS

The Other Officers Dropped Off at the Re cent Election Were Reinstated and Put Back on Duty.

The first meeting of the board of police ioners since its reorganization was held vesterday afternoon, with the full board present and Mr. Johnson in the

The harmony was so pronounced as to be painful. The slightest suggestion from any commissioner was met with enthusiastic approval and a motion needed only to be mentioned before it was taken up quickly and passed unanimously. Whenever an opinion had to be expressed it was softened and toned down so studiously that it was impossible to provoke argument.

The commissioners smile and nod and crack jokes in the chummiest way. They it for they mean to show that the hatchet has been covered up too deep to be exhumed and that hereafter they will work on as unruffled as a spring-time zephyr.

The session was called to take up the case of Officer John Flynn, the picturesque young fellow who for so long has steered the big, black patrol wagon through the throngs of Decatur street.

Flynn was charged with conduct unbecoming an officer. He was discharged from the force, as it was the third case which commissioners have investigated against him, all of them of a similar na-

Incidentally the board reinstated three patrolmen who were left off at the recent election. One of these Patrolman Grant. was well known as the man who for so long had held under check the tough characters of Decatur street and his dismissal was a surprise. He was made happy again, however, and will swing his club in triumph once more among the dark denizens of that Flynn Used His Pistol.

Officer Flynn, who was brought up for trial, is a young man with a florid countenance and a tightly twisted mustache that points to the corners of a pair of small, snappy blue eyes. He has been connected with the police department for some years and was looked upon by the officers as a good man, but he went to an entertainment, so he told the commissioners, on the night of the 22d of March and it was on his re-turn home that the incident that caused his

dismissal came up.

It was on the night that Simp Woodruff, a negro musician, came running to the station house with his head spattered with gore that was pouring in a steady stream

gore that was pouring in a steady stream from a gaping wound.

"I was a-serenading up there," he said, "and Mr. Flynn came up and told me to go. I was a-going, but he grabbed me by the collar and, hit me on the head with his pistol. I didn't do anything to him."

The negro was sent to the hospital and the case looked into by the captains. It was a question with them why the officer himself did not report the case and arrest the negro. The scene of the difficulty was a room over a grocery store on Decatur a room over a grocery store on Decatur street, where two young women supposed to be of a shady cast resided. Flynn was found there when Captain Moss arrived and that night he failed to re-

Whisky on His Breath.

Captain Moss testified before the commissioners yesterday afternoon.

"I went up to the room," he said, "and Flynn was there. It was 12 o'clock at night and the watches had gone on duty. I asked him about the case and he explained it to me."

"Did you notice that he was under the

"Did you notice that he was under the influence of whisky?" asked Chairman

"I can't say." replied Captain Moss, "that he was under the influence of anything, ticed especially. His breath told on him.

I could smell it." The Serenaders Would Not Stop. Ella Griggs, who occupied the room, was brought before the commissioners. She is a very young woman with streams of brown hair running down her back and cheeks decorated with roseate landscapes. "That night," she said, "the negro came to the door and began to play his mando-

lin. There were other musicians with him. but I don't care for music and I don't care to spend any money on the serenaders. So I ordered them to go. They stayed and

played on.
"Now, the way they played 'Sweet Marie,'
"Now, the way they played 'sweet Marie,' was awful. I never heard such horrible music. So I pulled open the window and called out to an officer to come up.

"Patrolman Flynn came to get them away. I think that the negro resisted and he knocked him in the head." Mary Whitman, who was in the same clace, came before the commissioners and

told the same story.

He Had a Rasor.

McGowan was a young man who was with the wagon driver that night. He and Flynn, he testified, were coming from an entertain-ment. They got as far as Pratt and Decaturwhen some one was heard to call out loudly for an officer to come and come quickly. Flynn went up. He found the negro and ordered him to get out of the place. The negro refused and drew a razor. As he did the officer pulled his pistol and struck him on the head.

On the sidewalk the negro escaped and on the sidewalk the negro escaped and could not be caught.

Flynn, when he made his statement, denied that he was visiting the place. He was passing by, as testified before, when he went up and tried to get the negro out. Flynn said that the evidence that he had taken anything to drink was a mistake.
"Flynn, didn't you have plum pudding at
your entertainment?" questioned Captain

"No sir; I didn't have anything but coffee, "No sir; I didn't have anything but conce. That was all." But he did not satisfy the board as to why he did not report the trouble at police headquarters at once; why he allowed the negro to escape, and why he did not come up for duty.

So he was dismissed and an order was issued by Chief Connolly to that effect.

Three Officers Put Back.

It was suggested that Officer Grant be put back on the force.

"Yes," said Captain Brotherton, "I have since learned that we made a mistake and that the objection offered to the man was ill-founded. I am of the opinion that he is a good officer."

a good officer."

Chief Connolly said that he had a long petition signed by the merchants of Decatur



ASK YOUR OUTFITTER FOR THEM. "Souvenir of Fashion," free by Mail. CLUETT, COON & CO., MAKERS, TROY street which was the territory of Grant, asking that he be reinstated.

The cases of Officers Doyle and McCarty were also reconsidered and by unanimous agreement, they were all placed on the roll again. In the chief's office the oath of ser-vice was given them by Chairman Johnson.

The Appropriation Short. For some time the commissioners considered the question of the appropriation for

he police department.

It was stated that according to the presat according to the present according to the present account the department would run in debt to the extent of \$2.000 if the appropriation was not increased. They decided that the secretary should make a statement of the financial requirements of the department and report to the council committee.

He Is Actively at Work. Chairman George Johnson has entered into his work actively. Last night he wandered into police headquarters and casually looked into the different departments. He dropped an encouraging word among the men now and then. After he had finished this informal inspection he went into Chief Connolly's office, where he remained in concultation with the chief for some

Blood is life if it is pure, rich and healthy. It is disease and death if it is loaded with impurities. Hood's sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier. Get only Hood's, and do not be induced to take any other.

SONS OF CONFEDERATE VETERANS. They Will Hold a Meeting Next Mon-

day Evening.

A feature of the long procession on Memorial Day will be the presence of a large brigade of Sons of Confederate Vete-In the office of President T. B. Felder,

in the Grant building, a meeting of all the Sons of Confederate Veterans in the city will be held at 8 o'clock next Monday evening.

President Felder has issued the following call for the meeting:
"All Sons of Confederate Veterans are requested to meet in the office of the presi-

dent of the organization, Nos. 11, 12 and 13 Grant building, on Monday, April 8th, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. The object of the meet-ing is to elect officers and prepare for the annual tribute to the confederate dead on the approaching 26th of April. A full and enthusiastic attendance is desired.

"T. B. FELDER, JR., President.

"WILLIAM W. DAVIES,
"Secretary Pro. Tem."

"Secretary Pro Tem."
At this meeting the arrangements for Memorial Day will be considered.

LEMON ELIXIR.

Regulates the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Blood.

For Billousness, Constipation and Mala-For Indigestion, Sick and Nervous Head-For Sleeplessness, Nervousness and Heart

Failure.
For Fever, Chills, Debility and Kidney Diseases, take Lemon Elixir, For Blotches and Pimples on the face take Lemon Elixir.
Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulation, take Lemon Elixir.
Fifty cents and \$1 bottles at druggists.
Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

Cures all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Hemorrhage and all throat and lung diseases. Elegant, reli-Twenty-five cents at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

NEW SLEEPING CAR LINE

To Brunswick, Via Central Railroad. Georgia Southern and Florida and

Plant System. Commencing Monday, April 1st, the Central railroad of Georgia, in connection with the Georgia Southern and Fiorida and Plant system, will put on a Pullman sleeper between Atlanta and Brunswick, Leaving Atlanta every evening 7 p. m., and arrive Brunswick 6:50 a. m., to accommodate the vast amount of travel to Cumberland and St. Simons island during the summer. In addition to this train there will be a train leaving Atlanta 7:30 a. m., and arriving Brunswick 8 p. m. This will be good news Brunswick 8 p. m. This will be good news to the many Atlanta people who visit Cumberland and St. Simons during the summer. Close connection will be made at Brunswick with boats for Cumberland and St. Simon's, For full and reliable information apply to F. J. ROBINSON, S. B. WEBB, F. J. ROBINSON, S. B. WEBB, C. P. and T. A. T. P. A. 16 Wall street, Kimball house, Atlanta, Ga. mch-31-7t

NEW MAP OF ATLANTA. Printed in Colors and Perfected to

Embracing the Cotton States and International exposition grounds, the new seventh ward (West End). Inman Park, routes of all the railroads and electric street car lines, ward boundaries, limit lines and other necessary information.

Especially prepared and copyrighted by Mr. E. B. Latham, civil engineer, for John M. Miller, publishing agent.

The map is folded in convenient pocket size and enclosed in neat covers.

Price 25 cents. For sale at the John M. Miller book store, 39 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

Parties desiring information as to fishing and hunting in Florida should write B. W. Wrenn, passenger traffic manager Plant system, Savannah, Ga.

BAPTIST STATE CONVENTION

Wayeross, Ga., April 9-15th, 1895 A Quick Day Schedule Announced

by the Southern Railway. by the Southern Railway.

The following are the figures of the double daily schedules which will be finde by the Southern railway between Atlanta and Waycross on and after Sunday, April 7, 1895. (via Jesup):

Leave Atlanta 7:00 a, m.; arrive Waycross 5:06 p.m.

Leave Atlanta 11:45 p. m.; arrive Waycross 10:25 a. m.

Remember this is the only line offering so complete schedules in both directions.

The rates will be one and one-third fare on the certificate plan. Passenger and Ticket office, corner of Kimball house.

Famous Generals and Statesmen. Famons Generals and Statesmen.

Hon. R. B. Hubbard, of Texas.
General John B. Gordon, of Georgia.
General Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia.
Ex-Governor W. D. Bloxham, of Florida.
Ex-Governor McEnery, of Louisiana.
Ex-Governor John Ireland, of Texas.
Judge S. P. Hughes, of Arkansas.
Ex-Governor W. R. Miller, of Arkansas.
General Beauregard, now deceased.
Ex-Governor Perry, of Florida.
General I. W. Avery, Cotton States and
International Exposition Commissioner.
The above distinguished gentlemen have
given testimony to the superiority of the
Hawkes manufacture of Spectacles and
Eye-Glasses over all others.

and Will Tell About It in Her Lecture

And Will Tell About It in Her Lecture
This Afternoon.

Mrs. M. French-Sheldon, the famous
African explorer, is to lecture this afternoon at Phillips & Crew's music hall.

The subject of the lecture is "From Sultan to Sultan." She has delivered it all over the country with great success and finding that she was coming to Atlanta, a number of ladies induced her to lecture here. The lecture is to be given under the auspices of the First Presbyterian church, and will begin at 2:30 o'clock.

Mrs. Sheldon will wear during her lecture one of the famous gowns which she wore while in Africa. Mrs. Sheldon is one of the most interesting women in the United States. She has traveled extensively has written a number of books and has lectured in some of the largest cities of the world.

Her appearance in Atlanta will be an event of wide interest and she will doubt-less be greeted by a large audience.

Large Force of Men at Work on the

Exposition Grounds. STEIRINGER FORMING PLANS

He Is Arranging for Some Surprising and Beautiful Electrical Effects-News at Exposition Headquarters.

The beautiful weather yesterday resulted in a big increase in the force of men employed at the exposition grounds One thousand and thirty-three men were at work.

One hundred and thirty-eight teams were employed.

This represents the largest force that has been engaged at the exposition grounds since the work of construction commenced, The men were employed in grading, in the construction of the buildings, and in putting out shrubbery and flowers. Working at full tilt from sun to sun, the amount of work which they accomplish is simply wonderful. A daily transformation is effected in the appearance of the park.

A great change has been made in the race course. This tract has been thoroughly plowed and about half of it has



LUTHER H. STEIRINGER. The Eminent Electrician Who Has Som-Brilliant Plans for the Exposition.

been covered with evergreens and other flowers. A large force of men is at work fixing the grade of the terraces and planting honeysuckle over them. In weeks this part of the ground will bloom out in tropical beauty and fragrance. The frame work of the several buildings is going up in a hurry. The fine arts building is being roofed over. A splendid showing has been made on the electrical building. It will be finished within the

next two months. To Write Up the Exposition. Mr. J. F. Dickinson, the talented special correspondent of The Cincinnati Enquirer, s in Atlanta for a few days, his mission

being to write up the exposition. He was sent by John R. McLean, owner of The Enquirer, who has recently shown great interest in the exposition. Mr. Mc Lean believes that there are great possi bilities in the enterprise in the way of opening up trade between this country and the South American countries, and it is with a view to what may be developed in this line that Mr. Dickinson will write of the exposition

He will first collect data concerning the exposition, which he has already com-menced to do; then he will gather figures showing the distances between our ports and South American ports, the amount of our export trade with those countries and full facts throwing light on the commercial relations between the countries.

Mr. Dickinson is quite in able writter and has handled many important subjects for his newspaper. He has recently returned from a trip to Missouri, where he had an interview with Hon. Richard P.

Bland on the silver question.

Mr. Dickinson will write a series of strong articles for The Enquirer on the A number of other newspaper corres-

pondents are expected in the city this

Mr. Steiringer's Work. Mr. Luther Steiringer, the eminent elec-trician who was called here several days ago by the electrical committee, has been at work since his arrival and has about

completed some designs for magnificent electrical effects, which he will submit to the electrical committee tomorrow. Mr. Steiringer is not prepared to say yet just what the character of his work is, but those who have been in communi-cation with him state that it will be of mmense value to the exposition.

Mr. Steiringer was the originator and

designer of the electrical fountains at the world's fair. He did an immense amount of valuable work for the fair and will do a great deal for the Atlanta exposition before he concludes his labors.

Sufferers from Coughs, Sore Throat. etc., should try "Brown's Bronchial Troches," a simple but sure remedy. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cents.

GEORGIA BAPTIST CONVENTION,

Waycross, April 9th to 15th. For this occasion the Southern railway will have the most attractive schedules and also special excursion fates. The established route to Waycross is via the Southern railway and Jesup and superior schedules are made by that route. This is the short line. This is the quick line, going and returning. Passenger and ticket office corner Kimball house, Atlanta.

Notice to Insurers.

Having terminated my connection with the Atlanta Home Insurance Company, I have moved my office to NO. 19 EDGEWOOD AVENUE, NO. 19 EDGEWOOD AVENUE, corner of Pryor street, diagonally across from the Equitable building, where I will be glad to serve my former patrons and friends. I represent the following well known companies:

PHENIX, OF BROOKLYN.
QUEEN, OF AMERICA.
HARTFORD, OF HARTFORD.
LLOYD'S PLATE GLASS INSURANCE COMPANY.
Mr. R. A. Redding is interested with me in the office.

Telephone 72. april 3-5t.

Professor Smith's College, Lexington, Professor Smith's College, Lexington, Ky.

Professor Wilbur R. Smith, president of the Commercial College of Kentucky University, Lexington, Ky., announces that students from seventeen states have recently entered his college, including a large number from Georgia. Many are expected to attend this college this spring.

The St. Louis A. B. C. Bohemian bottled beer is the beer to drink if you wish to be healthy. It is made of the best hops and barley and nothing else. The American Brewing Co. are the makers, and challenge competition. Bailey & Carroll, wholesale

PRETTY

AND ATTRACTIVE WOMEN. Their Good Looks Not a Secret.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY BEADERS.) No matter to what country she belongs, or whether she be black or white, as a



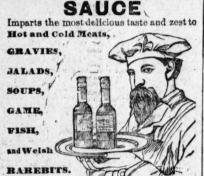
Women know the influence of beauty on men; men rarely admire a beautiful invalid, but they do admire a woman in whom is blended good features and perfect health.

There is no secret about a woman's beauty; it all lies in the care she devotes to herself, to removing from her system all poisonous impurities, and keeping at bay those fearful female diseases The flashing eye, elastic step, and bril-

liant complexion are never companions of a womb trouble; only the distressed expression and aches, pains, blues, faintness, dizziness, bearing-down feeling, etc., keep it company.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound removes female troubles promptly, and cleanses, invigorates, and consequently beautifies, the form of woman. Women, the world over, pay homage to it, and praise its discoverer. Your drug-gist sells more of it than all other female

medicines. The Original and Genuine



BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. Take None but Lea & Perrins. Lea Xerims

Signature on every bottle of the original and genuine.
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS. NEW YORK-LADIES' FINE-SHOES. A full line of light

weight Boots for early spring just received. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

Here are Bargains.

Call at 90 Whitehall St. and get Hoyt's cheap cash prices. We give you a few below:

Loose London Raisins 5c 2 lb Can Standard Tomato.. .. 5c 1-4 1 Potted Ham 6e 1-4 DPotted Tongue... 6e 2 lb Package Ontment.... 10c 1 Can Condensed Milk 10e Arbuckle's Coffee, per Ib 23e Levering's Coffee, per lb 23e 7 Bars Glory Soap 25e 7 Bars Polo Sonp 25e 24 lb Standard Sughr \$1 50 Ib Peachtree Patent Flour 81 1 To Elgin Creamery Butter 25c 10 16 Can Leaf Lard 05e 1 1b Hong Kong Ten 30c 1 Can Salmon 10e

low wholesale prices. W. R. HOYT, Phone 451. 90 Whitehall St.

quart Best Queen Ollves... .. 30c

Everything else at corresponding

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

Valuable Improved Residence Property-Terms Easy.

By virtue of a decree rendered by Fulton superior court, in the case of H. T. Inman vs. W. B. Porter, B. H. Porter, J. R. Black et al., I will sell on the premises at 10 o'clock a. m., Tuesday, May 7, 1895, the following improved property:

Elight seven-room, two-story houses and lots, situated on the southwest corner of Powers and Spring streets, and known as Nos. 38, 42, 46, 48 and 50 Powers street, and Nos. 228 and 232 Spring street.

Immediately after the sale of the above described property I will sell five eightroom, two-story houses and lots, situated on the northwest corner of West Peachtree and Powers streets, known by Nos. 52, 56 and 68 West Peachtree street and Nos. 9 and 11 Powers street.

I will then proceed to the northeast corner of Spring and Cain streets, where I will sell five twelve-room, three-story brick tenement houses and lots known as Nos. 13, 133, 135, 137 and 139 Spring street.

I will then proceed to the southeast corner of Highland avenue and Dunian street, where I will sell four seven-room, two-story houses and lots, known as Nos. 42, 45, 47 and 49 Highland avenue and Nos. 42 Duniap street.

The above houses and lots will be sold separately to the highest bidder upon the following terms: One-third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest at 8 per cent per annum.

Bids on any or all of said properts will

per cent per annum.

Bids on any or all of said property will be entertained before the sale.

For plats and further information on me at 17% South Broad street.

W. D. ELLIS, JR., Commissioner.



To say the least, you'll be surprised when you see the Imported Wales Suits we are selling at \$10 each; sack or frack. No April fooling about this, but a catch-it-while-you-can opportunity. We ought to get \$15 for it, but run it as a leader at \$10. We consider it the best advertisement we ever had. Come in, it's high time to get your spring outfit; look at our suits at \$7.50, \$10, \$12, \$15, \$20 or \$25; examine them, try them on, and if you buy the benefit will be mutual. you buy the benefit will be mutual. You'll save yourself money and we'll gain a customer.

Fifty dozen Alpines and Derbys to close at \$1.50 each; best value in town.

EISEMAN & WEIL. 3 Whitehall St.



HON. R. B. HUBBARD

JAPAN AND THE

ORIENT

Mr. Hubbard was governor of Texas and United States minister to Japan. Prices-Reserved seats, 75c; admission 50c

THE GRAND.

2 PERFORMANCES 2 Matinee and Night, Friday, April 5th.

W. S. CLEVELAND'S **BIG DOUBLE**

- PEOPLE One all white company!
One atl black company!
Beni Zoug-Zoug's Arabian Circus!
Egyptian Phalanx March!
100 Brilliant New Features!
The Cleveland Shows Amalgamated!
Usual prices, sun wed thu

LAST AIAAIA NANA WEEK

IN ATLANTA OF Suchorowsky's Superb Painting! The Original and Only NANA. Ladies' Matinee Tomorrow, Friday,

Special Reception for Ladies Only. At the request of a number of influential patrons to have a distinct time set apart for ladies to view Suchorowsky's superb painting, the management begs to announce a matinee tomorrow, Friday, April 5th, between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock p. m. for that purpose. On exhibition Hours—9 a. m. till 10 p. m. Admission 25c. OPERA HOUSE, Marietta Street.

> THE BERLITZ SCHOOL LANGUAGES,

19 E. Cain St., FRENCH-GERMAN-SPANISH.

Director: L. Coche.

EDUCATIONAL.

Hours 9 a. m. till 10 p. m. Admi

New-York, New-York Miss Peebles and Miss Thompson's Boarding and Day School for Girls, 30, 32 and 34 East 57th Street, Special Students admitted, mch30-2m-sat tues thur



IN PRETTY CHINA LYCETT'S, 831/2 Whitehall Street.

Lessons in China and Oil Painting. Art Materials for sale. White China for Decora-tion a specialty. PROFESSIONAL CARDS. MARVIN L. CASE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 208 Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga. HALL BROTHERS,
Civil and mining engineers, 67 Gate City
bank building, Atlanta, Ga. Surveys of all
kinds. Special attention given to mines,
quarries and hydraulics. Attorney and Counselor at Law.

Attorney and Counselor at Law.

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Prompt attention to collections.

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Offices—1, 2, 2, 4, 5 and 6 Lowe Building.
Whitehall street. Telephone 50.



"Darling Angela! be mine?" "No! Adolphus, my husband must be economical and wise enough to buy his clothes of George Muse Clothing Company. 38 Whitehall street."



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The most talked-of publication on the continent today! With the view of putting this remarkable book, which contains the ABC's of the currency question, in the hands of the people THE CONSTITUTION has arranged to supply them at

Will be sent, postage prepaid, to any address at this amount. Ap-

THE CONSTITUTION BUSINESS OFFICE;

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Our Stock of Furniture, Baby Carriages, Parlor Goods, Spring Mattresses, Shades, Curtains, etc. Is complete in every particular, and our motto will be: Bottom Prices. Office Furniture a Specialty,

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FURNITURE CO., 45 Peachtree Str. See our new line Roll Top Office Desks at \$20, \$25 and up. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.



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Telephone Exchanges Complete, sell and erect private lines, furnish office

Latest and Best Patent and most improved finish at lowest prices.

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Phone 203. No. 8 Loyd St. Don't Permit

"Mountain Rose" Peeled Asparagus.
Oyster Bay Asparagus Tips.
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Refuge Stringless Beans.
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Concentrated Seedless Tomatoes.
Ambrosia and Blue Label Corn.
They are better than shipped stuff.

THE C. J. KAMPER GROCERY CO. 390 and 392 Peachtree Street, 'Phone 628.

ART AT HARD-TIME PRICES Special Offer Closes April 10th.

JAMES P. FIELD



SIXTEEN DOCTORS.

The Graduating Exercises of the Southern Medical College Last Night

A LARGE AUDIENCE AT THE GRAND

The Class Is Small on Account of the Three Years' Course of Study—Rabbi Reich a Member of the Class.

Sixteen young candidates for the degree of doctor of medicine received their di-plomas from the Southern Medical college last night, before the footlights at the Grand, and, in the presence of a large audience, made their formal bow of introduction into the mysteries and emoluments

In addition to the members of the graduating class, who occupied seats to the left of the president, Dr. Thomas S. Powell, the members of the faculty and also the undergraduates who had completed two years of study occupied seats on the platform.

A number of green plants imparted a tropical atmosphere to the stage and beautified the surroundings by producing a picture closely resembling a scene of midsum-

The small number of graduates presented by the college for graduation this year is explained by the fact that a course of three



DR. H. EARLE RUSSELL, Of South Carolina, First Honor Man

years' study was agreed upon by the fac prior to the enactment of any legislation forcing them to take this step. Under the law, as enacted by the last legislature, the requirement does not go into effect until next fall and the Southern Medical college deserves all the more credit for adopting the three years' course in advance of any

egislative provision.

After a musical selection by the orchestra the exercises of the evening were opened by Rev. A. R. Holderby in a fervent prayer

Report of the Dean. This was followed by the annual report of the dean, Dr. William Perrin Nicolson. The report was read in a clear, distinct voice and its glowing account of the institution provoked enthusiastic applause.

The following is Dr. Nicolson's report in

The following is Dr. Nicoison's report in full:

"To the President and Board of Trustees: Gentlemen—At the close of the session of 1894 and 1895 I have to report that in sight of the stringent condition that has existed throughout the country, and the fact that this institution has increased the length of its course, and its requirements for graduation, there have been in attendance during the term our usual number of students, amounting to something less than 100. These have been distributed through the three stages of tuition, the largest number being in their first course.

We present you tonight sixteen gentlemen as candidates for the degree of doctor of medicine, and sixteen who at the end of their second course have stood their examinations and attained certuicates of proficiency in the four fundamental branches. We have the honor to present this evening the smallest graduating class that has gone out from this institution in the last six-

ciency in the four fundamental branches. We have the honor to present this evening the smallest graduating class that has gone out from this institution in the last sixteen years, except at the end of the first term, and in the small proportion of graduates to the body of the class, we feel what we consider a just pride.

"Two years ago, Independent of any requirements of state laws, the faculty of this institution adopted a requirement of attendance upon three annual sessions of six months each, in separate years, as requisite to graduation, together with a strict demand that the student, before entering, should have a good English education. This was done simply because it was the belief fof the entire faculty that it was impossible to give a medical education, such as is required at this time, in the short term of two sessions.

"As claimed at our last commencement, we feel that this institution deserves great credit for this advance in its requirements, especially when it is remembered that this was done at great financial loss, from the fact that our immediate competitors in this city continued to adhere to the old method of teaching only two terms before graduation. It is exceedingly gratifying to report that though our graduating class has been made very small this year on account of many students seeking an institution which would give them an easier graduation in a year shorter time, the number of first course students who represent the formation of our future graduating class has been larger than at any previous session in our history. This clearly demonstrates the fact that the profession who advise the students have appreciated the efforts which we have made to advance the standard of teaching and to require a so much longer attendance upon lectures.

"It is gratifying also for us to feel that in the entire southern states the Southern Medical college is the only institution during the term just closing that has taught a systematic graded course of lectures, and the only one in this state with a pre

Better Health Than Ever

"An attack of La Grippe, three ears ago, left me a physical vreck, and being naturally frail and delicate, it seemed as if I lever should rally again. Inneed at last to try

Highest Awards World's Fair

medicine. In closing this report I must again say that the small graduating class which we present to you tonight is a matter of far greater pride to us than would be a very large number, because it represents a higher class of teaching and more stringent requirements before graduation and an altogether elevated tone in our curriculum. Respectfully submitted, riculum. Respectfully submitted,
"WILLIAM PERRIN NICOLSON,
"Dean."

At the close of his report Dr. Nicolson presented to each of the undergraduates who had completed a two years' course of study a certificate of proficiency. He stated in doing so that they had attended the institution two months longer than the members of the class last year who had The Case Means Much to Every Railroad in members of the class last year who had



CHARLTON SHAW Of Canada, who Delivered the Valedictory
Last Night.

received diplomas of graduation. Instead of a two years' course of five months each it is now a three years' course of six months each.

List of Second Course Men. The following is a list of those who re-ceived certificates of proficiency in anato-

physiology, chemistry, materia medica my, physiology, chemistry, materia medica and therapeutics:
Park Howell, Georgia; Robert L. Whipple, Georgia; W. W. Painter, North Carolina; T. W. Bond, Georgia; E. L. Awtry, Georgia; A. W. Davisson, D. D. S., New York; George H. Stubbs, Georgia, J. P. Campbell, Georgia; E. M. Finley, Alabama; G. H. Starnes, Georgia; W. B. Orear, Georgia; T. J. Poole, Georgia; Luther Bennett, Georgia, and Lucian Lofton, Georgia.

Sixteen Diplomas Presented. A musical selection followed the delivery of these certificates, after which the names of the members of the graduating class were called by the dean. Dr. Thomas S. Powell, in behalf of the institution, presented the diplomas of the Southern Medical college to the following

graudates:

Drs. John M. Hall, Georgia; F. J. Hedgecock, Arkansas; A. J. J. King, Tennessee;
T. C. Longino, Georgia; C. W. McBurnett,
Georgia; J. H. Merritt, Tennessee; W. S.
Mickler, Florida; A. M. Nelson, North Carolina; David H. Ogden, Georgia; Charlton Shaw, Canada; J. A. Yates, Texas; J. Williams, Florida; H. Earle Russell, South Carolina; E. P. Rumph, Texas, and Leo Reich,

Dr. Reich, the Rabbi.

Dr. Leo Reich, the Hebrew rabbi, was on of the members of the graduating class last

Dr. Reich does not intend to enter the medical profession as a regular practitioner and has merely taken a course of lectures to aid him in the duties of the ministry and to increase his familiarity with the sciences, It is not invidious to say that Rabbi Reich is one of the most learned men in the city. It is rumored that Rabbi Reich intends to write a book on the Talmud, but he has nothing to say in regard to this alleged in-

His appearance on the stage last night was greeted with loud applause and the young rabbi received quite an ovation.

In the absence of Colonel Glenn, who was too unwell to deliver the address of the oc-casion, Dr. J. McF. Gaston delivered a brief address to the class. The speech was pro nounced by those who followed its train of thought as one of the best productions of tinguished luminary of the medical pro-Referring to Dr. Powell, the president of

the college, Dr. Gaston said:
"He and I were students together many years ago at the University of Pennsylvania, but it should be remembered that he was one of the oldest and I was one of the youngest in the class. Thus, it turns out that he is laboring under the accumulation of years and honors with increase of flesh, while I am renewing my youth under the multiplicity of varied duties during the past decade. I have been striving in season and out of season along with him to keep up with this progressive age in medicine and

"Among the earliest organized movements "Among the earnest organized movements for promoting medical education in this country stands the time-honored University of Pennsylvania. It was my priyilege to receive instruction there from Chapman, Horner, Jackson, George B. Wood, Gibson, Hodge and Hare, who were held in high esteem by the large class of students who attempts the large class of students who at cem by the large class of students who at tended their lectures at that early day. This was the medical Mecca to which pli-grims flocked from all parts of the United States, and also from other portions of the world, being the great center of medical in-

Being impressed with the vast field for advancement in medical knowledge afforded at Philadelphia, yet with that state pride which predominated everything at that day. I was influenced to return to the medical college of South Carolina to take my second course of lectures and receive my degree of M. D. A faculty no less distinguished than that of the University of Pennsylvania filled the different professorships at that time in Charleston, and the faithful teaching of Dickson, Giddings, Holbrook, Moultrie, Frost, Prioleau and Sheppard is vividly recalled by me.

"The advances which have been made in "Being impressed with the vast field for

pard is vividly recalled by me.

"The advances which have been made in the past fifty years in all departments of medical science are so stupendous that should a professor of any branch taught in the curriculum of that period be called forth to observe the course of instruction in the better class of our schools, scattered broadcast over this vast field of progressive education, he would stand aghast at the advancement. If the attainments for graduating with the title of M. D. formerly were compared with the achievements of those receiving the degree of M. D. from our schools of high grade at the present day, the latter day graduates would be found to have far greater proficiency in all that pertains to the discharge of their professional duties. I don't hesitate to say that a sufficient number of graduates from the Southern Medical college could be selected each year to fill the professorships in every department more satisfactory that they were filled by those holding those chairs fifty years ago. Yet it must be remembered that you are only upon the threshold of true progress. If any of us have gained recomition in the medical profession, it has been by dint of diligence in study after graduating, and I would urge upon each of you higher efforts after graduating."

Dr. Gaston proceeded to discuss the progress of the profession, and the relation of the members of the graduating class to it. "The advances which have been made in

Dr. Shaw's Valedictory.

The address of Dr. Chariton Shaw, of Canada, who delivered the valedictory, was one of the best features of the occasion, it was a gem of oratory, and was delivered with grace and effect. The address was loudly applauded by the audience and the honors of the evening were blushingly acknowledged by the speaker.

In the announcement of prizes by the committee the following carried off the honors of the college; First honor, Dr. H. Barle Russell, of South Carolina; second honor, Dr. E. P. Rumph, of Texas; third honor, Dr. T. C. Longino, of Georgia.

Speculation as To the Probable Ruling in the Seaboard Case.

ALL INTEREST CENTERS IN THE DECISION

the South-Other News and Gossip of the Railroads. All interest among the local railroad men now centers upon the forthcoming decision

of Judge Lumpkin in the famous Seaboard Air-Line boycott case. The case was argued more than a week

ago, and the decision will come within the next few days, perhaps. There has not been a more interesting suit in the Fulton county superior court for many a day, nor one more abundant in knotty problems of

the Western and Atlantic for an .nterchange of business at as favorable and advantageous rates as it allowed other roads. The Western and Atlantic being a member of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association, when the association declared a boycott against the Seaboard was enjoined from enforcing the boycott on the ground of the direct contract to give the Seaboard at an times as favorable and advantageous rates as were allowed other

This temporry injunction will remain in force until the decision of Judge Lumpkin is rendered in the case, when it may be made permanent or may be set aside,

roads.

So well put was the case before the court the local railroad men are given to much speculation as to the probable outcome o the suit. The bets are even and hard to

From present indications there will be no surprise party in the decision of Judge Lumpkin. Nobody will be astonished at the ruling, whatever it may be, so evenly do the opposing sides draw up at the pres-ent time in the general sentiment of the day among railroad men.

There are some important results hanging on the decision of Judge Lumpkin. If the injunction is set aside—then what? Will the Southern Railway and Steamship Assoclation be the victor, and will it continue its boycott until the Seaboard is shoved up against the rugged shores of hard times, or will the Seaboard come back to the fund embrace of the association and let all be happy as a marriage bell when the bride is

On the contrary, if the injunction is made permanent what will become of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association? It was urged in the speech of Mr. Alex King, one of the attorneys for the Seaboard Air-Line, that the Southern Railway and Steamship Association 's an illegal organization, anyhow.

If the Western and Atlantic is kept from enforcing the boycott against the Seaboard Air-Line then, of course, the other roads of the association will not remain in the at titude of boycotting the road.

Here comes up a question that is prolific in predictions with respect to the future of the associated roads of the south.

MERICAN RAILWAY ASSOCIATION

Many Distinguished Railroaders Will Go To the International Congress. The Travelers' Official Railway Guide has the following bit of information of in-

has the following bit of information of interest to railroad men everywhere:

"The American Railway Association has become a member of the international railway congress. This congress, which is to meet in London on June 26, 1856, includes railway officials from all parts of the world, thirty-six nations being represented in its membership. Many subjects of great interest will be discussed. The prince of Wales has consented to preside at the opening ceremonies. The delegates so far cnosen to represent the American Railway Association are Mr. H. S. Haines, president of the association and vice president of the Plant system, and Mr. W. F. Allen, secretary of the association and manager of The Official Railway Guide. The association is entitled to eight delegates, and the names of the other six selected will probably be announced shortly. The folthe names of the other six selected will probably be announced shortly. The following named American railway companies are announced as members of the congress and are entitled to send delegates on their own account in addition to the representatives of the association: The Louisville and Nashville, Pennsylvania, Denver and Rio Grande, New York, New Haven and Hartford, Chesapeake and Ohio, Fitchburg, Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac, Arizona and Southeastern, Los Angeles Terminal. The session will be held in the Imperial institute in Kensington. The last session of the congress was held at St. Petersburg, Russia, in 1892, and the one before that at Milan, Italy."

ELECTRIC ROAD FROM SEA TO SEA. Its Capital To Be \$200,000,00-Got as

Far as Incorporation. Chicago, April 3.—The Inter-ocean Elec-tric Railway Company, incorporated at Springfield, purposes to make some decided changes in the present method of freigh transportation. The company has a capital stock of \$200,000,000, the largest ever incorporated in the west, and several Chi-cago, New York and San Francisco capitalists are said to be interested in the cor-poration. The intention is to construct an elevated electric freight railway between Chicago and New York for the transpor-tation of coal and grain. The plans and specifications have been drawn by a Chicago engineer and the company will own a number of patents on electrical devices used by the road. John W. King, one of the incorporators and the attorney for the new company, said yesterday: "This road is a decided step in advance

of the electrical roads operated at present. Electricity is cheaper as a motive power than steam and renders a much higher rate of speed possible. By elevating our road we expect to do away with the necesroad we expect to do away with the necessity of buying a right of way and all delays incident to surface traffic will be avoided. At present it takes six days for freight to travel from Chicago to New York. On the new road the trip will take one. The road will have its own felephone and telegraph lines and it is proposed in time to extend the line to San Francisco. time to extend the line to San Francisco. "A number of American and several for-eign capitalists are interested in the road

and building operations will begin soon. New inventions in electrical transportation will be used by the road, but I am not at liberty to disclose their nature. The ital, while large, is not out of proport

to the business we expect to do, but I can-not at present give the names of any of the persons interested."

The license to open books of subscription to the capital stock of the Inter-ocean Electric railway, issued yesterday by the secretary of state, contains this purpose of

the incorporators:
"To construct, equip, own, operate, lease, purchase, bond and mortgage and sell electric railways, both surface and elevated, and electric telegraph, telephone and signal lines in connection with said railways; to acquire, own, use, sell and license others to use inventions and letters patent for improvements in electric railways, cars, mo-tors, brakes, trolleys, telegraph, telephone and signal devices and other equipments thereof, and inventions and letters patent for improvements in railway passenger coaches, sleeping cars, freight cars, ex press cars, mail cars, fruit cars, refrigera-tor cars and stock cars; to construct, lease to others, use and sell said improved cars, motors, brakes, trolleys and all other equip-ments for railway service and to promote ments for railway service and to produce the formation of companies for introduc-ing and using said improvements or any of them in any part of the United States and foreign countries; also to manufacture, acquire and use power of all kinds connected therewith: also to manufacture purchase and sell water power and electric purchase and sell water power and electric power; also to construct, equip, own, op-erate, lease, purchase and sell electric light plants; also to construct, purchase, lease, sell and operate water rights, ca-nals, ditches and dams; also to acquire and own sufficient land for carrying out the purpose herein specified; also to issue bonds and mortgages and property and franchises."

The capital stock is divided into 2,000,000 shares of \$100 each. The principal office is in Chicago and the commissioners to open books of subscription to the capital stock are James G. Hulse, Parker Crittenden and John W. Hill, all of Chicago. The duration of the corporation is ninety-nine years.

WHO GETS THE BUSINESS?

The Seaboard Air-Line Folks Claim To Be Handling Most of the Traffic. Since the Seaboard Air-Line made its sweeping reductions in passenger rates to and from eastern points not many weeks ago it has been a disputed question as to which of the rival lines caught the bulk of the traffic.

The Southern railway officials were loud in their claims the first few days that the Southern had lost nothing by the Sea-board's cut, the claim being that they had the old and reliable line, and therefore caught the business in spite of the redution to nearly half-price tickets on the part of the Seaboard.

The Seaboard people on the contrary

claim that there is no comparison in the traffic handled by the two companies and that the Seaboard is the line the people are patronizing. There was never such a diversity of opinion on any one single ques tion of railroading. The rivalry is intense and the soliciting men of both roads, the Seaboard and the Southern, are working like Turks for business.

It is claimed by the Seaboard people that they are hauling thirty, forty, fifty, sixty and as high as sixty-five passengers each day out of Atlanta on through tickets. This claim, the soliciting agents say, needs nothing but a glance at the cars as they go out side by side to verify-the Seaboard's and the Southern's. The two fast trains of the two systems depart from the union passenger depot in this city at exactly the same hour every day, and it is an in-teresting sight to see the enthusiastic railroad soliciting agents hurrying to and fro

with their passengers.

The Seaboard folks say it is funny to them that the Southern should apply to the interstate commerce commission for the privilege to cut through rates withou cutting local rates in order to compete with their recently reduced rates to and from eastern points, unless the Southern is feeling the loss of business brought on

by the Seaboard's cut.

The Southern people on the contrary still hold that they have suffered nothing in their business from Atlanta and from the east in consequence of the Seaboard's action.

The interesting question is, who is really

getting the business-who?

CHANGES IN SCHEDULE

Some of the Local Trafas Will Be Rus on Different Time Tables Sunday. The following changes in the Southern railway trains (western system) will be made Sunday, April 7th:

Tallapoosa accommodation train No. 5 will leave Atlanta 5:10 p. m., instead of 5 Train No. 35 will leave Atlanta for Macon Everett, Brunswick and intermediate sta tions at 7 a. m., instead of 7:45 a. m.

and will run through to Brunswick without change, arriving Brunswick 5:45 p. m. Train No. 37, Atlanta to Macon, will not be changed, but will not run south of Macon. Train No. 33, from Chattanooga to Atlanta, will leave Chattanooga 1:30 p. m. Rome 4:10 p. m., arrive Atlanta 7:05 p. m.

A Spur Track at Chattanooga. Chattanooga, Tenn., April 3.—(Special.)— It is learned from an authoritative source that the Cincinnati Southern will shortly make a decided improvement in its freight and passenger facilities by building a spur track from a point on its line north of the Tennessee river bridge to North Chatta-nooga and to Hill City. The distance is about four miles. The object is to open up Hill City and North Chattanooga manufacturing purposes, and the building of the line is therefore of great importance. It will give these two suburbs railway facilities such as to make manufac-turing plants feasible, and real estate in the vicinity is bouyant.

Withdraws from the Association. St. Louis, Mo., April 4.—The St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern railway has served notice of withdrawal from Western Trunk Line Association. notice becomes effective in sixty days, and in the meantime the entire system may be changed. The lige directly affected by the Iron Mountain's withdrawal is the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis, with its Memphis and southeastern outlet. Chair-man Midgely will make an effort to have the Iron Mountain recall its withdrawal

Coughs and Colds,

Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, General Debility and

Scott's Emulsion

Consumptives always find great relief by taking it, and

consumption is often cured. No other nourishment restores

Weak Babies and Thin Children

are made strong and robust by Scott's Emulsion when other

The only genuine Scott's Emulsion is put up in salmon-

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggiete. 50 cents and \$1.

forms of food seem to do them no good whatever.

colored wrapper. Refuse cheap substitutes!

all forms of Emaciation are speedily cured by

strength so quickly and effectively.

As Prepared under the formula of

DR. WILLIAM

GENERAL DEBILITY.

For those "run down" and "out f sorts" generally, there is no etter medicine in the world than rown's Iron Bitters.

NERVOUS

DYSPEPSIA.

Cerebrine, extract of the brain of the ox, for nervous prostration, Insomnia, etc.

Cardine, extract of the heart for functional weakness of the heart.

edulline, extract of the spinal cord, for Locomotor Ataxia.

Testine, extract of the testes, for premature decay.

Ovarine, extract of the ovaries, for diseases of women.

Thyroidine, for eczema and impurities of the blood.

Send for book giving full information.

At all Druggists Price,

COLUMBIA CHEMICAL CO.

I hardly feel I am the same man

JUDGE JAMES M. SMITH, Decatur, Ga.

'lt's Brown's Iron Bitters you need!"

anything in hardware and housefurn goods. The Clarke Hardware Co.

Professional Catchers

Use our mits. So do college and amateur baseball players. We have a complete line of balls, bats, masks, mitts, gloves, uniforms, and anything to complete a professional or amateur player. Merchants and college trade solicited. Special prices. Catalogue mailed free of charge. The Clarke Hardware Company.

You Got Caught

When you bought your fishing tackle, min-nows, spinners, split bamboo rods, files, hooks, etc., from any one but the Clarke Hardware Company, who carry a complete line of anything in fancy, fine goods or cheap fishing tackle.

There Is Very Little Racket

since taking two bottles of Brown's

Iron Bitters. I have a splendid appe-

tite and digest my food thoroughly.

A. HAMMOND.

MELANCHOLIA.

Loss of Mental and Physical Power in both Sexes.

Loss of Appetite.

HEART FAILURE. INSOMNIA. Brain Fag. Dyspepsia.

Are all permanently cured by the use of the Animal Extracts.

DOSE. 5 DROPS. One Dollar.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

essary to have a racket to play this fasci-nating fame. We carry anything you need in rackets, nets, poles, balls, markers,



Granddisplayin Wraps. Waists, Skirts and full ready made Suits. We have added to this department a nice, large private room for fitting. See these new styles. Chamberlin, Johnson &

Bargains in China

Read these items seriously. No un truth in the comparative values and present selling prices quoted. It's a 00-piece Dinner Set-Imported Decorated English ware, worth \$10; our price.. \$6.50

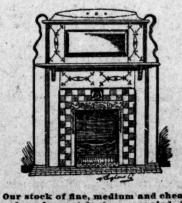
102-piece Dinner Set-Brown and Gray Imported English Porcelain, worth \$12.50; our price.. . . \$7.75 92-piece Dinner Set-Imported Deco-

rated English ware, gold bands, worth \$15; our price..... \$8.50 117-piece Dinner Set-Imported Under Glazed Decorated Deep Blue English

ware, worth \$20, at \$15.00 120-piece Dinner Sets, Imported China, newest shapes, white and gold, delicate rose and royal blue,

worth \$30; our price.. .. . \$20.00 Two references to Chamber Sets that are sensational. Imported China Chamber Sets worth \$4.50 at \$2.50, and French China Chamber Sets in twelve exquisite patterns, worth \$15.

Dobbs, Wey & Co., 61 Peachtree St.



MANTELS

TAS DEWING

Our stock of fine, medium and cheap hardwood mantels is unequaled in price, style and finish. Cabinet mantel, similar to this cut, French beveled plate, \$9.50. RHODES,

DRINK

ROYAL PALE BEER.

Healthful, Wholesome, Sparkling.

ATLANTA, GA

FOR THE CURE OF LIQUOR, OPIUM, MORPHINE, COCAINE, TOBACCO and CIGARETTE HABITS.

Adopted by the United States Government.
On address Keely Institute.
Correspondence strictly confidential.
Edgewood Avenue and Ivy Street, ATLANTA, GA.

is the best on earth. SCIPLE SONS, Phone 203. No. 8 Loyd St.

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and every class of house building material, in hardwood or pine; stair building, stofe fronts and office fixtures.

Dealers in window, plate and fancy glass. Wholesale and retail dealers in lumber and bridge timbers. Get your estimates from us before placing your orders. Office—No. 1 North Forsyth street. Factory—Nos. 64 to 68 Elllott street.

Telephones—Office 339; Factory 1023.

WILLINGHAM & CO., ATLANTA, GA dec30-sun-tu th-6mo



SNOOK AND HAVERTY. FURNITURE Co., 6 Peachtree St. mch 10-1mo-su-tu-th LUMINITE WALL PLASTER

When you ask for Royal Pale Beer, be sure you get it. Do not accept any other because some one says it is just as good. Kept on desurch by all as good.

draught by all our customers. We bottle it for family and hotel use

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS

Full Investigation.

SAYS MR. SPALDING IS MISINFORMED

Tells About the Operations of the Solicitor's Department.

GREW OUT OF YESTERDAY'S MEETING

Mr. Spalding Had Something to Say About the City Court Solicitor-Details of the Meeting.

An investigation of his official conduct has been called for by Solicitor Lewis W. Thomas, of the city criminal court.

Tris demand is directed at the county commissioners and is the outgrowth of resolution adopted by the county commissioners, after certain statements by County Commissioner Spalding, by which County Attorney Rosser is directed to prepare a bill to be introduced in the legislature for the purpose of putting the solicitor of the city criminal court on a salary.

The question was sprung in a sudden and unlooked for fashion by Commissioner Spalding. There was a full in the business before the board and Commissioner Spalding suddenly claimed the attention of the chairman. He held a slip of paper in his hand. It was a bit of paper which contained some salty figures and which was a portion of the report of the committee of which Mr. Spalding is chairman.

"This disease in the city court," said Mr. Spalding, "can only be cured by putting the solicitor of Lae city criminal court on salary. The man with money never digs dirt. I have it that whenever a man with a little money goes into that court, he never goes to work in the chaingang. I have some figures which I obtained from \$75, but got out by paying \$25. Another was fined \$50 and paid \$9.50 to escape the chain-

They do some sort of installment business. If a man has a little money he never goes to the chaingang. The only remedy for this is to put the solicitor on a salary and the county would then get her convicts when they were fined. The county attorney should be instructed to prepare a bill for the next legislature to this effect.' To Have the Governor Remove Hlm. "The proper thing to do." said Chairman Collier, "in an instance like this, is to see the governor and have the solicitor re-

"but you can't locate anybody who will stick to what they say and come out with the facts they claim to bave. You can't locate anybody that will tell. A liberal salary is important, however, and I move that the county attorney be instructed to prepare a bill to place the solicitor on a

The motion was adopted and the county attorney so instructed.

And Now Comes Solicitor Thomas. When Solicitor Thomas learned of what had occurred at the meeting of the county commissioners he was disposed to view the statement of Commissioner Spalding as a reflection on his official corduct.

He wrote a letter to Judge Westmoreland asking him to say whether or not such an affair had ever occurred in the city criminal court. The letter of Solicitor Thomas, the reply of Judge Westmoreland and a card from Solicitor Thomas are printed here.

The card from the solicitor is very direct. He denies the slightest suggestion that he ever reduced a fine and calls upon missioners to investigate his con-

"Editor Constitution—In the afternoon papers Mr. Spalding, a member of the board of county commissioners, makes some strictures on my office, which he says have come to him. Among other things is the intimation that myself as well as the other officers reduce the fines imposed by the judge on criminals for the purpose of making feer, etc. That no matter how little money one has, he is allowed to pay this instead of going to the chalingang. Now, I desire to say to Mr. Spalding that he has been misinformed. No such gractice exists. I have never since I nave been solicitor reduced any man's fine in order that he might pay it. I nor the sheriff have any right to reduce any fine imposed by the defendant our costs, which we sometimes do, but never in any instance have we reduced the fine or taken less than was imposed by the court. After parties are convicted I have never collected any fine or cost since I have never collected any fine or cost since I have never collected any fine or cost since I have never collected any fine or cost since I have never collected any fine or cost since I have never collected any fine or cost since I have never collected any fine or cost since I have never collected any fine or cost since I have never collected any fine or cost since I have never collected any fine or cost since I have never collected any fine or cost since I have never collected any fine or cost since I have never collected by fine in order to keep the defendant from going to the chaingang. Now, I want the commissioners to investigate and find out for themselves whether these statements are true. Semetimes the court fines a party a small amount because the cost, which when the cost is paid makes the fine small of course. Sometimes the court fines a party a small amount because the cost, which when the cost is paid makes the fine small of course. Sometimes the court fines a party a small amount because the cost, which when the cost is paid makes the fine small of course. Sometimes the court fines a party a small amount duct. The card is as follows: Editor Constitution-In the afternors Mr. Spalding, a member of the From Solicitor to Judge.

"Judge T. P. Westmoreland—Dear Sir: I notice in the afternoon papers a statement made by two of the county commissioners in regard to my office, which reflects on my official conduct. Will you please give me your opinion in regard to the matters contained in the statements of the commissioners. Very truly yours,
"LEWIS W. THOMAS."

"LEWIS W. THOMAS."

From Judge to Solicitor.

"Atlanta, Ga., April 3, 1895.—Lewis W. Thomas, Esq.—My Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your note in reference to statements made in the afternoon papers which reflect on your official conduct as solicitor of the criminal court of Atlanta and asking my opinion in regard to the same. In reply I will say that while I have nothing to do with the conduct of your office and, of course, am not familiar with the methods of the office, I take pleasure in saying that I have not seen or heard anything since I have not seen or heard anything since I have occupied the bench of that court that could reflect in the least on your official integrity. I have in a few instances reduced fines in cases when satisfied that the features of the case demanded it. The solicitor of the court has no power over the punishment inflicted by the court, and if any persons have been allowed to settle cases on any other basis than the penalty fixed by the court I have not heard of it. Such action on your part or on the part of any other officer, would not be tolerated if known by me. Very respectfully.

"T. P. WESTMORELIAND."

MR. THOMAS IS READY HUNDREDS INVOLVED AN OLD TIMER GONE

on Uncle Sam's Treasury.

A WITNESS COSTS ABOUT \$18 A DAY

Over a Hundred of These Appeared in Court Monday-Trial Fostponed and the Government Foots the Bill.

ost the United States government before it is finally concluded? This is a hard nut to crack.

After a case gets into court and the lawvers on the other side begin to file demurrers and pour legal shot into the govern ment's true bill it may take as many as a dozen trips to the grand jury room to get the bill in shape for the introduction of

In the meantime weeks and months may have slipped away.

And the grass on the grave of the murdered victim of the whitecaps may have so completely hidden the mound of earth as to remove all trace of the spot in which he was buried. A number of people have been curious to

know how much the Worley case is going to cost the government and with wrinkled brows they have put the question to Marshall Dunlap, the clerk of the United States court, and Revenue Agent Chapman, and from each of these officials they have failed to get a definite answer.

Several hundred dollars have been paid out to witnesses in the United States marshal's office and still the end is not in sight They have not all presented their slips as yet and the marshal will not be able to add up his columns until the last of the

An Army of Witnesses. Peculiar interest attaches to the Worley trial by reason of the large number of wit

nesses subpoenaed by the government. More than a hungdred of these, including men, women and children, filled the court room during the legal fight which occurred over the bill of indictment last Monday. They came, of course, to testify in both branches of the Worley case, one of them being for the murder of Worley and the other for the hanging, but, as it happened, both of these cases were set for trial on Monday.

It was understood that as soon as the murder case was concluded the hanging case would proceed.

The district attorney, in order to make sure of his game, gathered all the witnesses that he could poss.bly find in the neighborhood of the killing. He never dreamed of any legal hitch in the proceedings and thought if any demurrer was filed to the bill of indictment he would answer it in such a way as to make it rebound like a cannon ball against the side of Stone mountain.

But in this confidence he was mistaken, The bill of indictment drawn by the district attorney in accordance with the federal statute and in such a way as to meet ob jections, as he conceived them in his own mind in advance of the trial, failed to come up to the legal standard as measured by Colonel Glenn's demurrer and as fixed in the decision of Judge Newman.

The failure of the case to proceed by rea-

son of this unexpected turn and the necessity of fixing a new date for its trial, under the corrected bill of indicament, left nothing for the witnesses to do but to call on Mar shal Dunlap and, after getting their little roll of money, set out for their homes among the Cohuttas.

Each Witness Costs \$18. It will be impossible to arrive at the cost of the trial before Saturday. The marsha is always glad to serve the public and he will cheerfully give the figures as soon as he can make the calculation with precision,

As yet the witnesses have not all drawn the government about \$18 for each trip to Atlanta. He receives his mileage, which amounts to quite a large sum in case where a witness comes over a hundred miles, and few of them fall under this. Besides his mileage he gets a per diem of \$1.50 during his attendance at court. Then the cost of the court's subpoena must be taken into consideration. In reaching a witness the oncer frequently has to pur-

chase a conveyance and climb the rough slopes of the mountains, making the cost of each witness range from \$2 to \$5. In this calculation the cost of running the court is not considered. Jurors have to be paid and the Worley case made it necessapaid and the Worley case made it necessary to summon as many as seventy-five or a hundred talesmen. Each of these jurors is entitled to his \$2, whether he sits on the jury or lounges in the courtroom.

A dozen trials like the Worley case would put the government in the hands of a receiver.

Who Is to Blame?

The question arises in the wake of these reflections, who is responsible for the bill of expense that is thus put upon the govern-ment as a draft to be honored?

Is the fault in the officers of the court or

is it found in the legal machinery?
District Attorney Joe James is a good prosecuting officer and his friends say that he is not to blame for the situation same result might have happened with the best lawyer in the country and the fact that Colonel James drew the indictment is no district attorney.

On the other hand it is urged that certain defects in the law are chargeable with the present situation. The district attorney says that, in common justice, he sees no reason why the case should not have proceeded under the new indictment without delay. The law, he holds, should not allow three days' notice in cases where all the charges are substantially identical and the only change is in the phraseology.

LADIES MEET THIS MORNING.

They Will Complete Their Arrange-

They Will Complete Their Arrangements for Memorial Day.

A meeting of the Ladies' Memorial Association will be held at 11 o'clock this morning at the state library.

The object of the meeting is to select an orator for Memorial Day and to complete all the necessary arrangements for a proper observance of that occasion.

Mrs. Milledge, the president of the association, has issued the call for this meeting and size desires all the members of the association to be on hand this morning.

Parties desiring information as to fishing and hunting in Florida should write B. W. Wrenn, passenger traffic manager Plant system, Savannah, Ga.

PRESBYTERIANS IN DALLAS. The General Assembly of the Preshy-terian Church, Dallas, Tex., May 17th to 26th, 1895.

For this occasion a rate of one first-class fare for the round trip from all stations on the Southern railway has been arranged, tickets to be sold May 13th, 14th and 15th, good until June 3d.

The Southern railway offers choice of many routes, via Memphis, Shreveport or New Orleans. The Southern railway is 100 to 200 miles shorter than any other line to Dallas.

Be sure your ticket reads that way.

Asks the County Commissioners to Make | The Worley Case Makes a Heavy Draft | Mr. Jack Wallace Was Once the Wealthiest Landholder in Atlanta.

HIS LIFE IN ATLANTA RECALLED

He Was Energetic, but Lost All in the Panic of 1873, and Went Out to Texas, Where He Died Saturday.

There died in Sherman, Tex., Saturday a man who, at one time, was the wealthiest and largest land holder in Atlanta.

Among the older inhabitants he is well remembered as a folly, whole-souled, unselfish man, who loved to laugh and make other people laugh. They knew him, everybody knew him, as "Jack Wallace," and his scrawling signature, "John R. Wallace," may be yet seen on some of the old books at the county courthouse

He left Atlanta years ago, but his death ecalls his remarkable career and the energetic work he did in helping out Atanta when she was a struggling town. When a mere youth John R. Wallace came

to this city from East Tennessee. When he came Atlanta was nothing more than a village, but he decided to cast his fortunes here, as he had then decided that it was going to be a great city.

He accepted a position when he first came with Mr. Jonathau Norcross in a hard-wire store on the site where the new Nor-

ware store on the site where the new Nor cross building now stands. Here for a number of years he worked steadily, when his talents as a shrewd business man and careful financier showed themselves.

About the year 1855 he left Mr. Norcross and, with his brother, who had also come from Tennessee, opened up a large hard-ware store on the corner of Whitehall and by patient industry and ceaseless made a snug sum of money. All this he invested in the store, which was one of the largest establishments in Atlanta when the war came on.

The fortunes of war fell heavily on him and when it ended his store and all its contents had been destrayed. He was with-cut any means save the lands where his house had stood and several other tracts which he purchased. Several years after the war he determined to go into the real estate business. He was one of the pioneers in this line, and as the boom of 1870 came on he reccuped his shattered fortunes and purchased real estate in every direction. He lived just at the juncture of Forest avenue and in a large old-fashioned home surrounded by a spacious oak grove.

He was a familiar sight there in the summer time with a chair tilted back against a tree, waving a big palmetto fan

Disaster came again in 1873. The firm of Sego & Wallace went through. Its fail-ure is well remembered. Jack Wallace lost everything and the next year moved to Sherman, Tex., where he has since lived and prospered. At the time of his death he was

about eighty years old.
"Jack Wallace? I know him well," said
Colonel George Adair, "I recall him as a
large, full-faced man always laughing and in a good lumor. He was a busy man, too, and wascted his work. Later in life he joined the Presbyterian church and was active in its interests. I am sorry to hear that he is dead."

The call has been issued by the officers of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Georgia for the thirteenth an-nual convention of that society, which will nual convention of that society, which will be held in Savannah April 25th to 30th, in-clusive. The call is signed by Mrs. W. C. Sibley as president and the other officers of the society and in it is announced that delegates from every union that has ever been organized in the state, whether ac-tively engaged in the work or not, are earnestly urged to attend. Representatives from all temperance organizations, from church missionary, Christian Endeavor and Edworth League societies and from and Epworth League societies and from the King's Daughters and other philan-thropic and benevolent organizations in-cluding women in their membership, are cluding women in their membership, are most cordially invited to attend as fraternal delegates. Any good woman who has the temperance cause at heart and wishes to learn of the work is earnestly urged to come and unite in prayer and effort for the redemption of our people from the evils of intemperance.

Prominent workers and speakers will give additional interest to the occasion. Among these is Miss Belle Kearney, a young girl of Mississippi, who has devoted her services to the arousing and enlisting of the young women in the temperance cause.

Kicked by a Mule.

Cartersville, Ga., April 3.—(Special.)— Henry Porter, a youth whose father lives on the farm of Dr. W. I. Benham, was kicked by a mule a few days ago and his skull was fractured. Though still aive, the boy is not out of danger.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health or the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the femedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevere and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kid-

met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

The profit is made in buying. Close prices at the looms with cash to discount every bill is the secret of our low prices | Call and see them. on the very best goods. See and price is all we ask. Chamberlin, John-

PARENTS, DON'T WORRY!

Paine's Celery Compound Strengthens Nervous Children,



ing a great many fathers and mothers

While the hurry and bustle of modern life is bringing a constantly increasing strain ipon grown men and women, there certainly comes to light the startling fact of a growing tendency toward nervousness mong their children

As these boys and girls, when older, will enter a life of nervous strain fully as exact-ing as that of today, it is no wonder that parents view with dismay these early signs of nervous weakness, and anxlously seek some means of making the young people strong and well again. The remedy is at hand in every city and town in America.
It is the remedy first prescribed by that greatest of all modern educators, Professor Edward E. Phelps, M.D., L.L.D., of Dartmouth college. It is Paine's celery com-pound, which Principal Camp, of New Haven, and President Cook, of the National

Countless parents today give their children Paine's celery compound and see them grow robust and vigorous day by day before their eyes till they are again restored to the perfect health that belongs to youth. Physicians everywhere advise the use of this greatest of blood purifiers and nerve

Teachers' Association, have so recently

haustion among young people is the lack of desire for food and the capriciousness of appetite. When their over-pressed nervous systems have been driven to the point of exhaustion, their faces grow pale and pinched, their spirits decline, their bodies lose perceptibly in weight and strength, they need more and more some active means of supplying the nerves and tissues

S. A. L.

cheap rates to all northern and eastern

and Portsmouth, \$8; Washington via Portsmouth, \$9.50; Baltimore via Bay

line. \$10: Philadelphia via Portsmouth and

New York, Pennsylvania and Norfolk rail-

road, \$11.80; New York via Norfolk and all

rail, \$14; Boston via Norfolk and all rail,

\$19.75; via Norfolk and steamers, \$17. Other

eastern and North Carolina points corres-pondingly low. The famous "Atlanta spe-

Line express leaves Atlanta 8:15 daily. Pullman sleepers on all through trains. For

time tables, tickets and detailed informa-

General Agent Passenger Department.
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QUEINELS

GAS STOVES AND RANGES!

We have secured the agency for

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are now able to offer it to our customers at same prices as the com-

mon Gas Range now on the mar-

ket. It is without doubt the best

baker and broiler and has the best

Something entirely different from

We guarantee it to use 25 per

cent less gas than any other stove.

COMPANY,

burners made.

the old style.

E. J. Walker, City Ticket Agent,

6 Kimball House. B. A. Newland.

General Passenger Agent,

E. St. John, Vice President.

cities. Note the following figures:

Nervous exhaustion in children is worry- | with better nutrition, and the veins with better blood. When Paine's celery com-pound is given to one of these excitable, veak-nerved, sallow, perhaps scrofulous young persons, the mother is often amazed at the rapidity with which it restores the strength, builds up the worn nervous tissues and replaces the languor of a depleted nervous system by the elasticity of youthful

Paine's celery compound makes people well-not only worn out, enfeebled men and women of mature age, but young persons whose slighter powers have been overtaxed by excitement or immoderate work without

proper intervals for rest and repair.

Paine's celery compound has played a
most important part in the lives of thousands of young people in every section of this country. Many whose nervous systems had been so stimulted as to unfit them ut-terly for study, it has made vigorous and strong enough to ably bear the burden of of doing the part of active, strong men and women in the world. Mr. James B. Wetzel. writing from his home in New Berlin, Penn., says:

"Allow me to speak a few words in praise of Paine's celery compound. My younger sister, whose picture I send you, was subject to nervous attacks, and, we thought

ject to nervous attacks, and, we thought, to heart trouble. We tried numerous medicines for her ailments, but without much avail. Last winter she had a severe attack of nervous trouble with her eyes, and we gave her Paine's celery compound and she improved wonderfully upon it, and she has been well ever since. If these few words of unsolicited testimony can be of any benefit please.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

Cheap Rates North and East ARRIVE, DEPART.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA. The Seaboard Air-Line still in the lead on

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GRORGIA.

From Hapeville 630 am To Hapeville 500 am And Jacksonville 7 45 am From Hapeville 9 45 am To Hapeville 8 30 am From Hapeville 9 45 am To Hapeville 19 15 pm And Albany 11 30 am To Hapeville 19 15 pm And Albany 11 30 am To Hapeville 19 15 pm To Hapeville 4 15 pm From Hapeville 4 15 pm From Hapeville 4 15 pm From Hapeville 50 pm To Hapeville 60 From Atlanta, Athens and Elberton to Richmond, \$9.80; Petersburg, \$9.15; Norfolk day oniv
From Hapeville. 10 40 am for Hapeville. 2 46pm for Hapeville. 12 50 am WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILBOAD.

cial" leaves Atlanta 12 noon, daily. Solid train to Washington, D. C. Seaboard Air-ATLANTA AN WEST POINT RAILROAD. From Montg'niy 6 40au 8To Montgomery 5 35 au From Newnau... 8 20 am To Manchester... 8 38 am From Manchester 10 30 am To Palmetto... 11 55 am From Bainetto... 20 pm To Manchester... 3 15 pm From Manchester. 5 30 pm To Manchester... 3 15 pm From Montg'm'r 6 15 pm To Manchester... 3 15 pm From Montg'm'r 6 15 pm To Newnau... 5 45 pm Following Train Sunday only: From Newnau.... 10 15 am To Newnau... 5 10 pm GEORGIA RAILROAD. GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From Augusta.... 5 00am FTo Augusta...... 7 15 am From Covington... 7 45am FTo Augusta 3 05 pm From Augusta... 12 15 pm TTo Covington ... 6 10 pm From Augusta... 12 15 pm TTo Augusta...... 14 5 pm MIDDLE GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC. (VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD TO COVINGTO

From Milledgeville 12 15 pm | To Milledgeville 7 45 am From Milledgeville, 6 00pm | To Milledgeville 3 05 pm SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY

From Wash'gton 5 92 am STo Richmosa... 8 33 m From Cornella... 8 33 am STo Washington... 12 8 m From Cornella... 8 35 pm STo Washington... 12 8 m From Washington 3 55 pm To Cornella... 4 35 pm From Washington 9 30 pm Fro Washington... 8 40 2 a SOUTHERN RAILWAY (WESTERN SYSTEM, No.

31 Frm Cincinnati 11 35 pm 82 To Cincinnati... 4 22 am 32 Frm Jacks'ville. 4 12 am 31 To Jacksonville 11 45 pm 47 Frm Cinatian'ga 1 59 pm 38 To Chatanooga 2 69 pm 58 Frm Brone 10 35 am 34 To Chatanooga 7 33 am 16 From Jaxville 8 50 pm 35 To Macon 7 45 am 18 From Macon 11 45 pm 37 To Jaxville 4 10 pm 28 Frm G'un's 16 41 2 am 31 To Javville 4 10 pm 51 Frm G'un's 16 41 40 am 50 To Gr'un's 14 45 pm 61 Frm G'un's 16 41 40 am 65 To Gr'un's 14 45 pm 63 Frm Ermin's n'un's 50 pm 62 To Birmingnams 6 50 am 66 Frm Talispoosa 8 60 am 65 To Talispoosa 5 69 pm 46 Frm Talispoosa 5 69 pm SEABOARD AIR-LINE.

(GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION.) From Columbus.... 1 30 am To Columbus 73) am From Columbus.... 8 95 pm To Columbus 4 00 pm ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD. From Ft. Vaney...11 00 am (To Fort Valley.....2 30 pm

TOURIO EUROPE \$250. Expense
England, France, Switzerland, Germany,
The Rhine, Belgium, Holland, 43 days,
Itineraries Edwin Jones, 462 Putnam Ave.,
Brooklyn, N. Y. Fall Tour to Palestine.

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OLD PAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.-20c- HUNDRED

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Hooks, Lines, Floats, Sinkers, Rods, Reels, etc. Seine Netting, Gill Netting, Cast Nets.

PAY CASH SAVE MONEY. LOWRY HARDWARE CO., 60 PEACHTREE ST.

\$5 DOWN \$2 PERK.

Highest of all High Grades. You have been wishing for a high grade cycle. No reason why you should not buy one now at these terms.

INDIANA BICYCLE COM'Y 42 PEACHTREE, CORNER WALTON.

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate and Loans

\$2,500—ON reasonable terms for beautiful north side lots near West Peachtree; 60 feet front each. Cheap.

33,200-ELEVEN ACRES land and 4-room cottage, also barn, two miles northeast of city. cottage, also parn, two miles northeast of city.

\$4,000—FOR a pretty Boulevard home, near Highland avenue. Come see it.

\$11,000—PRETTY Peachtree home, cheapest house and lot on the street.

\$1,300—NICE 6-room cottage and store, will rent for \$13 per month.

\$5,500—FOR house and lot on South Pryor street, near in, the lot worth the money. street, near in, the lot worth the money. SIXTY-FIVE acres at East Decatur for \$2,500—a beautiful farm, some improvements. \$3,250-BOULEVARD, 6-room house and lot

worth \$5,000. \$1,400-FIVE acres at Decatur, cheap. OFFICE-12 East Alabama street. Tele-phone 363.

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45 Marietta Street.

5-r. brand new house, monthly payments ... \$1.350
10-r. Forest avenue, all conveniences, \$8,500
7-r. 2-story, Richardson street ... 3,000
4-r. Linden avenue, 50x120 ... 1,750
One store, 30x100, Whitehall street ... 20,000
9-r. Crew street, 50x200, close in and 6,750
modern ... 30x100 pay for it, \$3,500 modern
wood enough on place to pay for it, \$3,500
We have several nice farms cheap for
sale or exchange.
44 acres, one mile from city of Macon, Ga.,
Will exchange for cheap Atlanta propecty; \$2,500.
2-r. h. W. Fifth St., 33½x100, \$7 per month;
no interest; \$450.

E. M. ROBERTS' SALE LIST

\$2,500-Block 150x100, corner W. Mitchell and Chestnut Sts., with one new 7-r. house and one 3-r. house, and corner lot vacant; \$1,700. Can be paid at \$27 per month; balance cash; great bargain. .

\$2,600-Block 100x108, corner Lowe and Spen cer streets; one 5-r. new house; one 7-r. house, with space for two other houses. A great sacrifice this is, but owner must

\$2,500-Lot 50x200, Rock to Mays streets, broadside Mangum; one 7-r. house and two new 3-r. cottages.

A. J. WEST & CO.,

Real Estate.

For Rent Modern 10-room House, two blocks

north of Kimball house, one block from Peachtree. Choice in every particular. Possession 1st of May. Apply immediately. A. J. WEST & CO. Real Estate. 16 Pryor street, Kimball house.

For Rent by D. P. Morris & Sons, Special Renting Agents, 2 S. Brond St 8-R. H. West Peachtree, furnished.
8-R. H., Baugh street, West End.
7-R. H., Pulliam street.
7-R. H., Mangum.
6-R. H., Spring street.
6-R. H., Stonewall street.
6-R. H., Stonewall street.
5-R. H., East Pine street.
5-R. H., East Fair street.
5-R. H., Carakin street.
5-R. H., Grant street.
5-R. H., Grant street.
5-R. H., Craw street.
5-R. H., East Fair street.
5-R. H., Bush street.
5-R. H., East Fair street.
4-R. H., Jones avenue.
4-R. H., Jones avenue.
4-R. H., Grallatt street.
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We have for this week a grand display in our Dress Goods Department. For magnificence, nothing in the texture line can exceed our Imported Novelties. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

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Real Estate and Loans, 400 Equitable Building.

New 7-room, 2-story house, water and gas, fronting east, block of two electric lines and public schools and on good street, for only \$3.150, easy terms.

4.500 for 6-room house, Courtland avenue, \$3,300 for 6-room house, East Pine, with water and gas.

2.300 for 6-room house on West Baker.

5.500 for 7-room, 2-story house, all modern improvements, West Peachtree.

2.750 for storehouse and cottage, paying more than 9 per cent.

18,000 for 3-story brick store, new, paying more than 9 per cent.

Wanted—An offer on bandsome residence, south side.

NORTHEN 2 DUNSON. NORTHEN & DUNSON. | tion.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.'S Real Estate Offers.

CHOICE FRUIT FARM of 69 acres at Fort Valley, Houston county, Georgia, 3-room cottage, 2,000 bearing fruit trees, pears, apples, plums; fenced with wire; on Columbus Southern railroad; almost level as a floor; running water; well adapted to vegetables and truck farming, and specially suited to the noted Elberta peaches; only \$1,800 on easy terms. PEACHTREE HOME—9-rooms; new; two stories; water, gas, electric bells; lot 45x185 feet to another street; east front on car line, \$9,000.

LINDEN STREET cottage, 4r, and 2-r, on lots each 52x170 feet at a bargain this week; must sell quickly. Make us an offer. PONCE DE LEON and Peachtree street lots and complete homes for sale.

GORDON STREET, West End, new, 7-r cottage, very handsomely furnished; beautiful mantels; plate glass windows and doors; ornamental stained glass in front; lot 52x200 feet, on car line; only \$3,600, on easy payments.

easy payments.

SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO.,
15 Peachtree Street.

Modern Eighteen Room Slate Roof House WITH ALL CONVENIENCES. On Lot 80x200, on

CORNER LOT ---ON BOULEVARD---

This house was built for a gentleman's nome and is first class in every respect, and will be sold at a bargain. Choice lot on Jackson street, near junction Forest avenue. Fifteen-room elegant residence, with all modern conveniences. Elabortately finished house on Gordon street, in formerly West End. This is one of the most delightful homes in Atlanta. Small and large residences in all parts of At-Come in and see us. Now is the time Our big sale on the 27th was a grea J. C. HENDRIX & CO. success.

ISAAC LIEBMAN,

Real Estate, Renting

and Loans. No. 28 PEACHTREE ST. \$1,500 to Loan on Atlanta Real Es-

tate-Money in Bank; No Delay. \$2,000 CASH EUYS lot 46x119 to alley, on Loyd street, near Fair street.
\$3,700 BUYS 100x190 to alley on South Boulevard, near Woodward avenue; one-fourth cash, balance 1, 2 and 3 years.
\$2,400 BUYS corner, 200x200, on Thurmond street; reduced from \$3,000.
\$3,000 ACRES in Greene county, 4 miles from Greenesboro, Ga.; land lies well and fronts both sides of railroad and public roads; fine stock farm; very productive; large amount of timber. Price, \$5.50 per acre.

large amount of timber. Price, \$5.50 per acre.

\$4.25) BUYS 8-room house, lot 40x126, on Ivy st. close in; one-half cash, balance November, 1897.

\$5.000 BUYS new 6-room cottage and 2-acre lot on Central railroad near Dr. Knott's home; one-third cash, balance easy.

\$1.650 BUYS 13 lots 52x215 on Beecher st., just beyond the limits of West End; easily worth \$250 per lot.

\$350-ACRE FARM in Hancock county, six miles south of Sparta, Ga., to exchange for city or suburban property.

ISAAC LIEBMAN,

28 Peachtree Street.

G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR.

G. W. ADAIR, Real Estate,

14 Wall Street, Kimball House,

I have an unprecedented demand for nice houses to rent. My list is getting smaller every day. Owners having houses vacant has my personal attention, and is well con-

"THE FAIR" FOR RENT.

The magnificent store, recently occupied by "The Fair," is for rent. This is one of the best retail stands in the city.

whisky—there are, also, all sorts of whiskies, the best is canadian club— it is being imitated—that's natural all good things are imitated—that's natural— all good things are imitated—trade on other people's brains as it were— don't be deceived by something "just as good"—examine the label careful—

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LIQUOR COMPANY,

WHOLESALERS!

9-11-13 DECATUR ST.

Our best and oldest Ryes Our best and oldest Ryes are Q-Club, Monogram, Mt. Vernon, Imperial Cabinet, Pennsylvania Rye, Old Centennial, and ten-year-old Bourbons are Old Rippey, Jas. E. Pepper, McBrayer, Old Crow and others. Corn Whisky—"Stone Mountain"—our own brand and make. make.

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NEW YORK CITY. Covers the entire block on Broadway, with 400 rooms and 200 bathrooms. The leading Southern Hotel of the metropolis, First-class accommodations at fair prices on either the American or European Plan.

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for all purposes, cheap. SCIPLE SONS,

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ESTABLISHED IN 1857. PETER LYNCH.

so Whitehall and 7 Mitchell streets, and branch store at 201 Feters street, in addition to his large and varied stock, is now receiving his usual supply of spring seeds, such as clover, orchard, blue and red top grass seeds, German millet, eastern-raised frish potatoes, onion sets; all kinds of watermelor and cantaloupe seeds, and garden seeds of all kind; gardening tools and other hardware; guns and pistols, cartridges and ammunition of all kinds, and other varieties of goods, too numerous to mention here. He keeps up the old style. Whenever you fail to find anything, be sure and come to his place and you will be very apt to find it. All of the above varieties are to be found at his stores on Whitehall and Peters streets.

The usual supply of fine wines, ales, beers, porters, brandres, gins, rums and whiskies of the very best grade, for medicinal and beverage purposes are to be found at his Whitehall street store.

A perfect variety store at each place. All orders, accompanied with the cash, filled promptly and at reasonable prices. On hand a good lot of arctic and rubber overshoes, and rubber boots for the cold and bad weather. Terms cash.

Just received, 600 pounds fresh and genuine colfish.

We have one dark Poll ard Oak Dining Room-Suit; extra fine hand carved. Your price, if at all reasonable, will buy. Chamberlin, Johnson &

GOING TO AUGUSTA.

The Governor's Horse Guard to Join the Richmond Hussars

IN THEIR CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION

A Pleasant Trip and a GayTournament Is the Promise-Accepted the Invitation.

The Governor's Horse Guards will go to Augusta to join the gallant old Richmond Hussars in their centennial celebration. The invitation from the Hussars to the Governor's Horse Guards has been accepted and the company has made every prepara-

The celebration of the one hundredth birthday of the Hussars will take place in the city of Augusta some time in July, and it is the purpose of this far-famed old company to have many of the crack military companies of the south as their guests on this happy occasion. Nothing will be spared to make it one of the grandest military gatherings that have ever been held in this section of the country and the boys who carry the sabers and the swords will, indeed, have a jolly good time of it enjoying the proverbial hospitality of the Fountain

Captain J. S. Dozier, of the Governor's Horse Guards, received thei nvitaiton from the Richmond Hussars a few days ago summoning his company to partake in the enjoyments of the season with the Augusta military men and to enter a team in the

contest for honors on the field.

There is to be a grand tournament of cavalry at the time in Augusta and the various companies of this section of the south will have teams entered to contest for the honors of the tilt.

There is something peculiarly significant in the acceptance of the invitation from the Richmond Hussars on the part of the Governor's Horse Guards. Captain Dozier, of

ernor's Horse Guards. Captain Dozier, of
the Horse Guards, was formerly a member of the Richmond Hussars. He went to
war with the famous old company and
fought throughout the trying days of the
sixities with this gallant command.

When he came to Atlanta a good many
years ago he joined the Governor's Horse
Guardis and has been one of the most active
members of the organization ever since. He
was recently elected captain of the company
and is one of the most enthusiastic memand is one of the most enthusiastic mem-

One of the first cavalry companies ever organized in Georgia was the Richmond Hussars. They organized in 1795, and their centennial celebration will be quite an incident in the history of the company. The members, who are the representative business and professional men of the city of Augusta, have determined to make the celebration all that it ought to be and those at all familiar with the way the people of Augusta entertain their visitors on occa-sions such as this—particularly a military company—know full well what to expect

when they go down to be with the Richmond Hussars.

There is not a more perfectly organized company in the south today than the Richmond Hussars. They have always kept up the interest in the organization that was handed down to them by their fathers who

went into the war under the banners of this famous command.

There was not the slightest hesitancy on the part of the Governor's Horse Guards in accepting the invitation from the Augusta company to join it in the celebration of its happiest of seasons. The invitation came from the sergeant of the company and was read to the members of the Horse Guards at the last meeting. The members decided at once unanimously to accept the invitation and a team will be entered for the honors of the contest that is to be held in Augusta among the companies that meet with the Hussars on the field.

This is one of the coming military events

MEETING OF THE MEDICAL BOARD. It Will Convene at the State Capitol

This Morning at 9 O'clock. meeting of the board of medical aminers will be held at the state capitol this morning at 9 o'clock. They will pass upon the claims of all candidates for admission into the medical

Dyspepsia seldom causes death, but permits its victims to live on in misery. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures dyspepsia and all stomach troubles.

"Throw physic to the dogs" and use Angostura Bitters, for good digestion, and a healthy appetite. Sole manufacturers, Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. Ask your

THE MORNING TRAIN GOES ON.

The Southern Railway Will Run Their Southbound Morning Train Through to Brunswick, Beginning Next Sun-day, and Make Close' Connections for Jesup at Waycross.

The Southern railway (Western system), will run their morning train through to Brunswick, beginning next Sunday, and make close connection at Jesup for Way-

make close connection at Jesup for Waycross.

All intending visitors and delegates to
the state Baptist convention will be glad to
know that it has been officially announced
by the Southern Railway Company that on
and after Sunday, April 7, 1895, train No.
35 of the western system, which now leaves
Atlanta at 7:45 a. m., will be changed to
leave Atlanta at 7 a. m., and will run
through solid to Brunswick as a day train,
arriving Brunswick 5:45 p. m., and will arrive at Waycross via Jesup at 5:05 p. m.
This will be the popular train to use to
the Georgia Baptist convention, as by this
quick schedule the delegates will be placed
in Waycross at 5:05 o'clock the same afternoon.

District Passenger Agent.

A, A. VERNOY, Passenger Agent.
Corner Kimball House.

Governor R. B. Hubbard
Fourteen Years Ago.
Austin, Tex., March 3, 1881.—Mr. A. K.
Hawkes. Dear Sir: I am much pleased
with the pantiscopic glasses you so perfectly adapted to my eyes; with them I am
enabled to read as in my youth the finest
print with the greatest ease. I cheerfully
recommend them to the public. Respectfully,
Ex-Governor of Texas, Minister to Japan,
Temporary Chairman National Demo-Temporary Chairman National Demo-oratic Convention of 1884.

Galilee."

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This certifies that the holder of this is a reader of The Constitution, and as such is entitled to participate in the distribution of the new religo-educational fine art series, "Earthly Footsteps of the Man of Galillee," upon the mominal terms specially arranged for our readers and subscribers as follows:

Bring or send this certificate with 10 cents to cover cost of postage, wrapping, handling, mailing, etc., to The Constitution and any part issued will be delivered or mailed.

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mailed.
Unless a "Reader's Certificate" is brought or mailed, the price of these portfolios is 25 cents per copy.

doc 27-30w thur sun tue

The Florida limited by Central railroad and Plant system, leaving Atlanta at 6:55 o'clock p. m. is the only train connecting with Plant steamships for Havana. Ship trains for Port Tampa leave Tampa May hotel 5:30 o'clock p. m. —ar5-im

GASPING FOR BREATH

A CATARRH SUFFERER'S STORY OF HIS TORMENTS.

The Wonderful Cure Made by Mun-

Mr. John B. Albert, of 106 Colgate street, Cleveland, Ohio, says: "For the past six years I have suffered terribly from catarrh in its most disagreeable forms. I had all the disgusting sypmtoms of that loathsome disease. There was a continual dropping of mucus into my throat, a buzzing and roaring in my ears and violent pains above the eyes and nostrils. My breathing was labored and heavy, and, at times, I would be literally gasping for breath. My system was nearly broken down from the disease when I began to use Munyon's Catarrh Remedies. I had not much faith in them, but in a very short time a big improvement was noticeable. Now I am thoroughly cured and enjoying better health than I have for over six years."

Have you catarrh? Are you willing to investigate a treatment that cures catarrh by removing the cause? If so ask your druggist for a 25 cent bottle of Munyon's Catarrh Cure and a 25 cent bottle of Catarrh Tablets. The Catarrh Cure will eradicate the disease from the system, and the tablets will cleanse and heal the afflicted parts and restore them to a natural and healthful condition.

Munyon's Homoeopathie Home Remedy Company, of Philadelphia, put up specifics for nearly every disease, which are sold by all druggists, mostly for 25 cents a bottle. Those who are in doubt as to the nature of their disease should address Professor Munyon, 1506 Arch street, Philadelphia, giving full symptoms of their disease. Professor Munyon will carefully diagnose the case and give you the benefit of his advice absolutely free of all charge. The remedies will be sent to any address on receipt of retail price.

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Every Man Who Would Know the Grand Truth; the Plain Facts; the New Discoveries of Medical Science as Applied to Married Life, Who Would Atone for Past Errors and Avoid Future Pitfalls, Should Se-cure the Wonderful Little Book Called "Complete Manhood, and How to Attain It."

to Attain It.'

"Here at last is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with this generation of men."
The book fully describes a method by which to attain full vigor and mainly nower. A method by which to end all unnatural drains on the system.

To cure nervousness, lack of self-control despondency, etc.

To exchange a jaded and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power. To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork work work etc. work, worry, etc.

To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the Age no barrier. Failure impossible. 2,000 Age no barrier. Failure impossible. 2,000 references.

The book is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to use the constant of the constant of

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Grand aggregation in hard woods at all prices and newest styles. We have the largest stock and guarantee the goods to be correct; besides our prices are lower than you will find on same quality. See our \$15.00 and \$20.00 suits for bedroom, and silk brocatelle over-stuffed Parlor Suit for \$62.50. Best made for price. Style the latest Chamberlin, Johnson &



KELLAM & MOORE, SCIENTIFIC The oldest lens-grinders in the state. Retail salesroom, 40 Marietta street.

See our new line Roll Top Office Desks at \$20, \$25 and up. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

A New Suit This Spring? Merchant Tallor, 11 E. Habama Street Come. Test.

Ready for Trade

We don't claim to know everything. For instance, we couldn't



run an electric plant; we wouldn't undertake to manage a steamboat factory; we'd feel some tepidation in assuming the conduct of a great newspaper. But one thing we know from A to Z-there's one branch of business that we have thoroughly and completely mastered. Our leadership in it is pronounced and unquestioned. Others may dispute the statement, but daily events . prove that we are far and away

ahead of the procession when it comes to the Clothing business. See the great varieties for Spring on display here.



Work of every description, Tin Valleys, Gutters, etc., Hot Air Furnaces. If you are building, or going to build, don't fail to get our prices. Esti-

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Although one of our factories has burned down, yet we are still able to supply builders, and the public generally, with everything in the Sash. Door, Blind and Lumber line Our southsidefactory will run on double time. Our stock is still the largest in the south THE OLD AND RELIABLE and the trade may send in orders with theassurance that they will be promptly filled. TRAYNAHM & RAY,

oo Decatur Street.

YOU CAN'T RESIST THE TEMPTATION.

OUR SPRING SUIT OFFERING.

We have made big preparations to catch your trade. There's a combination of style, newness, wearing qualities and unusual variety which argue strongly for you to make us your Clothing headquarters. Anything, from the wants of the little fellows to the demands of men of largest proportions. A Clothing stock, complete in every detail.

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L. LIEBERMAN,
92 and 94 Whitehall Street, Branch No. 2 Whitehall, Cor. Railroad.

STATE OF GEORGIA, Executive Department, Atlanta, March 13, 1895.—By virtue of the authority given in the tenth section Atlens, Ga., to Clayton, Ga., via Clarksville, in Habersham county, or some other point on the Blue Ridge railroad, near Clayton, by the most practicable route," approved October 27, 1876, and in accordance with an order this day issued by me as governor of Georgia providing for the sale hereinafter mentioned, will be sold at public outcry to the highest and best bidder at the depot of the Northeastern Railroad Company, in the city of Athens, Ga., between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and April. 1895, all of the property of the state, under and by virtue of a proclamation issued on the 18th day of November, 1893, by his excellency William J. Northen, then governor of Georgia, selzing and takeing possession of the property of the said Northeastern Railroad Company, as follows: The line of railroad, known as the Northeastern railroad, extending from Athens, Clarke county, Georgia, to Luia, Hall county, Georgia, a distance of thirty-nine and four-tenths miles, and about two miles of sald track on the main road, segeth with the franchise, equipmenceted with said void consist, and about two miles of sald track on the main road, segeth and company at Athens, or a subject of the road of the first of the road by the said track on the main road, segeth and company at Athens, or a subject of the said track on the main road, segeth and company at Athens, and section houses, shops, town and city lots, grounds, furniture, machinery, tools, etc. A full and complete inventory of same being on file, both in this office and in the office of said company at Athens, and may be inspected upon request.

Terms cash or, of purchaser prefers, fifty thousand dollars cash, fifty thousand dollars and valid bonds of the state issued under the and valid bonds of the state issued under the prop Sale of Northeastern Railroad.

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